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WASHINGTON.

CONGRESS AND THE CURRENCY.

RELATIVE STRENGTH OF THE SENATE AND HOUSE CURRENCY BILLS—CANVASS OF THE SUPPORTERS AND OPPONENTS OF INFLATION—THE SANBORN INVESTIGATION.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—Till the financial legislation is settled by Congress there will be very little else in public affairs in Washington to attract interest. The excitement on that subject, while not so great apparently as it is reported to be in New-York and other commercial cities, is very intense, and the prospective action of Congress absorbs all the attention that is given to public or political affairs. Even the Sanborn contracts are almost forgotten. The struggle between the inflationists and their opponents will be renewed at the earliest opportunity to-morrow or next day, and so far as the House is concerned, there will be no cessation of the strife till some definite action has been taken. It is far less important what the action on the pending bill may be than seems to be generally supposed, and for this reason, whatever the House may now pass will go to the Senate as an original House bill, and cannot become a law till it has been debated and voted upon in that body. There is scarcely any probability that a measure like the one pending in the House can pass the Senate without some amendment, especially as several of its provisions have been already rejected by the Senate. If amended it must go back to the House again, and be finally referred to a Conference Committee, and again be reviewed in both Houses. The passage of the bill just as the committee reported it by the House would therefore be but a short step in the direction of its final enactment into a law. The House may substitute the exact language of the bill passed by the Senate for that now pending, and that attempt will be repeated, and, according to the judgment of many, with prospects of success; but it is generally believed that two or three Senators who voted for the bill when it passed, have reconsidered their views and would not vote for it again. As the inflationists put it, these Senators have "weakened." The shortest way of securing the passage of a bill is for the House to take the Senate bill from the Speaker's table and concur in its passage without amendment. On the proposition to do this the real vital and decisive struggle will begin. The concurrence by the House in the Senate bill without amendment would send it immediately to the President for his approval or veto, and if that bill is not sent to the President, it is very doubtful if any bill on this subject will reach him for a month to come. Both the inflationists and anti-inflationists have carefully canvassed the comparative effect of the Senate and House bills upon inflation. Various persons have sought the President's views with regard to the two bills, and the Controller of the Currency has been appealed to by many members to give his opinion of them. It is agreed on all sides—though, of course, there are some individual exceptions—that the House bill would probably produce a greater increase in the currency than the Senate bill, and between the two the opponents of inflation would prefer the passage of the Senate bill; but their fight is against both. The only restrictive provision in the House bill is the redemption scheme, of which Mr. Merriam is the author. The excellence of this feature is recognized by the anti-inflationists, who are perfectly willing to accept the bill with this scheme in it, provided some other provision, looking toward redemption of specie payments in future, like the reserve coin interest, or the Hoar or Farwell amendments are added. The issue of National Bank notes which the Senate bill authorizes cannot be made in the first instance except to those States which now have a less proportion of notes than they are entitled to by law. This would practically, it is urged, cut off the issue of a dollar to the Eastern States for years to come. Besides, there is a provision requiring the retention of one-quarter of coin interest, which would reduce the profits of banking, and act in that way as a restriction upon the organization of new banks. Moreover, the bill is not held to be mandatory upon the Treasury Department to place in circulation the whole amount of the $400,000,000 of greenbacks. It is the opinion of all who have carefully examined this bill that the amount of currency would not be much increased if it should become a law. Some of the anti-inflationists have expressed an intention of voting to substitute the Senate for the House bill, but will, on the question of its final passage, vote against it. It will be seen that the situation is very much involved, and that, by want of agreement on either side, the final issue has not yet been fully defined and presented. The vote on the pending bill can hardly be taken before Tuesday night at the very earliest. As soon as it is out of the way the motion to go to the Speaker's table to take up and concur in the Senate bill will be made, and it will be resisted by every parliamentary obstruction that can be devised, as it is certain that if once reached it will be concurred in. The distribution of votes for inflation and anti-inflation on several of the questions approaching most nearly to a test of the relative strength of the parties is substantially the same. There have been three or four votes at least which gave a nearly fair test of the votes on either side. Perhaps the vote which has most nearly tested the strength of inflation, was upon the motion of Mr. Kellogg, after the eighth, or specie payments section had been stricken out, and the Farwell amendment had been rejected, to lay the bill on the table. The anti-inflationists had lost all hope of getting any restrictions into the bill, and they voted almost solidly for the motion. Two or three voted on the same side for the purpose of getting the bill out of the way that they might have a chance to go to the Speaker's table for the Senate bill; but their votes were offset on the other side by two or three anti-inflationists, who voted against laying the bill on the table, preferring to continue a direct fight.

The vote on this motion was 82 to 165. Those who voted to lay the bill on the table are distributed among the States as follows: Maryland, 5; Kentucky, 3; New-York, 23; Ohio, 4; Alabama, 1; the New-England States, 23; the Pacific Coast, 5; Pennsylvania, 4; New-Jersey, 4; Texas, 4; Wisconsin, 1; Mississippi, 1; Illinois, 1; Virginia, 11; and Michigan, 2. The 165 voting in the negative are distributed as follows: Kentucky, 6; North Carolina, 4; Tennessee, 9; Minnesota, 2; Ohio, 14; Wisconsin, 7; Illinois, 16; Michigan, 7; Georgia, 7; Pennsylvania, 17; Missouri, 12; Virginia, 7; South Carolina, 4; Alabama, 6; Indiana, 11; New-Jersey, 4; Kansas, 3; Iowa, 9; Nebraska, 1; Louisiana, 2; Delaware, 1; New-York, 5, and Florida, 2. The number of Democrats voting to lay the bill on the table were thirty, and the number of Republicans on the same side were fifty-two. The number of Democrats voting against laying the bill on the table were forty-two, and the Republicans 123.

There will be an attempt to suspend the rules in the House to-morrow and take the Senate bill from the Speaker's table and pass it. The votes on the motions to go to the Speaker's table on Saturday do not indicate a strength sufficient to insure the success of any motion to pass the Senate bill under a suspension of the rules. There is not a two-thirds majority in favor of the Senate bill. Should this motion fail, an attempt will also be made to suspend the rules and proceed to a general consideration of the Maynard bill with its pending amendments. As there is no special order pending for to-morrow this latter motion is not unlikely to succeed.

SANBORN.

The Committee on Ways and Means have concluded to examine two or three witnesses in the Sanborn matter. They have summoned Supervisor Hawley and Odell, the book-keeper of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad, and a subordinate of Hawley's, who was actively engaged in these cases. Hawley will testify to-morrow.

The House Committee on Post Offices will to-morrow hear the testimony of John Roach, the builder of the iron steam-ships for the Pacific Mail Steam-ship Company. After his testimony is heard the committee expect to make a speedy report.

THE MASSACHUSETTS SENATORIAL CONTEST.

Gardner S. Hubbard and other noted Parliamentary agents left here to-night for Boston, to take part in the Senatorial contest. They represent that they have authority to negotiate a compromise between the Dawes and Hoar factions. The friends of both these gentlemen very positively state, however, that no authority has been given for a compromise, and that there are no indications that either party desires to retire from the field.

PRINTING THE CURRENCY.

The Committee on Banking and Currency, which has been examining the subject of the transfer of the work of printing the United States currency from New-York and Philadelphia to Washington, have decided to open the investigation to the public, and, accordingly, at the next meeting of the committee correspondents of the press will be admitted.

THE MISSISSIPPI LEVEES.

The House Committee on Levees of the Mississippi have unanimously adopted a resolution, setting forth the facts regarding the inundations of Mississippi basin, and providing for the appointment by the President of a commission of five persons, three to be civil engineers, and two officers of the United States Engineer Corps, who shall report a proper plan for the reclamation of the alluvial basin of the river.

Dispatch to the Associated Press.

REPORT OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL SERVICE OFFICER.

The annual report of the Chief Signal Officer has just been issued from the Government Printing Offices. It makes a volume of 1,009 printed octavo pages. The correspondence of the office in its several divisions is extensive, 46,432 letters having been sent, and 217,575 received during the last year. The aggregate of the correspondence is 264,007 letters and documents sent and received, exclusive of publications and telegrams. The office is in communication with many foreign correspondents, and last January the exchange of simultaneous reports between Turkey and the United States commenced. The reports are, as nearly as possible, uniform in character, and exhibit pressure, temperature, wind, rain, relative humidity, and clouds. The volume contains much valuable scientific information, accompanied by diagrams and maps, indicating the course of tornados, storms, and cyclones; also a chronological list of auroras observed at the respective signal service stations from Nov. 11, 1870, to July 31, 1873, inclusive. A list of disasters to shipping upon the great American lakes during the year 1873 is given, from which it appears that the number of vessels sunk is 41; destroyed by fire, 5; damaged by fire, 8; dismasted, 7; disabled, damaged, &c., 166; damaged by collision, 128; struck by lightning, 7; waterlogged, 15; sprung leaks, 30; ashore and aground, 143; total, 556. Sailors drowned, 40; killed by fall, &c., 10; seriously injured, 14; total, 64. The meteorological record is very elaborate. The volume contains the report of F. Meyer, observer in the signal service, who gives a general description of the voyage of the steamer Polaris from New-York to Godhaven, Disco.

LIGHTS AND LIGHT-HOUSES.

The Light-house Board gives notice that on and after the opening of navigation in the Spring of 1874 a light will be exhibited from the tower recently erected on Petite Pointe au Sable, thirty miles south of Grande Pointe au Sable Light-house, on the eastern shore of Lake Michigan. The apparatus, which will illuminate 288° of the horizon, is of the third order of the system of Fresnel, and will show a fixed white light, varied by white flashes at intervals of thirty seconds. Notice is also given that a fog-bell has been established at Stingray Point Light Station, Virginia, and will be struck by machinery during thick and foggy weather, at alternate intervals of thirty-five seconds. Also, that on and after the 1st day of June next the range lights on North Point (entrance to Baltimore harbor) will be discontinued. The towers will remain as at present, and serve as day beacons to lead up the old main ship channel.

CHIEF CLERK TO THE NAVY DEPARTMENT.

John W. Hogg, who has been employed in the Navy Department for many years, succeeds Mr. Holmes E. Offley as Chief Clerk of the department. He has often temporarily acted in that capacity and in others of equal responsibility. The appointment is satisfactory to everybody, not only because of Mr. Hogg's peculiar executive ability, but of the combination with it of agreeable and pleasant manners toward all who have business with the department. Mr. Offley, the retiring Chief Clerk, has received from Secretary Robeson a deservedly complimentary letter.

ST. LOUIS AND ILLINOIS BRIDGE.

In October last Gen. Humphreys submitted to the Secretary of War the report of a Board of Engineers convened at St. Louis, Mo., to examine the construction of the St. Louis and Illinois Bridge across the Mississippi River at St. Louis and report whether the bridge will prove a serious obstruction to the navigation of said river, and if so, in what manner its construction can be modified. A copy of the report was furnished to the Bridge Company. The board was reconvened on Jan. 14, and on Jan. 31 a supplementary report was submitted on it; Gen. Humphreys concurs in the views respecting the obstruction to navigation which the peculiar construction of the bridge forms. In accordance with his recommendation, the Secretary of War submits the question to Congress.

POSTAL TREATY WITH FRANCE.

The new French Minister has had an interview with Mr. Blackfan, Superintendent of Foreign Mails, Post Office Department, in relation to a postal treaty with France. The indications are that a satisfactory arrangement will be made between the two countries, although the general features are not yet agreed upon.

THE CREVASSES NEAR NEW-ORLEANS.

NEW-ORLEANS, April 12.—The river remains stationary one inch above the high-water mark of 1871. The Bonnet Carre crevasse is reported to be 125 feet wide and 15 feet deep. The water is pouring through, and can be heard for miles.

THE EULING CONSPIRACY.

CAPTURE OF THE PRETENDED DOCTOR AND HIS WIFE.

The mystery surrounding the supposed death of the German woman Louisa Germs, by which a man known as Dr. Ernest Euling endeavored to cheat the Merchants' Life Insurance Company out of $10,000, seems to be in a fair way of removal. It will be remembered that Euling and the woman Germs, in June, 1873, procured from the company a joint insurance policy for $10,000, Euling stating at the time that he was to be married to the girl in a few months. About a week ago Euling notified Mr. Bollett, the insurance agent through whom he had procured the policy, that the woman was dead and he wished the proofs of death made up so that he could receive the amount of the policy. These were prepared, and Dr. Euling made an affidavit, in which he stated that he was the attending physician himself, and had taken Louise to his house when she became ill, although they had not yet been married. She was sick from Dec. 13 until March 29, when she died from apoplexy. He made two affidavits, the first of which he did not expect the company would have got hold of, and it contained his assertion that he had called in Drs. Krutz, Wiegand, and Kranovitch as consulting physicians. Learning from Mr. Bollett, however, that the two last-named gentlemen did not support this statement, he made another affidavit, in which he named Dr. Kurtz as attending physician. Dr. Kurtz made an affidavit saying that he had been called in two days before the girl died, but he did not examine her, and gave her no medicine; he thought she was speechless and in convulsions; the only female attendant on the sick girl was an old woman—"Marie Erben"—who swore in her affidavit that she was Dr. Euling's sister, while Euling, in his affidavit, stated that she was only a distant relative. Charles Finck, undertaker, of No. 59 First avenue, swore that he and Dr. Euling laid out and prepared deceased for burial after her death; no woman was present, and they buried the body on the 31st of March in Union Cemetery, without the presence of any third party. The cemetery people, however, said that there was a young lady in black whose description answered to that of Louise Germs. These contradictory statements set the officers of the company to thinking, and they began to suspect something wrong. Therefore they applied to Coroner Kessler for permission to have the body exhumed. Permission was granted, and Mr. William F. Taber, the Secretary of the company, who had been working up the case, called on Finck, the undertaker, on Friday evening in order to have the latter exhume the body from its place of interment in Union Cemetery. Finck agreed to go with Mr. Taber on Saturday morning and exhume the body. On Saturday morning he refused to do so, saying he would not go at any price. Mr. Taber proceeded to Union Cemetery, and with the assistance of some laborers, the grave designated in the burial permit was opened, and the coffin, a heavy one, was removed. It was placed in a wagon and driven to the Morgue, where Deputy Coroner Leo was in attendance ready to make a post-mortem examination of the remains. The keeper of the Morgue, Mr. Patrick Nolan, from curiosity raised the lid of the coffin, and on looking in, started back with a cry of surprise. The coffin contained nothing but nineteen bricks, each carefully wrapped up in a German newspaper, and kept in their place by two pieces of board running lengthwise along the coffin and fastened with screws at either end. This was sufficient to warrant the immediate arrest of the parties, Euling and the undertaker. A carriage was at once procured, and the insurance officers drove to the Central Police Office, where they had a consultation with Capt. Irving. The Captain at once detailed Detectives Tilley and Heidelberg to arrest Dr. Euling, the woman Germs, and the undertaker. They soon found that Euling had fled and was not to be found at his basement office, No. 160 Eldridge street, where the woman Germs was supposed to have died, or at No. 95 Second avenue, where he conducted a school of midwifery, styling himself "Professor of Obstetrics." They found Finck at his undertaker's store, No. 59 First avenue, and locked him up at Police Head-quarters. Finck, who has only been in the undertaking business about seven months, formerly kept a grocery store in Fifty-fourth street, and has some respectable relatives. He stoutly asserted that his sworn statement was true, and that he had put a dead woman in the coffin. He said that he was called by Dr. Euling, and put the body into a coffin. The doctor said that the girl was poor, and that he should make his charges reasonable. He said $50, and on his screwing the lid of the coffin down the doctor gave him $40, and he at once went away. He went to an engraver's shop in Sixth street and had the coffin-plate engraved. He did not put this plate on the coffin until the morning of the funeral, just before putting the coffin into the hearse. There was but one coach, which was occupied by Dr. Euling, himself, and a woman whose name he did not know. The extremely imperfect description he gave of this woman corresponded, as far as it went, with that of the woman Germs. The detectives then began searching for Euling. They were convinced that he had not left the City, as they had received information that he was possessed of very little money and had no friends very likely to give him the means necessary to effect his escape. Yesterday morning the two detectives, accompanied by Messrs. Taber and Bollett, of the insurance company, proceeded to No. 160 Eldridge street, for the purpose of searching the basement in which the woman was supposed to have died, and which was used by Euling as an office. As they entered it by one door they saw an old woman and a young man leaving by the rear door, carrying between them a large valise. The old woman was recognized by Mr. Bollett as the woman who, under the name of "Marie Erben," swore that she was Euling's sister, and that she had attended the woman Germs until her death and saw her die. The young man was not known at the time. Both were arrested and taken to Central Office. When asked her name at Central Office the old woman said her name was Marie Euling, born in Hungary, and the young man gave his name as Aurel De Ivanyi, also a Hungarian by birth, and said that the woman was his aunt. On being questioned by Detective Heidelberg he said that his aunt was Dr. Euling's wife, and that they had been married in Hungary. In a small pocket-book in the valise were found two cards, which read "Dr. Ernest Bagnicki" and "Mme. Marie Bagnicki, *née* Marie Stretz De Avanyi." The nephew then said that Euling's real name was Bagnicki; that he was not a doctor, but was a wealthy Hungarian, who, on marrying his aunt in Hungary, squandered away both his money and hers, and came to this country about twenty years ago.

Further search revealed a vast quantity of papers and documents in French and German, showing that Bagnicki, alias Euling, if not a doctor, is at least a clever man, possessed of a very fine education. There were letters from MM. Charriere and Paturel, medical scientists in Paris, and from a number of Professors of Medicine and Surgery in London, England, regarding medical inventions which Bagnicki had patented, and inclosing drafts on New-York bankers for royalty rights. There were also letters patent granted to Bagnicki in France, Germany, and England for a medical chair, and injection machine. There were also records of two criminal proceedings had in this City against Bagnicki, one in May, 1861, at the instance of Mrs. Elizabeth Altenheim, on a charge of obtaining money by false pretences. On this charge Bagnicki, who then lived in Broome street, was arraigned at Jefferson Market, before the Police Justice then sitting, and was held for trial. He obtained $417 from Mrs. Altenheim on the pretense that he would lose an invention which he had partially patented if he did not succeed in obtaining the money. He was tried in the Court of General Sessions and acquitted. The other case was one of forgery, preferred against him by M. Guillet, a partner of M. Paturel, of Paris. In this case a *nolle prosequi* was entered by the District Attorney.

Detective Heidelberg saw that the nephew of Bagnicki was very much agitated and seemingly afraid. With Detective Tilley he brought him into a private room, and, by judiciously playing on his fears, induced him to reveal where Bagnicki was. The nephew said that Bagnicki was waiting to receive the valise in the back room on the second floor of the house No. 229 East Twenty-fifth street. Detective Heidelberg procured a carriage and drove to the place.

The room is occupied by a woman named Yenitsky and her daughter. On entering the room the detective saw no one there but the two women. He said, "Did a man come in here just now?" and Mme. Yenitsky said, "There is no man here." The detective thought otherwise, and, seeing a man's hat on the bed, began to search the room. On pulling down a large pile of clothes in a corner, he found Bagnicki hidden there, and at once arrested him. The detective said, "You are Dr. Euling," and Bagnicki said, "Yes; What is the matter?"

He was at once taken to the Central Office and searched. In his pocket-book was found a photograph of the woman Louisa Germs, taken by Jaenucke, and $50. Bagnicki gave his name as Ernest Euling, aged thirty-six, born in Hungary, and a doctor by profession. He was identified by the undertaker, Finck, and admitted that he had paid Finck the $40 spoken of by the latter. To-day the detectives will have copies made of the photograph of the woman Germs, for distribution among the police. They express every hope of capturing her.

MASSACHUSETTS.

NO IMMEDIATE PROSPECT OF A DISSOLUTION OF THE TRIANGULAR DEAD-LOCK IN THE LEGISLATURE.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

BOSTON, April 12.—The prospect now seems to be that the dead-lock in the Legislature on the Senatorial question is to be a permanent institution. There are about seventy or seventy-one men positively pledged to stick to Dawes till the last gun is fired. The Democrats, numbering about the same, will hold their lofty ground and their lofty candidate until there is something to be gained by abandoning them. These two sections include more than a majority of the Legislature. If all the rest were to unite they would have to buy half a dozen Democrats to carry the election. But this may be easy if the price offered is high enough. There is, nevertheless, some talk of an attempt to unite the Hoar men and the scattering forces on Judge Russell, hoping for a small defection from the Democratic ranks, or the absence of enough of the "Invincibles" to make an election possible. There is little chance of success for this plan, and altogether the prospect for Massachusetts being fully represented in the Senate Chamber this session is decidedly gloomy.

THE INDIANS.

THE SITUATION AT RED CLOUD AND SPOTTED TAIL AGENCIES—INSOLENCE OF THE SAVAGES.

CHEYENNE, Wyoming Territory, April 12.—The Cheyenne *Leader* has the following from its correspondent at Red Cloud Agency, dated April 7: "The United States Commissioners returned from Spotted Tail Agency to-day, having accomplished absolutely nothing. Their pow-wowing at the Agencies has rather complicated matters between the Indians and the Government. The Indians at Spotted Tail Agency refuse absolutely to have their Agency removed, and say they are tired of seeing Commissioners, and invited the President of the delegation to leave in language more forcible than polite. It is understood that the Commissioners will proceed East at once, and ask for a strong military escort, and return within a month and move the Agency. The visit of the Commissioners has only served to destroy the moral effect produced by the troops. The Indians, who are keen observers, have noticed that there is a hitch somewhere in the working of things relating to them. They expect one thing from the military and are led to believe something else from the Peace Commissioners. Spotted Tail accused the Commissioners in council of seeking to stir up trouble between his people and the Northern Indians, and in the language of the interpreter, said he wanted them to dry up. He says he has been moved around and pestered so much by these flies from the Great Father that he wants his words written down this time to show to all of them who come begging around hereafter that he won't talk to them any more. No doubt Spotted Tail and Red Cloud are acting in accord. The former, at the largest council, after a few words spoken in an excited manner, waved his hand to his people, and they all left.

The same scene occurred at Red Cloud's Agency. A show of counting the Indians has been made here—that is, the agent called in the head-men and took their word for the number they had. So far 6,000 have been registered. There are probably 4,000 or less. Several bands have refused either to be counted or to change the number for which they have heretofore drawn rations. Some of them, after they had handed in their numbers, came the next day and claimed that they had forgotten their women and children and wanted to register them. The Peace Commissioners arrived at Cheyenne yesterday.

BANKS OF THE STATE OF NEW-YORK.

CONDITION AS REPORTED TO THE CONTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY FEB. 27, 1874.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—The following is an abstract of reports made to the Controller of the Currency, showing the condition of the national banks in the State of New-York at the close of business on Friday, the 27th day of February, 1874:

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts	$64,360,201 71
Overdrafts	417,151 94
United States Bonds to secure circulation	31,998,250 00
United States Bonds to secure deposits	1,145,500 00
United States Bonds on hand	853,550 00
Other stocks, bonds, and mortgages	3,240,111 33
Due from redeeming and reserve agents	12,988,189 16
Due from other national banks	2,074,031 50
Due from State banks and bankers	662,253 25
Real estate, furniture and fixtures	2,133,068 73
Current expenses	505,544 41
Premiums paid	258,319 25
Checks and other cash items	1,330,031 26
Bills of other national banks	977,515 00
Bills of State banks	776 00
Fractional currency	202,016 22
Specie	223,012 47
Legal-tender notes	4,967,528 00
United States certificates of deposits for legal-tender notes	772,000 00
Total	$129,609,050 23
LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	$35,524,619 00
Surplus fund	8,101,010 62
Undivided profits	4,573,840 05
National bank notes outstanding	28,089,988 00
State bank notes outstanding	228,742 00
Dividends unpaid	101,508 05
Individual deposits	47,403,428 69
United States deposits	540,385 10
Deposits of United States disbursing officers	274,146 36
Due to national banks	2,750,752 62
Due to State banks and bankers	1,089,908 51
Notes and bills rediscounted	332,162 92
Bills payable	598,486 31
Total	$129,609,050 23

Number of banks—220, exclusive of the Cities of New-York and Albany.

BY MAIL AND TELEGRAPH.

The schooner Hannah E. Chase in approaching Saybrook Bar, Conn., Saturday afternoon, was struck by a squall and sunk.

The sloop Agent, from New-York, for Providence, was towed into Newport yesterday, leaking and with loss of mainsail and jib.

Yesterday morning the body of John Adams was found in the harbor at Newport, R. I. He had been missing five days. A verdict of accidental drowning was rendered by a Coroner's jury.

Pilot Whittelsey, in bringing the schooner Charles Hawley into Saybrook, Conn., on Saturday, lost his boat, and his mate, George Daniels, was drowned. The Hawley was run ashore, to keep her from sinking.

CHANGEFUL WEATHER.

A WINTRY DAY IN APRIL.

A VISIT TO THE CENTRAL PARK—FROST ON THE FOUNTAINS.

Did any one suppose that after a pleasant, breezy space of Springtime, we were about to glide imperceptibly into the fervent Summertide, with its swooning airs and its sea-side suggestions and its intermittent languors? It didn't seem in the least improbable, and people were doubtless thinking seriously of making ready for the delicious breezes of the early Summer, laden with the warm South, and for blossoming trees and green fields, and those hundred pleasant things that precede its fierce tropical maturity. And wherefore should they not? We had got almost to that agreeable season "when April melts in Maytime," to use the Swinburnian diction, which very well expresses those languid lapses of the seasons which may be all well in more favored climes, but which are not always in accord with our experiences. We had got nearly to the middle of April, at all events, and the air was balmy, and the sky was cerulean, and there was sunshine everywhere, and the parks were beginning to look trim and pleasant, and the fountains were working away with great vigor. It was the first breath of Summer—at least everybody said so, and everybody being of the one opinion, there were, of course, no doubters. But we have an eccentric thermometer here, and with a strong resemblance to the vicissitudes of fortune, it is very often up and very often down. But during the day on Saturday it had been behaving with great steadiness and consistency, and fairly indicated such pleasant results as everybody had been expecting and desiring. The rain-storm of Thursday had prepared people for genial weather, and as the thermometer rose steadily on Saturday up to 3:30 P. M., it seemed as if the general anticipations were about to be realized. At that hour the thermometer stood at 56°. But the mutations of the weather are unaccountable in this climate, and at 6 P. M. the mecury had fallen to 43°; at 9 P. M. it stood at 31°, and at midnight it had fallen as low as 29°—one of the most remarkable changes of temperature on record at this season of the year. With the fall of the mercury, a gale sprang up out of the west, and as the evening wore on it veered round some points toward the north, until it had caught all the disagreeable flavor of that inclement region. The gale was laden, too, with a biting frost, totally at variance with April mildness or with promise of Maytime, and coming up to midnight it was sweeping through the almost deserted streets, and searching every nook with the keenness and vehemence of any Winter storm. When people went abroad, yesterday morning, the sun was shining brightly, but the sharp, biting breeze mocked the sunshine, and made wayfarers button their overcoats closely around them. It had still all the taint of the frost, the severity of which was first noticeable in the fact that all the fountains in the City had been either partially or entirely frozen up. The effects produced in this way were peculiarly beautiful, and were of almost multitudinous variety. The quaintest fantasies and what might be called designs (if they were regarded from an art point of view) of the most subtle tracery were worked out by a combination of accidental circumstances. The suddenly-arrested waters were congealed into every imaginable shape—variously-massed pinnacles, curiously-intertwined festoons of ice, sparkling garlands, interlaced and interwoven in every degree of intricacy; crystalline flowers, begemmed and frosted; and through all these varieties the brilliant sunlight glistened as through masses of precious stones. These beautiful effects were doubtless produced by a variety of circumstances. The structure of the fountains had a good deal to do with giving them shape, and the way in which the sporting water was caught and blown by the gale before freezing gave them an irregularity of the most charming kind. In many cases the water was only partially frozen, and from some of the orifices of the fountains it danced and sparkled through the suddenly formed rocks and crannies with dazzling effect. The appearance of the fountains in the City was doubtless the occasion of sending many persons to Central Park to see how Miss Stebbins' angel and the pool of Bethesda might look under the altered condition of things. For the angel, she was seemingly as frisky as ever. A large block of ice had formed at her feet, but as the water of the fountain only begins to flow at that point, she had not put on an icy mantle. Not so, however, with the other figures, and portions of the fountain over which the water flowed. That pretty piece of statuary representing a veiled figure, in which the veil is made to appear so transparent that the features may be distinctly recognized behind it, falls far short of the piece of random art which was worked at the pool of Bethesda by a single night's keen frost, accompanied by a strong north-westerly gale. Some of the little cupids were draped by an ice-mantle in the most curious way. They were concealed by a covering which hung loosely over them, and through which glimpses indicating their shapes could be distinctly obtained, while others again had their little chubby limbs as tightly encased as a knight in armor. Then the designs on the fountain were encrusted in every way, and the sparkling waters and the glowing sunshine produced on an enhanced scale the same beautiful effects that were noticeable in the case of the fountains through the City. The water in the basin was not frozen, probably owing to the agitation produced by the gale, and perhaps for this reason, also, the water in the lake had not any coating of ice. The boats were all on the lake yesterday in their Summer paint and new flags, but it is needless to say that there was no disposition in favor of boating, so they will remain at their moorings for a more propitious season. Some of the budding trees in Central Park have been injured by this untimely frost, but it appears that the fruit trees, which are a little late this season, will escape any material injury. Up to a late hour last night the cold still continued, but the violence of the wind had considerably abated.

The following record shows the changes in the temperature for the past twenty-four hours in comparison with the corresponding day of last year, as indicated by the thermometer at Hudnut's Pharmacy, No. 218 Bowery:

3 A. M.	42°	27°	3:30 P. M.	39°	40°
6 A. M.	40°	24°	6 P. M.	39°	30°
9 A. M.	35°	29°	9 P. M.	36°	30°
12 M.	35°	33°	12 P. M.	38°	38°

Average temperature yesterday......31⅛°

Average temperature for corresponding date last year......38°

GOVERNMENT WEATHER REPORT.

SYNOPSIS AND PROBABILITIES.

WASHINGTON, April 13—1 A. M.—Clear weather has prevailed over New-England, with fresh to very brisk north and north-west winds over the Middle States, with fresh to very brisk north-west to north-east winds over the Southern States, with light to fresh north-east to south-east winds over the lower lake regions, with winds shifting to east and south; and over the upper lake region, with fresh and brisk winds veering to east and south. The pressure has diminished from the West Gulf northward to the upper lake region, Minnesota, and Dakota, with rising temperature, and increasing south to east winds, the latter having increased to high from Kansas northward over Dakota and Western Minnesota, accompanying a severe storm now advancing eastward toward the upper lake region. The rivers have risen at Cincinnati, Louisville, Evansville, Paducah, Nashville, Cairo, and Freeport, and have fallen at New-Geneva, Brownsville, Pittsburg, Hermann, and St. Paul, but otherwise have varied little.

PROBABILITIES.

For New-England, clear weather will prevail, with rising temperature, and winds shifting southerly and easterly.

For the Middle States and Lower Lake region, increasing east to south winds generally, rising temperature and increasing cloudiness, with possibly light rain over the latter at night.

For the South Atlantic States, north-east to south-east winds, rising temperature, and increasing cloudiness, with probably light rain from the Gulf northward to the lower Ohio Valley; and Missouri, cloudy and rainy weather with increasing south to east winds.

Cautionary signals continue at Duluth, Marquette, Escanaba, Milwaukee, Chicago, Grand Haven, and Alpena, and are ordered for Toledo and Detroit.

THE CROPS.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., April 12.—The *National Crop Reporter*, formerly of Jacksonville, Ill., issued its first number from this city to-day. The following is an abstract of the leading information presented from estimates of correspondents dated March 15: In relation to the comparative number and condition of sheep to be sheared this Spring, and the probable comparative weight of the fleeces; deductions are made as follows: States of Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Ohio, and Wisconsin, the reported number of sheep of all kinds in 1873, was nearly ten millions, sixteen thousand, (10,016,000;) the estimated increase over last year in the number to be sheared, averages for the eight States one and a half per cent. and assuming the rate of increase in the number of all kinds to have been the same the result is an aggregate of a trifle over 1,127,000 sheep. In obtaining the probable yield of wool, the rate of three and one-half pounds per fleece is made a basis, which places the total clip last year in the eight States named at a little more that 36,500,000 pounds. The estimates of crop reporters and correspondents indicate for this year an average falling off in the weight of fleeces of three and two-tenths per cent. Taking the slight gain in numbers, and the loss in weight of fleeces, the result leaves a probable shortage this year, in the States named, amounting to a little over 1,150,000 pounds of wool. The past Winter has been generally very favorable to sheep breeding, and while the average condition on March 15 was over one per cent. better than at the same date last year, the increase of lambs has been considerably greater as compared with the previous Winter.

In most localities the ordinary Spring work on March 25 was quite forward, but subsequent to that date snow and rain storms caused a general cessation of planting and plowing.

THE POST OFFICES.

CHANGES MADE DURING THE PAST WEEK.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—The following postal changes were made during the week ending April 11, 1874:

New-England.—Postmasters appointed—Henry C. Snow, Brewer, Penobscot County, Me.; Abel Proscott, Canaan, Somerset County, Me.; John R. Raine, Brighton, Somerset County, Me.; Henry S. Parsons, Highland, Somerset County, Me.; Andrew Weutworth, North Appleton, Knox County, Me.; Elam S. Hyder, Ellington, Tolland County, Conn.; Edwin T. Harrington, Taftville, New-London County, Conn. Name changed—Alva, Aroostook County, Me., to Blaine.

New-York.—Postmasters appointed—Eugene Wood, Briscoe, Sullivan County; Josiah Hawes, Danby, Tompkins County; William Witte, Holbrooke, Suffolk County; George F. Briggs, Jerome, Westchester County; L. A. Smith, Kennedy, Chautauqua County; George F. Griffin, Leedsville, Dutchess County; John D. Bishop, Hond Ridge, Westchester County; John D. Rogers, Round Lake, Saratoga County; Jurden A. Sickler, West Brookville, Sullivan County.

New-Jersey.—Postmasters Appointed—Thomas V. Cole, Montague, Sussex County; Peter A. Hill, Mount Hope, Morris County; John H. Megill, Seabright, Monmouth County.

Pennsylvania.—Office Established—Powell, Bradford County, Henry S. Hollow, Postmaster. Offices Discontinued—Hellen, Elk County; Mabel, Schuylkill County; White Church, Erie County. Name and Site Changed—Little Toby, Clearfield County, to Brockport, Elk County, and Clark A. Wilcox, Postmaster. Postmasters Appointed—Miss Sadie Bostapt, Alum Rock, Clarion County; Reed Lanberstine, Applebacksville, Bucks County; Amos Wolf, Comly, Montour County; Geo. S. Truman, Colerain, Lancaster County; Joseph T. Richey, Dixmont, Allegheny County; Ephraim Long, Egypt, Lehigh County; Z. Taylor Fowler, Fowlersville, Columbia County; Betsy R. Keeney, Golden Hill, Wyoming County; Chas. L. Hindman, Greece City, Butler County; J. F. H. Long, Hegins, Schuylkill County; William L. Pendleton, Highland Lake, Bradford County; Jason R. Eaby, Lineville Station, Crawford County; John D. Santers, McDonald, Washington County; Millard F. Mecklem, North Sewickley, Beaver County; Reed F. Loux, Ottsville, Bush County; H. R. Frampton, Reidsburg, Clarion County; George Turk, South Creek, Bradford County; S. A. Wilson, Stoneborough, Mercer County; Arthur B. McKean, West Burlington, Bradford County; B. M. Walter, West Franklin, Bradford County. Name Changed—Davidson's Ferry, Fayette County, to East Riverside.

Maryland.—Office Established—Roesville, Queen Anne County, Wm. M. Granberry. Postmasters Appointed—Andrew N. Cramer, Lewistown, Frederick County; George W. Stoner, Stonersville, Carroll County.

LOSSES BY FIRE.

A destructive incendiary fire began at 1 o'clock yesterday morning in the piling yard of Brown, Early & Co.'s saw-mill, Williamsport, Penn. It destroyed all the lumber, amounting to about 20,000,000 of feet, piled on thirty acres of ground, between the above-named yard and White, Lentz & White's saw-mill. In its course it consumed Filbert, Otto & Co.'s saw-mill and C. H. Krouse & Co.'s brick planing-mill, and also fourteen frame dwelling-houses on Filbert street. The fire was got under control at 8 o'clock. The wind blew a gale during the first part of the fire. It is reported that one man was burned to death in the brick planing-mill. Assistance was received promptly from the Lockhaven and Sunbury Fire Departments, to whom the city is under many obligations for their efficient services. The loss is estimated at $500,000; insurance, $150,000. The following are the principal sufferers: Brown, Early & Co., P. Herdic & Co., Filbert, Otto & Co., Filbert, Otto & Miller, C. H. Krouse & Co., S. N. Williams & Co. and R. K. Hawley & Co. The Insurance Agency of H. W. Watson reports the following insurances: Brown, Weed & Co. on lumber, People's Company, of Trenton, $1,000; Fire Association, of Philadelphia, $5,000; Lycoming Fire, of Muncy, $8,000; Westchester, of New-York, $1,000; Narragansett, $1,500; Penn, of Philadelphia, $1,500; Manayunk, $1,500; Hartford, $3,500; total, $23,000. Filbert, Otto & Co.'s saw-mill—Lycoming Fire, $5,000; Westchester, $1,500; Narragansett, $1,000; People's, of Trenton, $1,000; Fire Association, $1,500. Total, $10,000.

JAY GOULD AND AMERICAN CREDIT.

The city article of the London *Times*, issue of March 27, has the following:

"Intense dismay has been caused among the investors in Europe interested in the Union Pacific Railroad of the United States by the announcement that the line has fallen under the control of Mr. Jay Gould. Its first mortgage bonds, of which a large proportion is held on this side, chiefly on the Continent, amount to a sum equal to about four millions sterling, and its second mortgage bonds, of similar amount, are held by the United States Government, who are represented by *ex officio* Directors. The share capital is nominally $100,000,000, of which only about $30,000,000 (or £6,000,000 sterling) has been used. Of this it appears Mr. Jay Gould, owing to its little value in the market, has been able to buy up the principal portion, and thus to elect himself and his nominees to the board. THE NEW-YORK TIMES and other papers speak of the event as a "calamity" which is intensified by the fact that, while there are a large number of the community who look back with admiration upon his career in conjunction with Fisk against the Erie Line, and are ready to act with him on all occasions, the more respectable part seem afraid openly to oppose him. At the same time the various journals assert that he is also at this moment engaged in an immense Erie Speculation, and THE NEW-YORK TIMES states that it has, during the past few days, declined to publish some "wonderful exposures" tendered by his agents with the view of damaging that company. Concurrently with these movements, a person hitherto connected with the Erie as Auditor has suddenly resigned and commenced attacks upon it which the directors declare to be wholly false. The required effect, however, seems to have been produced, and Mr. Jay Gould is likely to have an opportunity of buying back at his own price the quantity of shares he is reported to have sold. For the losers from his operations, either in Union Pacific, Erie, or any other lines, sympathy would be misplaced. Persons who invest in American railroads while such a man has the power that has been displayed during the past five or six years, can hardly complain that they have been taken by surprise, whatever may be the experience they encounter.

LATEST NEWS BY CABLE.

GREAT BRITAIN.

PREPARATIONS FOR DR. LIVINGSTONE'S FUNERAL.

LONDON, April 12.—Officers and members of the Royal Geographical Society and other distinguished persons have gone to Southampton to receive the remains of Dr. Livingstone. The steamer bearing them is expected to arrive at that point early to-morrow morning. Great preparations are making for their reception and for the funeral ceremonies here. It is reported that the body is in a good state of preservation.

COAL MINERS' STRIKE SETTLED—ILLNESS OF MR. BELLOW, THE ELOCUTIONIST

LONDON, April 13, 3:30 A. M.—The strike of the coal miners in Somersetshire, has been settled and the men will go to work to-day.

Mr. Bellew, the elocutionist, who visited the United States last year, is lying dangerously ill at Bath. A slight improvement was reported in his condition yesterday.

SIR BARTLE FRERE AND OTHERS AWAITING THE REMAINS OF DR. LIVINGSTON AT SOUTHAMPTON.

LONDON, April 13—5:30 A. M.—Sir Bartle Frere, Right Hon. Russell Gurney, Messrs. Stanley, Kirk, and Moffat, are at Southampton awaiting the arrival of Dr Livingstone's remains. The funeral procession will pass from the pier to the railway station, a distance of nearly a mile. Bells will toll and minute-guns be fired during its progress.

SPAIN.

PROPOSITION OF SETTLEMENT FROM SERRANO, WHICH THE CARLISTS REJECT.

LONDON, April 12.—Advices from Pedro Abanto, dated April 9, report that Marshal Serrano had made propositions for a settlement through Gen. Elio, which the Carlists have definitively rejected.

AUSTRALIA.

DEPARTURE OF ROCHEFORT FROM AUSTRALIA.

LONDON, April 12.—A dispatch from Melbourne, Australia, reports that Rochefort and party sailed yesterday.

FROM THE PACIFIC SLOPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE PORTSMOUTH—HAWAIIAN ADVICES.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 12.—The United States sloop of-war Portsmouth arrived here from Honolulu last night. She left New-York Dec. 23, 1872, and has sailed since leaving that port over 56,000 miles. She left Honolulu on the 23d ult.

The United States ship Tuscarora left Honolulu March 19 last to continue the soundings for the Japan cable.

The military force of Hawaii has been reorganized. The new Ministry has not announced any definite policy for the future. The probability is that an effort will be made to set afloat a large amount of paper currency.

It is reported that the United States steamer Benecia has been placed at the service of the King for the royal progress throughout Maui and Hawaii, and also that the United States steamer Narragansett will continue the surveys of the United States sloop Portsmouth. The courts are engaged in a contest over the late King's will. Justice Harris has intimated that the validity of the will would be sustained.

The Tartar, the next steamer in the Australian line, is due here to-morrow.

Dr. Lemug, who was wounded in the Lava Beds, at the time of the Modoc massacre, has nearly recovered the use of his right arm, and is able to hobble about the city on crutches.

At last accounts, Moxey, the survivor of the Fourth street tragedy, was still alive.

THE TEMPERANCE MOVEMENT.

CLOSING OF CIGAR STORES AND OTHER BUSINESS PLACES AT HARRISBURG, PENN., ON SUNDAY.

HARRISBURG, Penn., April 12.—In accordance with the request of the ladies engaged in the temperance crusade in this city, Mayor Boas has closed the cigar stores and other business places not authorized by law to be kept open on Sundays. Temperance meetings are held every day or evening. The use of the House of Representatives has been granted for this purpose for next Tuesday evening.

SIX HUNDRED PEOPLE SIGN THE PLEDGE.

BOSTON, April 12.—At a Catholic temperance meeting to-night about 600 people signed the pledge.

TRIPLE EXECUTION.

THREE INDIANS HANGED AT FORT SMITH, ARKANSAS.

Three Indians, convicted of murder, were hanged at Little Rock, Ark., on the 3d inst. One, John Billy, was a full-blooded Choctaw, fifty-five years of age, and was executed for the murder, in November last, of United States Deputy Marshal Perry Duval, who had a warrant for his arrest for murdering a negro, and was endeavoring to arrest him at the time of the killing. The second, Isaac Filmore, also a full-blooded Choctaw, was a mere boy, scarcely sixteen years of age, and paid the death penalty for the murder, in June last, of an old man, a traveler, who had come all the way from California on foot, and was supposed to have had considerable money, but was possessed of only one dollar and fifty cents. The third, John Pointer, a full-blooded Seminole, was but eighteen years old, and was hanged for the murder of a drover, killed last Fall. All the murders were committed in the Choctaw nation. Billy and Filmore were baptized by Rev. Mr. McManus, of the Episcopal Church, while Pointer, the son of a preacher, was baptized in infancy, and said he was sure of going to heaven when he died—in fact, all three appeared to be penitent and said they had found forgiveness, and that they were on their way to heaven. The account of the execution, as given below, is taken from the Fort Smith *Herald* of the 4th:

"At an early hour of the forenoon people from the surrounding country flocked into town, and from 1,500 to 2,000 persons were present at the hanging. At 1 o'clock precisely the condemned were taken from their cell, and, under a strong guard, commanded by Marshal C. D. Mesler, were slowly marched, singing as they went, to the gallows. They ascended the steps leading to the drop with that stoic indifference known to an Indian, with firm and steady tread, attended by Revs. D. McManus, S. L. Hobbs, D. Bushong, — Dana, and J. A. Foster. A passage of Scripture was read, hymns sung, and prayer by Mr. Foster, after which short speeches were made by the condemned. Billy acknowledged his crime, but Filmore and Pointer protested their innocence. The death-warrants and sentences were read by Marshal Alnutt, and at 2:30 o'clock the black caps and ropes were adjusted by Marshals Porter, Sheldon, and McGuire, the rope was cut, the drop fell, and three souls were launched into eternity to atone for their crimes. After hanging sixteen minutes, Drs. Duval, Dunlap, Main, Bailey, and Gerard pronounced the bodies dead, and the large assemblage dispersed."

LOUISIANA.

The New-Orleans *Picayune* of the 8th instant says: "From a letter received a day or two ago by a gentleman of this city from Senator Carpenter, we are assured that so soon as the pending financial measures are disposed of by Congress, the bill for a new election in Louisiana will be called up and pressed by its friends. Mr. Carpenter is still sanguine that the bill will prevail."

FINANCIAL AFFAIRS.

SALES AT THE STOCK EXCHANGE—APRIL 11.

SALES FROM 2:30 TO 3 P. M.

15,000	Reg. 6s, '81.	119⅞	100	Union Pacific....	36⅞
11,500	U.S.5-20c.,'62.	118	400	do.	36⅞
8,500	do.	118⅛	1000	do.	36¾
700	Erie Railway....	35¾	1800	do.	36⅝
100	do.	35⅞	400	Toledo & Wabash.	44⅝
30	do.	35½	400	do.	44½
100	do.	35¾	100	do.	44⅝
500	do......s10.	35¾	200	do.	44⅝
100	do.	35⅞	100	do.	44½
900	West. Union..b3.	78⅛	100	St. L. & Iron M...	45
100	do.	78⅛	100	do.	46
900	do.	78	100	do.	45½
100	do......b3.	78	100	Ohio & Miss....s3.	29⅞
200	do......s3.	78	100	do.	29⅞
800	do.	78	100	do.....s10.	29¾
200	do.	77⅞	200	North-western...	54⅛
1000	do.	78	200	do.	54
15	Mich. Central....	83	400	do.	53⅞
500	P. M. S. S. Co..s3.	47⅛	1100	do.	53¾
500	do.	47⅛	200	N. W. Pf.....s60.	70
700	do.	47	100	do.	71¼
100	do......s3.	47	800	do.	70⅝
100	do.	46⅞	100	do.	70½
100	N. Y. Cen. & Hud.	99¾	100	Rock Island....	101
200	do......s3.	99⅛	300	do.......s3.	101
100	do......b3.	99¼	100	do.	101¼
50	N. J. Cen.....b3.	105⅞	100	do.	101⅛
100	L. S. & M. So....	77¾	200	H. & St. Jo. Pf....	36⅝
900	do......c.	77¾	500	St. Paul.......b4.	41⅝
100	do......b3.	77¾	300	do.	41½
100	do.	77⅝	400	do......s10.	41½
1500	do......s3.	77⅝	100	do......b3.	41⅝
100	do......s3.	77½	200	Del., L. & W....	106⅞
800	do......b3.	77⅜	50	do.	107
2200	do.	77⅜	25	do.	106¾
100	do......b3.	77½	200	Han. & St. Jo....	31⅜
50	N. Y., N. H. & H...	133	100	do.	31½
100	C., C. & I. C......	32	100	do.	31¼

MONDAY, April 13—A. M.

The weekly averages of the Associated Banks, local and National, reported through the Clearing-house for the week ending Saturday last, April 11, compare as follows with the previous week, and also with the corresponding week last year:

Increase in Loans			$2,552,600
Decrease in Specie			210,200
Decrease in Greenbacks			1,409,300
Increase in Deposits			1,200,300
Decrease in Circulation			6,800
	April 12,'73.	April 4,'74.	April 11,'74.
National Capital	$71,285,000	$69,235,000	$69,235,000
Local Capital	16,729,200	17,254,000	16,769,400
Total	$88,014,200	$86,489,000	$86,004,400
Loans	271,516,990	291,118,700	293,666,300
Gold Notes	16,134,300	24,045,600	23,835,400
Greenbacks	35,493,800	56,983,100	55,573,800
Deposits	186,899,200	237,491,400	238,691,700
Circulation	27,714,400	26,804,600	26,797,800

The 1st of April settlements in the Country are now about over, and the present decline in the Greenbacks Average in the City Banks is, probably, about the last that will be felt from this demand for Currency. The Greenbacks still average 23.35 to the Deposit line, which line stands $52,000,000 higher than this time last Spring. Then the proportion of Greenbacks was a fraction under 20 ⅌ cent.

The Bank return is in other respects not materially different from the previous week. Nor have the rates of Discount on business paper, nor the terms for Loans to Bankers, returnable on demand, varied. Both are cheap enough for all business or speculative demands, and the complaint seems to be that trade is too dull, and all enterprises requiring the use of Money too sluggish to absorb the balances offered at Bank and by outside lenders. We are not quite sure that the real condition of regular trade is so dull as represented. It is not so much behind last Spring as to affect very unfavorably the Importation or sale of Foreign merchandise, or the Customs Revenues, while the Exports of Domestic Produce, including Cotton direct from the South, continue to run ahead of last year. The more serious complaints seem to come from the Domestic Commission men and their principals in the New-England and other Cotton and Woolen mills. The depression in the Pennsylvania Iron and Coal interests also continues to be felt, but the hope is felt that the worst of the effects of the panic of last Fall has been felt.

In regard to the Currency and Banking questions before Congress, no positive decision has been arrived at, as between the views and measures of the two Houses, but since our last weekly review it is sufficiently developed, both in the House of Representatives and in the Senate, that the Greenbacks will be placed at $400,000,000, and that, if Free Banking, in its widest sense and best form, is not enacted this session, $46,000,000 additional circulation, under existing laws, will be authorized for employment in the South and West.

The Cotton Receipts of the week were 50,000, against 49,000 bales same week last year. The crop receipts to date are 3,452,000, against 3,107,000 bales to April 12, 1873, and against 3,449,000 bales to corresponding date three years ago, when the whole crop was 4,347,000 bales. For the remainder of the season the receipts will probably run behind the great crop year of 1871. The Exports of the week from all the ports were 89,000 bales, (or 81,500 exclusive of New-York,) and for the season 1,985,000 bales.

The Anthracite Coal trade of the week was 328,000 tons, against 329,000 tons same week last season. The trade since Jan. 1 is 3,490,000, against 3,913,000 tons in 1873. The Bituminous trade, East of the Alleganies, is 532,000, against 562,000 tons to date last year.

The Import Entries of Foreign Merchandise at New-York, including the Dry Goods return in our last paper, amount for the past week to $11,278,078, as compared with $6,251,358 same week last year. The Exports of Domestic Produce are $4,752,056, as against $5,010,645 last year. The Exports of Gold and Silver, $596,914, as against $912,314 last year. The Customs in Gold deposited during the week in the New-York Office of the Treasury amounted to $2,331,000, comparing with $2,433,968 same week last April.

The Import Entries at New-York of Foreign Dry Goods and General Merchandise, (not including Foreign Specie,) since July 1, 1873, are as follows. The figures are official to the close of February, and since semi-official from the Custom-house:

July	$31,023,169	February	$34,616,354
August	32,632,909	March 7	8,643,543
September	29,772,735	March 14	9,905,096
October	27,275,914	March 21	7,517,103
November	20,784,951	March 28	12,431,936
December	20,214,570	April 4	9,851,827
January	30,211,665	April 11	11,278,078

Total.......$286,160,050
To same date 1873.......325,014,979
Decrease since July 1.......$38,854,929

The export Clearances from New-York of Domestic Produce and Miscellaneous Goods, including Foreign Articles re-exported since July 1, 1873, are as follows:

July	$25,621,053	February	$20,725,611
August	24,343,509	March 4	3,934,686
September	25,799,042	March 11	5,338,161
October	31,246,858	March 18	4,751,438
November	28,495,882	March 25	5,413,034
December	25,250,759	April 1	6,047,968
January	23,455,638	April 8	4,752,056

Total since July 1.......$235,176,116
To same date 1873.......201,939,842
Increase since July 1.......$33,236,274
Gold April 11, 1874.......113⅝ ⅌ cent.
Gold April 12, 1873.......118¾ ⅌ cent.

The exports of Gold and Silver from New-York since July 1, 1873, are as follows:

July	$10,838,643	February	$2,980,862
August	2,198,549	March 7	343,111
September	1,502,625	March 14	435,452
October	2,107,447	March 21	680,332
November	2,545,842	March 28	843,810
December	2,447,271	April 4	918,092
January	2,660,508	April 11	596,914

Total since July 1.......$30,299,458
Total same date 1873.......51,686,674
Decrease since July 1.......$21,387,216

The Customs receipts in Gold deposited in the New-York Office of the United States Treasury, and the Gold Interest paid out by this Office since July 1, 1873, are as follows:

	Customs.		Gold Interest.
July	$10,439,462	July	$9,331,337
August	13,454,785	August	5,421,843
September	11,296,278	September	1,424,593
October	8,146,522	October	3,238,334
November	5,958,287	November	3,707,511
December	6,558,461	December	6,515,425
January	10,195,296	January	9,752,291
February	10,386,566	February	3,481,055
March	11,929,633	March	4,077,472
April 4	1,691,000	April 4	91,000
April 11	2,331,000	April 11	121,000
Total, 1874	$91,487,289	Total, 1874	$[illegible]956,861
Total, 1873	108,340,301	Total, 1873	61,642,564

COURSE OF STOCKS AND GOLD—THE WEEK.

		April 12, '73.
American Gold	113½@113⅛	118¾
U. S. 5-20s, '65, May	120¾@120⅞	120
U. S. 5-20s, '65, January	120⅛@120⅛	119⅝
U. S. New 5 ⅌ cents	115⅜@115¾	116
Central Pacific 6 ⅌ cents	94½@95	103⅛
Union Pacific 6 ⅌ cents	86⅞@86	86½
New-York Central	100½@98⅝	101
Rock Island	106½@101 x d	108⅞ x d
St. Paul Common	43¾@41½	56½
St Paul Preferred	64¾@63	74½
Toledo and Wabash	45⅛@44¾	69½
Union Pacific	37⅝@36½	33¾
Erie	39⅞@34⅞	65¼
Western Telegraph	79⅝@77⅛	85
Pacific Mail	47¼@46⅞	56½
Lake Shore	79⅛@75⅛	91¾
North-western Common	55@53¼	----
Harlem	127½@127	124
North-western Preferred	72¼@70½	86¾
Delaware and Lackawanna	108¼@106¼	99
Central New-Jersey	107¾@105½ x d	98¾

The following bids were made at the Exchange Board for the Railroad Bonds:

Alb.& Susq.1st	103	D. T. & Tol. B'ds	98
Alb.& Susq. 2d	97	B. & Erie New B'ds.	95½
Boston,H.&Erie 1st	27⅞	Kal. & W.Pigeon1st.	70
B.,C.R.&M.1st7s,g	50	Lake Shore Div.B'ds.	94
Chic. & Alton S. F.	100	Lake Shore C. C. 1st.	97
Chic. & Alton 1st	106	Lake Shore C. R.1st.	95
Chic. & Alton Inc	94½	Lake Shore C. C. 2d.	90
Joliet & Chic.1st	105	M. Cen.Con.7s, 1902.	98½
La. & Mo. 1st guar.	87	M. Cen. 1st. 8s, 1882.	105
St. L. J. & Chic. 1st.	91	N. Y. & N. H. 6s	98
Chic., R. I. & Pac	105¼	N. Y. Cen. 6s, '83	95
C.,C.,C.&I.1st.7sS.F.	103	N. Y. Cen. 6s, R. E.	91½
Cen. R. of N.J.1stN.	105	N. Y. Cen. 6s, Sub	91½
Cen. R. of N. J. C. C.	102⅝	N.Y.C.&H. 1st C	105½
Am. Dock&Imp.bds.	98½	Hud.R. 7s,2d S.F.'85.	106
M. & St. P. 1st8sP.D.	107½	Hud. R.7s,3d,S.F.'75.	102½
M.&St.P.1st73-10P.D.	93½	Harlem 1st 7s C	105½
M.&St.P.1st LaC. D.	87½	Harlem 1st, 7s, Reg	105
M. & St. P. 2d	75	O. & M. Con	91
Chic. & N. W.S. F.	102	Cen. Pac. Gold B'ds.	95
Chic.&N.W.IntB'ds.	99½	C. P. State Aid B'ds.	101
Chic.&N.W.ExtB'ds.	91	W. Pac. Bonds	87½
Chic. & N. W. 1st	101	Union Pac. 1st	86⅝
Chic.&N.W.C.G.Bds.	88¾	U. P. Land Grants7s	81½
G. & Chic. Ext'n	100	U. P. Income 10s	86⅛
Chic. & Mil. 1st	93½	U. P. S. Fund	71½
W. & St. P. 1st	80	Pac. R. of Mo. 1st	77½
Del.,Lack.&W.1st	100	Pac. R. of Mo. 2d	71
Del., Lack. &W.2d	104	Pac. R. 7sguarbyMo.	98
Del.,Lack.&W.7sC	103¾	P. Ft.W.& Chic., 2d.	102
Morris & Essex 1st	106¾	C. & P. Cons., S. F.	97
Morris & Essex 2d	100½	C. & P. 3d	101
Morris&EssexC.B'ds.	91	C. & P. 4th	89½
Morris&Essex7s '71.	91½	C., C.,& I., 2d	62
Erie 1st Extended	104½	A. & T. H., 1st	100½
Erie 2d, 7s, '79	100	A. & T. H. 2d, Pref.	87
Erie 3d, 7s, '83	98	A. & T. H., 2d, Inc.	78
Erie 4th, 7s, '80	97¼	B. & S. Ills. R.1st,8s.	90
Erie 5th, 7s, '88	97	Tol., P. & W.1st.E.D.	80
Ill.Cen.,7 ⅌ ct., '75	107	T. P. & W. 1st,W.D.	78
Cedar Falls&Minn1st	76	T. P., & W.2d	58
Ind.&Bloom'n&W.1st	81¾	Tol. Wab., 1st, Ex	94
Ind.&Bloom'n&W.2d	65½	Tol. & Wab. 2d	88
Mich. So. 7 ⅌ct. 2d	101	Tol.&Wab.Equip.B's	65
Cleve. & Tol. S. F	103¼	Gt. West'n 1st, '88	92½
C.&P.&Ash.Old B	100	Gt. West'n, 2d, '33	82¼
C.&P.&Ash. New B.	95	Ills. & So. 1st	85

The speculation in the Stock market during the week was decidedly *Bearish*, so far as the movements of what are known as the cliques, or "great operators," of the Street were in control. This feeling was manifest at the close of the previous week, and the additional decline on the Railroads and Telegraph and Pacific Mail since amounts to an average of *Two ⅌ cent*. At the close on Saturday, Lake Shore was the weakest Stock on the speculative list, marking 6 ⅌ cent. fall in two weeks. The Public Funds and Railroad Bonds, as well as the Gold Room, showed but few changes.

The earnings of the Indianapolis, Bloomington and Western Railway during the first week in April were $39,241 15; during the first week in April, 1873, $30,638 79; increase, $8,602 36.

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FOREIGN MARKETS.

LONDON, April 11.—12:30 P. M.—The rate for money at the Stock Exchange on Government securities is 2½ ⅌ cent. Consols for money, 92½; for the account, 92⅝@92¾. United States 5-20s, 1867s, 108½. Erie Railway Shares, 33½; do. preferred, 55½. New-York Central, 90.

Paris dispatches quote Rentes at 59f. 65c.

2 P. M.—Erie Railway Shares, 31¾@32.

4 P. M.—The amount of bullion withdrawn from the Bank of England on balance to-day is £30,000. Erie Railway Shares. 31½@31¾.

LIVERPOOL, April 11—12:30 P. M.—Cotton—The market is quiet and steady. Sales, 12,000 bales, including 2,000 bales for speculation and export. Sales on the basis of Middling Uplands, nothing below Good Ordinary, shipped April and May, at 8⅛d.; do. do., deliverable June and July, at 8⅛d.

2 P. M.—Cotton—Of the sales to-day, 7,900 bales were American. Cotton to arrive 1-16d. dearer. Sales on the basis of Middling Uplands, nothing below Good Ordinary, deliverable May and June, at 8 1-16d.; do., nothing below Low Middling, deliverable May and June, at 8⅛d. Breadstuffs—The market is quiet. Provisions—Bacon, 42s. ⅌ cwt. for Long Clear Middles.

4 P. M.—Cotton—Sales on the basis of Middling Uplands, nothing below Good Ordinary, shipped March and April, at 8 1-16d.; do., nothing below Low Middling, shipped April and May, at 8 3-16d.

Evening.—Spirits Turpentine, 32s.@32s. 6d. ⅌ cwt.

LONDON, April 11—Evening.—Spirits Turpentine, 31s. 9d. ⅌ cwt.

ANTWERP, April 11.—Petroleum, 33f. for fine Pale American.

HAVANA, April 11.—Sugar—Quotations are nominal; stock in warehouse and Matanzas, 299,000 bxs. and 23,000 hhds.; receipts of the week at Havana and Matanzas, 55,000 bxs. and 8,500 hhds.; exported during the week, 22,500 bxs. and 11,000 hhds., of which 10,000 bxs. and 10,500 hhds. were for the United States. Molasses nominal. Bacon firmer at $25@$26 ⅌ cwt. Butter firm. Flour quiet at $26@$28 ⅌ bbl. for American. Hams—American sugar-cured in fair demand at $35 ⅌ quintal. Lard, in kegs, weak at $25 75@$26 25 ⅌ quintal; in tins, in fair demand at $29@$30 ⅌ quintal. Potatoes nominal. Wax—Yellow in fair demand at $16@$17 ⅌ arroba; White quiet at $26@$27 ⅌ arroba. Honey nominal. Onions nominal. Naval Stores in fair demand. Coal-oil, in tins, dull at 6 reals ⅌ gallon. Empty Hogsheads in fair demand at $7 50. Lumber—White Pine in fair demand at $70 ⅌ M. Shooks, box, 18@19 reals. Sugar Hogsheads, 48 reals; Molasses Hogsheads, 34@36 reals. Hoops, long shaved, quiet. Freights nominal; per box of Sugar, loading at Havana for the United States, $1@$1 12½; per hhd. of Sugar, from ports on the north coast of Cuba for the United States, $5 50@$5 75. Exchange quiet but firm; on the United States, 60 days, currency, 105@106 premium; do., short sight, currency, 108@109 premium; do., 60 days, gold, 133@134 premium; short sight do., 137@138 premium; on London, 160@162 premium; on Paris, 132@133 premium. Spanish Gold, 243.

A FEMALE DOMESTIC ATTACKS TWO BURGLARS.

Saturday evening, while Margaret Riley, a servant of Mr. William A. Lottimer, No. 29 West Fiftieth street, was sitting in the basement kitchen, she heard some persons entering the outside door, which had not been fastened. She went into the passage and saw two men, evidently burglars. She screamed for help, and resolutely attacked one of them, bringing him to the floor. A scuffle ensued, and both men attacking the woman, knocked her down. Then the men ran. Officer Eagan, of the Fifty-ninth Street Police, heard the cries, and hastened to the woman's assistance. He reached the spot as the burglars were running up the basement steps, and caught them both. In the Fifty-ninth Street Police Station they described themselves as James Moore, of No. 464 West Forty-first street, and Edward Ryan, of Eleventh avenue and Fifty-sixth street. They were searched, and a crooked stick was found, which they had used to open the basement gate. Both were locked up.

CITY AND COUNTY TREASURY.

Controller Green reports the following disbursements and receipts of the Treasury Saturday: Claims paid, number of warrants, 122, amounting to $38,890 63; pay-rolls paid, number of warrants, 68, amounting to $5,198 25; total number of warrants, 190, amounting to $44,088 88. Receipts—From taxes of 1873 and interest, $9,834 24; from arrears of taxes, assessments, and interest, $11,195 03; from collection of assessments and interest, $3,219 15; from market rents, $1,444 25; from water rents, $214 40; from licenses, Mayor's Office, $82 75; from sewer permits, $310; from sales vitrified stone pipe, $127 90; from fees and fines, District Courts, $37; from Fire Department manure, $125; total, $26,589 72.

COMMERCIAL AFFAIRS.

NEW-YORK, Saturday, April 11, 1874.

The receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last have been as follows:

Ashes, pkgs	16	Hides, bales	9
Cotton, bales	2,093	Leather, sides	9,414
Copper, bbls	7	Spirits Turp., bbls.	165
Eggs, bbls	3,915	Tar, bbls	300
Flour, bbls	18,060	Resin, bbls	1,862
Wheat, bushels	74,200	Oil-cake, pks	3,156
Corn, bushels	163,900	Pork, pks	4,316
Oats, bushels	21,600	Cut-meats, pks	1,246
Rye, bushels	2,700	Grease, pks	15
Barley, bushels	10,000	Lard, pks	2,395
Grass-seed, bags	30	Butter, pks	2,350
Beans, bbls	195	Cheese, pks	152
Peas, bbls	300	Tallow, pks	110
Corn-meal, bbls	1,080	Starch, bxs	1,100
Oat-meal, bbls	100	Tobacco, hhds	502
Hemp, bales	14	Tobacco, bxs. & cs.	350
Hops, bales	32	Whisky, bbls	1,309
Hides, No.	210	Wool, bales	69

ASHES—Pots have been quite moderately dealt in at $6 75 ⅌ 100 lbs. Pearls dull and nominal.

BEES-WAX—There has been a fair demand noted for Yellow within the range of 34c.@36½c. for fair to very choice. ⅌ lb.

COFFEE—Rather more sought after at steady rates. The 2,250 bags Rio, by the Merrimack, rumored sold yesterday, were placed to-day at 20c., gold. Stock of Rio and Santos in first hands here this evening, 128,121 bags.

COTTON—Has been inactive for early delivery and quoted weak in price; sales, 1,250 bales, including 747 bales to spinners, and 505 bales in transit. The dealings for forward delivery have been on a restricted scale, with prices quoted 1-16c. ⅌ lb. lower. Sales have been reported since our last of 8,700 bales, (of which 800 bales were on last evening, and 7,900 to-day,) with 1,700 bales more at the calls, and on the basis of Low Middling, with April option closing at 16 5-32c. May, 16 11-16c.; June, 17 3-32c.; July, 17½c.; August, at 17 13-16c.; September at 17¼c.; October, 17c. The receipts at this port to-day were 2,093 bales per railroad. The receipts at all the shipping ports to-day were 5,429 bales....The week's exports hence have been 7,841 bales....The exports from all the shipping ports thus far this season have been 2,262,727 bales, (including 1,456,433 bales to Great Britain and 806,294 bales to the Continent,) against 1,963,547 bales same time in 1872-3.

Closing Prices of Cotton in New-York.

	Uplands.	Ala.	N. Orleans.	Texas.
Ordinary	13	13	13	13
Good Ordinary	14⅞	15	15¼	15¼
Strict Good Ordinary	15⅝	15¾	15 15-16	15 15-16
Low Middling	16	16⅛	16⅜	16⅜
Middling	17	17⅛	17⅜	17⅜
Good Middling	18¼	18⅜	18⅝	18⅝

DRUGS AND DYES—The demand has been moderate for most kinds, chiefly in a jobbing way, with prices generally quoted steady. Essential Oils, quiet at old figures.

DYE-WOODS—Have been in fair demand, and held with firmness. San Domingo Logwood quoted at $20@$20 50, currency; Jamaica do., $20, gold; San Domingo Fustic, $21, and Mexican do., $20, currency.

FERTILIZERS—Have been rather sparingly sought, at about previous prices.

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been less active, yet without material change as to values. Shipping extras have been moderately sought after on the basis of $5 55 for standard, with sales reported of 3,200 bbls.; also, equal to 1,200 bbls. City Mill stock for the West Indies at previous figures. In other grades the business has been light, quotations remaining as in our last. The sales reported since our last have been 11,850 bbls., of all grades, including poor to very choice No. 2 at $4 50@$5 75; inferior to fancy Superfine State and Western at $5 85@$6 45, chiefly as $6 15@$6 35; inferior to good Extra State at $6 40@$6 75, mainly at $6 55@$6 65; very good to fancy do. at $6 75@$7 75, chiefly at $6 75@$7 25; poor to very good shipping Extra Western at $6 40@$6 75, chiefly at $6 55 for standard lines; poor to choice shipping brands round-hoop Ohio, $6 40@$6 85, mainly at $6 65@$6 75; poor to very good Minnesota Extra, for shipment, at $6 65@$7 75, ⅌ bbl.; and trade and family extras at proportionate rates....Southern Flour has been quiet but steady; sales, 670 bbls....Rye Flour firm and wanted; 825 bbls. sold, chiefly at $5 65@$5 85, ⅌ bbl....Of Corn-meal, 500 bbls sold within the previous range.

GRAIN—Spring Wheat has been moderately active, opening more firmly, but closing rather weak. The export demand has been checked by the firmer range of ocean freights. Winter Wheat dull, but steady. Sales have been reported since our last of 123,000 bushels at $1 62@$1 65 for No. 1 Minnesota and Milwaukee Spring; $1 60 for No. 1 Chicago do., part in store; $1 62 for No. 2 Milwaukee do., afloat, with offerings reported at $1 61 for prime, in store; $1 56 for No. 2 Chicago do., in store, (at which rate 40,000 bushels were disposed of;) $1 55@$1 57 for No. 2 do., car lots; $1 50@$1 63 for ungraded Spring, mainly at $1 60@$1 61 for Minnesota. And for forward delivery of No. 2 Milwaukee Spring, 8,000 bushels April option, at $1 58....Corn has been in comparatively brisk demand, in good part for export, at very firm prices for the better qualities, which have been most sought after. Sales have been reported of 147,000 bushels at 84c.@90c. for inferior to choice new Mixed Western, mainly at 88c.@90c. for good to choice samples; 88c.@90c. for old do. do., chiefly at 90c. for prime; 88c.@91c. for new Yellow Western; 85c.@88c. for new White do.; 91c. for White Southern, and 68c.@75c. for damaged stock. And for forward delivery, 20,000 bushels old Mixed Western, April arrivals, at 90c. ⅌ bushel....Rye firm; a few car-loads sold at $1 10....Barley and Malt unchanged....Oats quoted ½c. a bushel higher, and in good demand; sales, 51,000 bushels at 62c.@65c. for Mixed Western, chiefly at 63½c.@64½c. for fair to prime samples; 64c.@68c. for White do. in store and afloat....Hay, Straw, and Feed essentially unchanged. The week's exports hence for European ports have been 17,157 bbls. Flour, 395,303 bushels Wheat, 482,830 bushels Corn, 9,313 bushels Rye, and 7,941 bushels Peas.

HARDWARE—Trade in most kinds has been on a restricted scale, yet values have been without important alteration.

HIDES—A fairly active movement has been noted in this line at full prices, on a further reduction of stock. The week's receipts have been 30,505 Hides; sales, 47,455 Hides and 65 bales do., the latter including, according to Messrs. Pickard & Andresen, 2,365 Dry Buenos Ayres, 21½ lbs., at 26¾c.@27c., gold, ten to sixty days; 6,700 Dry Buenos Ayres, to arrive, 21 to 22½ lbs., at 27c., gold, sixty days, usual selection; 2,000 Dry Buenos Ayres Seconds, 22½ lbs., at 23¼c., gold; 495 Dry Entre Rios Seconds, 23½ lbs., at 22½c., gold, sixty days, as they run; 4,060 Dry Entre Rios, 22¼ lbs., at 26c., gold; 1,690 Dry Corrientes, 21½ lbs., at 25½c., gold, sixty days, usual selection; 7,000 Dry Montevideo, to arrive, 21¼ to 21½ lbs., at 26½c.@26¾c., gold, sixty days, usual selection; 1,940 Dry Montevideo Seconds, to arrive, 21¼ lbs., at 23½c., gold, sixty days, as they run; 6,865 Dry Rio Grande, in Boston, 20½ lbs., at 26c., gold, sixty days, usual selection; 2,350 Dry California, to arrive, 24 lbs.; 535 Dry Central American, 20 to 21 lbs.; 1,015 Dry Mexican, 20 to 24 lbs.; 365 Dry Bogota, 21 to 22 lbs.; 1,745 Dry Port au Platt, 15 lbs.; 5,195 Dry Texas and Southern, 20 to 23 lbs.; 1,000 Dry Texas Kips, 10 lbs.; 655 Wet-salted Texas Hides and Kips, 20 to 60 lbs., on private terms; 1,500 City Slaughter, 70 lbs., at 10¾c., currency; 35 bales Calcutta Cow, 10 lbs.; 30 bales Calcutta Buffalo, 21 lbs., on private terms. Stock in first hands to-day, 60,950 Hides, and 459 bales do., (against 183,400 Hides and 1,050 bales do. same time last year,) and included 33,500 Dry Buenos Ayres, Entre Rios, &c., 12,500 Dry Rio Grande, 450 Dry Bogota, 6,500 Dry Mexican, 3,200 Dry Texas and Southern, 2,800 Wet-salted Texas and Southern, 2,000 Wet-salted Western, 318 bales Calcutta Cow, 141 bales Calcutta Buffalo.

MOLASSES—Firm and in demand; 300 hhds., 24 tcs., and 2 bbls. Sagua, to refiners, at 38c. Jobbing trade fair at full rates.

NAVAL STORES—Resin quiet but steady; sales, 410 bbls. Strained at $2 45@$2 50, chiefly at $2 50; 50 bbls. No. 2 at $3 ⅌ 280 lbs....Of Tar, 100 bbls. Washington sold at $2 90 ⅌ bbl....Spirits Turpentine sold to the extent of 110 bbls., in lots, at 46c. for merchantable, and 47c. for New-York pks., closing at 45½c. for full lots of merchantable.

OIL-CAKE—Has been in less request, with Western quoted at $44, currency, and City at $43, gold, ⅌ ton. The week's receipts have been 6,806 bags; exports, 11,518 pks.

PETROLEUM—Crude in bulk in moderate demand on the basis of 7⅛c. for early, and 7¼c. for May deliveries, at the quoted rates. Of Crude, in shipping order, 3,000 bbls. sold at about 11c....Refined sold to the extent of 5,000 bbls., May deliveries, at 15½c., subsequently held at 16c., with early deliveries quoted at the close at 15¾c., showing more firmness. At Philadelphia, Refined quiet, quoted at 15½c.@15¾c....Refined, in cases, quoted steady at 20c.@21c., on a moderate inquiry....Naphtha unchanged.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been dull and heavy, with full lots of new Western mess quoted, for early delivery, at $16 75@$16 90; sales 50 bbls., in a jobbing way, at $17 12½, with prime Mess quoted at $15@$15 75, and extra prime at $14@$14 50. And for forward delivery, of new Western Mess, 250 bbls., May, at $16 75, and 250 bbls., June, at $17....Dressed Hogs in less demand, at 7½c. for City....Cut Meats have been quoted about steady, on a moderate trade, with sales reported of 1,000 fresh Bellies, 11 lbs, at 9½c.; 500 bagged Hams, 13 lbs., at 14c.; 500 fresh Shoulders, at 7c.; 600 smoked do., at 8¼c.@8½c., 500 fresh Hams at 10½c.; 1,000 pickled do. at 10½c.@11¼c.; 1,200 smoked Hams at 12@12½c.; with dry-salted Shoulders, boxed, quoted at 6¾c. ⅌ lb....Bacon quiet, but held very firmly, on light offerings; sales 150 bxs. City Long Clear, and 100 bxs. Western do. at 9½c., with Short Clear quoted at 9⅝c.@9¾c....Lard advanced a shade, on a more confident demand. Sales for early delivery embrace 400 tcs. Western Steam, in lots, at 10 1-16c.@10⅛c., closing at 10 3-16c.; small lots Western Kettle at 10⅜c.; 325 tcs. City Steam at 10⅛c.; 800 tcs. Refined at 10½c. And for forward delivery, 3,500 tcs. Western Steam, May options, at 10 3-16c.@10¼c., closing at 10¼c., with June quoted at 10 7-16c.@10½c....Beef quiet, but steady; sales 140 bbls. and 25 tcs. within the previous range....Butter, Cheese, and Eggs essentially unaltered....The week's exports hence for European ports included 1,185 pks. Pork, 1,365 pks. Beef, 12,793 bxs. Bacon, 13,733 pks. Lard, and 10,909 bxs. Cheese.

SKINS—Deer have been quoted firm, on a good demand; receipts, 78 bales; sales, 13,000 lbs. Central American, 6,000 lbs. Para and Maranham, 4,500 lbs. Puerto Cabello, and 6,000 lbs. Matamoras, within our range. Deer quoted: Honduras, 60c.; Vera Cruz, 62½c.; Guatemala, 67½c.; Central American, trimmed, 62½c.; Central American, not trimmed, 55c.; Sisal, 61c.; Angostura, 52½c.; Para, 64c.; Puerto Cabello, 55c., currency, ⅌ lb. Goat has been moderately active at former figures. Receipts, 68 bales; sales, 400 bales Mexican, 20 bales Puerto Cabello, 20 bales Curacoa, 50 bales Payta, and 10 bales Buenos Ayres, on private terms. We quote: Tampico, 48c.@50c.; Matamoros, 48c.@50c.; Vera Cruz, 45c.@49c., gold; Buenos Ayres, 45c.@47½c.; Curaçoa, 50c.; Cape, 32c.@36c.; Madras, ⅌ skin, 45c.@50c.; Patna, 35c.@40c., currency, ⅌ lb.

SUGARS—Raw have been offered less freely, and quoted rather steadier in price, on a somewhat better demand. Fair refining stock quoted at 7⅜c.@7 7-16c.; good do., 7⅝c.@7 11-16c. Sales were made to-day of 2,403 hhds. and 873 bxs., including 1,132 hhds. and 220 bxs. Centrifugal at 8⅝c.@8¾c.; 600 bxs. do. at 8¾c.; 400 hhds. do. at 8⅞c.; 108 hhds. refining Cuba at 6½c.@7¾c.; 600 hhds. do., reported, on the basis of 7⅜c.@7 11-16c. for fair to good; 70 hhds. grocery Porto Rico at 8⅛c.; 53 bxs. Clayed at 7 9-16c.; and 93 hhds. Molasses Sugar at 7¼c. ⅌ lb.; Refined a shade higher and in good request.

TALLOW, &c.—Tallow firm and fairly active. Sales, 168,000 lbs. at 7⅝c.@7¾c....Exports this week, 633 pks....Stearine quoted a shade higher and in more request; sales, 350 tcs. Western at 11c.@11⅛c., with May options quoted at 11¼c. bid for Choice, and 45 hhds. City, first week in May, at 11c.

WHISKY—Sold to the extent of 250 bbls., in lots, at 95¼c.@95½c., closing at 95¼c. ⅌ gallon, showing a further slight decline.

FREIGHTS—The demand for room was fairly active again to-day, chiefly from Grain shippers, with the advantage as to rates in favor of ship-owners....For Liverpool, the reported engagements since our last have been, by sail, 2,000 bushels Peas at 8¾d. ⅌ bushel; and by steam, 8,000 bushels Grain, reported at equal to 10d. ⅌ standard bushel; 3,500 Staves and 315 bxs. Bacon on private terms. And by steam from Philadelphia, (reported thence,) 700 bales Cotton, at ⅜d. ⅌ lb., 2,000 bbls. Flour at 3s. 7d. ⅌ bbl.; 15,000 bushels Corn at 11½d. ⅌ bushel; 600 tons Provisions and Tallow and 100 tons Hides, within the range of 40s.@45s.; and 100 tons Oil-cake at 35s. ⅌ ton. Also a British ship, 1,073 tons, and a British bark, 487 tons, with Wheat, reported from San Francisco, on private terms....For London, by sail, 1,800 bbls. Flour at 2s. 4½d. ⅌ bbl.; 24,000 bushels Grain at 8d.@8½d. ⅌ bushel; 150 bbls. Resin at 2s. ⅌ 280 lbs.; 125 bales Hair at 32s. 6d. ⅌ ton. Also, a British ship, 774 tons, placed on the berth for general cargo....For Glasgow, by steam, (of through freight,) 8,000 bushels Grain, at 10½d. ⅌ bushel....For Belfast or Waterford, an Italian bark, 380 tons, hence, with about 2,600 quarters Grain, at 6s. 3d. ⅌ quarter, and £10 gratuity....For an Irish port, direct, a Norwegian bark, 488 tons, hence, with about 3,200 quarters Grain, at 6s. ⅌ quarter....For Penarth Roads and orders, a Norwegian bark, 386 tons, (rumored yesterday for Cork and orders,) hence, with about 2,750 quarters Grain, at 6s. ⅌ quarter....For Cork and orders, an Italian bark, 495 tons, hence, with about 3,500 quarters Grain, at 6s. 3d.; an Austrian bark, 500 tons, hence, with 3,400 quarters do., and another, hence with about 4,500 quarters do. at 6s. 4½d.; a Norwegian bark, 523 tons, hence with about 3,500 quarters do. (one-third in bags) at 6s. 6d. ⅌ quarter....For the Continent, a British bark and two German barks, just arrived at Philadelphia, had been chartered previously to load with Petroleum on private terms....For Bremen, by sail, 200 cases Tobacco at 25s., and, by steam, 16,000 bushels Corn and Rye at 11d. ⅌ bushel; 675 pks. Tobacco on the basis of 30s. for cases; 425 pks. Provisions at 55s. ⅌ ton, and 800 pks. Mdse. at full rates....For Hamburg, by sail, 1,000 bxs. Starch reported at 4s., and, by steam, 50 bales Cotton, 1,150 bxs. Bacon, 650 tcs. Lard, 50 hhds. Tallow, 700 pks. Tobacco, 9,600 sides Leather, 3,700 pks. Mdse. at current market rates....For Gottenberg, a Norwegian brig, 322 tons, hence with about 2,000 bbls. Refined Petroleum at 5s. 7½d. ⅌ bbl....For the Baltic, a Norwegian bark, 382 tons, hence with about 2,400 bbls. Refined Petroleum, at 5s. 9d. ⅌ bbl....For Marseilles, an American brig, 505 tons, hence, with about 3,000 bbls. Petroleum at 6s. ⅌ bbl....For Porto Rico and back to Philadelphia, a schooner, reported at 50c. and $4 75....For St. Jago and back to Philadelphia, a schooner, reported at $6 and $4....For Laguayra and Porto Cabello, an American schooner, 298 tons, reported from Philadelphia, at $1,500, gold, and back at $1,400, currency....For New-York, with option of Philadelphia, a schooner, with Lumber, reported from Woodstock, Fla., at $9 and $8 50....For Philadelphia, a schooner, with Lumber, reported from a Gulf port, at $11; another with do., from Jackson, Ill., at $8; and another, with Salt, from Turk's Island, at 12c.

THE STATE OF TRADE.

BOSTON, April 11.—The market for Wool continued comparatively quiet until near the close of the week, when a number of buyers made their appearance, and the transactions during the past three days have been quite large, the sales indicating a good business. The manufacturers are short of stock, and will be compelled to purchase considerable Wool to keep their machinery running. There is no speculative demand, and holders are anxious to close up stocks as fast as possible at current rates. Fine Ohio and Pennsylvania fleeces still range from 55c.@57c. for choice Extra and Double Extra, and one lot of Treble Extra sold at 62½c. A few week's more will clear the market of all desirable Fleeces. Combing and Delaine Fleeces are in demand and firm; sales of Domestic being readily made at full prices. Pulled Wool of the best grades has attracted considerable attention, the sales reaching nearly 400,000 lbs. Low grades are dull and neglected. Sales of the week embrace Ohio and Pennsylvania Fleeces, Extra, and Treble Extra, at 50c.@62½c.; Michigan 50c.@53c.; Western, Wisconsin, and New-Hampshire, 44c.@55c.; Combing and Delaine, 57c.@62c.; Unwashed and Unmerchantable, 32½c.@45c.; Sorts, 35c.@43c.; Scoured, 53½c.@$1 10; Tub, 57c.; Coarse Locks, 37½c.; Super-extra and Extra Pulled, 45c.@57½c.; Fall California, 20c.@28c.; Spring California, 36c.

ST. LOUIS, April 11.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat firmer at $1 25 for No. 2 Spring; $1 36½@$1 37½ for No. 3 Fall. Corn firm; a fraction higher; sales of No. 2 Mixed at 65c.@65½c., on track. Oats dull and easier at 42c.@42½c. for No. 2 on track. Barley—no sales. Rye dull and lower at 93c.@94c. Whisky steady at 92c. Pork dull at $16 75. Dry-salted Meats firm, and in good speculative demand at 8⅜c. for Clear-Rib Sides, May; Clear Sides, 8¾c., May. Bacon firm at 7c.@7¼c. for Shoulders; 9⅜c.@9½c. for Clear Rib Sides; 9⅝c.@9¾c. for Clear Sides. Lard steady at 9½c. for new Steam, seller first half of May. Hogs quiet at $4 60@$4 80 for Light; $5@$5 20 for Medium; $5 25@$6 50 for Heavy. Cattle quiet at $3@$5 for native Cows and Heifers; $3@$3 75 for coarse and light Steers; $4 25@$6 25 for fair to choice. Receipts—3,000 bbls. Flour, 10,000 bushels Wheat, 24,000 bushels Corn, 22,000 bushels Oats, 4,500 bushels Barley, 1,000 bushels Rye, and 1,600 Hogs.

CHICAGO, April 11.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat steady at $1 27½ for No. 1 Spring; $1 22@$1 22¼ for No. 2 do., spot or April; $1 26, May; $1 27¼, June; No. 3 do., $1 19; Rejected, $1 10½@$1 10¾. Corn steady at 62c. for No. 2 Mixed, spot or April; 65¼c., May; 65½c., June; New No. 2 Mixed, 60½c.@61c.; Rejected, new, 59c. Oats steady at 43c. for No. 2 Regular; 45½c. fresh; Rejected, 42¼c.@42¾c. Rye steady at 92c. for No. 2 fresh. Barley in fair demand and higher at $1 62@$1 66 for No. 2 Spring. Pork steady at a slight decline at $15 95@$16, cash or May. Lard steady at $9 60@$9 62½, May. Bulk Meats steady; sales of Shoulders at 5¾c., spot, loose; $8 30 for Short Rib Middles, loose, May. Whisky steady at 93c. Receipts—12,000 bbls. Flour, 81,000 bushels Wheat, 112,000 bushels Corn, 35,000 bushels Oats, 3,000 bushels Rye, and 4,000 bushels Barley. Shipments—11,000 bbls. Flour, 68,000 bushels Wheat, 37,000 bushels Corn, 30,000 bushels Oats, and 6,000 bushels Barley.

BALTIMORE, Md., April 11.—Flour firm and unchanged. Wheat firm and steady; sales choice White at $1 85; fair to prime do., $1 65@$1 80; choice Amber, $1 83@$1 85; good to prime Red, $1 70@$1 80; common to fair do., $1 50@$1 60; Pennsylvania Red, $1 73@$1 75; Ohio and Indiana do., $1 55@$1 65; Western Spring, $1 48@$1 50. Corn active and stronger; Southern White, 88c.; Southern Yellow, 80c.@82c.; Western Mixed, New, 84c.; Old, 87½c.@88c. Oats firm and scarce; sales Southern at 63c.@66c.; Western, 62c.@65c. Rye firmer at 95c.@$1. Hay unchanged. Provisions strong, buoyant, and higher. Mess Pork, $17 25. Bulk Meats firm; Shoulders nominally 6¾c.; sales Clear Rib Sides at 8¾c.@8⅞c.; New held firmly at 9c. Bacon active; Shoulders, 7¾c.; Clear Rib Sides, 10c. Sugar-cured Hams, 14c.@15c. Lard firm at 10¼c. Western Butter steady and in good demand; sales New North-western Tub at 30c.@35c.; Old do., 25c.@33c. Coffee nominal. Whisky, 97c.@97½c.

BUFFALO, N. Y., April 11.—Imports for the last twenty-four hours—9,300 bbls. Flour, 41,420 bushels Wheat, 51,157 bushels Corn, 41,044 bushels Oats, 3,800 bushels Barley, 800 bushels Rye. Exports—37,690 bushels Wheat, 40,800 bushels Corn, 42,700 bushels Oats, 2,400 bushels Barley, and 800 bushels Rye. Flour quiet at $6 75@$7 for Western Spring; $7 25@$7 75 for Bakers'; $7 25@$8 25 for Amber; $8 50@$9 for White. Wheat scarce at $1 54 for Milwaukee No. 1 Spring; $1 44 for do. No. 2 do.; $1 55@$1 60 for Red Winter; $1 60@$1 75 for White do. No sales reported. Corn advanced, market bare; Western No. 2 held at 83c.; New, on track, 79c.@79½c. Oats quiet; No. 2 Western held at 53c. Barley dull at $1 80@$1 90 for Canada; $1 85@$1 95 for Western. Rye nominally $1 05. Barley-malt firm at $1 80@$1 90 for Canada; $1 80@$1 95 for No 2 Western; $1 50 for No. 3 do.

MILWAUKEE, April 11.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat steady at $1 30½ for No. 1; $1 24 for No. 2; May, $1 28¼; June, $1 28⅞. Oats steady; sales of No. 2, fresh, at 44¼c. Corn firm and in fair demand at 63c. for No. 2 Mixed, fresh. Rye steady at 83½c. for No. 1, fresh. Barley firm and in fair demand at $1 60 for No. 2 Spring, fresh; No. 3 do. nominally $1 40. Pork sold at $16 25@$16 50. Hams, in pickle, sold at 10c.@11c. Dry-salted Meats sold at 6c. for Shoulders, loose; 9c. for boxed Middles. Lard sold at 9⅝c.@10c. Receipts—8,000 bbls. Flour, 77,000 bushels Wheat. Shipments—9,000 bbls. Flour and 27,000 bushels Wheat.

CINCINNATI, April 11.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat quiet and firmer at $1 36@$1 38. Corn firm and in fair demand at 64c.@67c. Oats dull at 48c.@56c. Rye quiet and unchanged. Barley steady at $1 50@$1 63 for Spring; $1 70@$1 75 for Fall. Butter dull and unchanged. Pork quiet; $17 asked. Lard quiet; 9¾c.@9⅞c. asked for Steam; 9⅞c.@10c. for Kettle. Bulk Meats steady at 6⅛c. for Shoulders; $7 37½@$7 40 for Clear Rib Sides; Clear Sides quiet at 8⅝c. Bacon steady; only a limited jobbing demand; sales at 7c. for Shoulders; $9 25 for Clear Rib Sides; $9 70 for Clear Sides. Whisky active and higher at 94c.

OSWEGO, April 11.—Flour steady; sales 1,300 bbls. at $7 75 for No. 1 Spring; $8 75 for Amber Winter; $9 25 for White Winter, and $9 75 for Double Extra. Wheat quiet; White Canada held at $1 75@$1 80; No. 1 Milwaukee Club, $1 55@$1 56. Corn dull; sales 1,200 bushels at 80c. Barley quiet. Corn-meal, $1 65 for Bolted, and $1 60 for Unbolted, ⅌ cwt. Mill-feed unchanged; Shorts, $25; Ship-stuffs, $26; Middlings, $28 ⅌ ton. Railroad Freights—Flour, to Boston, 50c., to New-York, 40c.; to Albany, 36c. Receipts—29,500 bushels Wheat, 1,103,000 feet of Lumber.

LOUISVILLE, April 11.—Flour unchanged. Wheat nominal. Corn quiet and unchanged at 70c.@72c. Oats quiet and unchanged at 58c.@62c. Provisions quiet and unchanged. Pork sold at $17. Bulk Meats sold at 6¼c. for Shoulders; 8⅝c. for Clear Rib Sides; 8⅞c. for Clear Sides. Bacon sold at 7c. for Shoulders; 9⅜c. for Clear Rib Sides; 9¾c. for Clear Sides. Sugar-cured Hams sold at 12¾c.@13c. Lard sold at 10c. for Tierce; 10¾c. for Keg. Whisky sold as 94c.

TOLEDO, April 11.—Flour firm and in fair demand. Wheat firm and in fair demand at $1 46 for No. 3 White Wabash; $1 48½ for Amber Michigan; May, $1 51½; June, $1 56; No. 2 Red, $1 47½. Corn firm and in fair demand at 69¼c. for High Mixed; May, 69¾c.; no grade, 68½c.; Damaged, 65c. Oats a shade better, at 50¼c. for No. 2. Clover-seeds sold at $5 90. Receipts—6,000 bushels Wheat, 13,000 bushels Corn, 2,000 bushels Oats. Shipments—6,000 bushels Wheat, 34,000 bushels Corn, 3,000 bushels Oats.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., April 11.—Flour active; Superfine, $4 75@$5 62½; Extra, $5 75@$6 62½. Wheat active; Red, $1 58@$1 65; Amber, $1 70@$1 80; White, $1 78@$1 90; No. 1 Spring, $1 49@$1 50. Rye, 97c.@98c. Corn active; Yellow, 83c.@84c.; Mixed, 80c.@84c.; White, 82c.@83c. Oats active; White, 63c.@65c.; Mixed, 60c.@62c. Provisions firm. Mess Pork, $17@$17 25. Petroleum—Crude, 11¼c.; Refined, 15½c.@15¾c., spot and April. Whisky, 96c.

DETROIT, April 11.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat steady; $1 66 bid for Extra; $1 67 asked; No. 1 White, $1 58. Corn steady at 70c. Oats in good demand at 51c. Clover-seed sold at $6. Receipts—1,000 bbls. Flour, 9,000 bushels Wheat, 1,000 bushels Corn, 2,000 bushels Oats. Shipments—1,000 bbls. Flour, 35,000 bushels Wheat, 1,000 bushels Corn, 3,000 bushels Oats.

NEW-ORLEANS, April 11.—Oats dull and declining at 60c.@61c. Coffee quiet at 21½c.@22½c. for Ordinary; 23c.@24c. for fair; 24c.@24½c. for good; 24½c.@25c. for prime; stock in first hands, 5,000 bags; dealers stock, 8,000 bags. Corn-meal firm at $3 50@$3 55. Others unchanged. Gold, 113¼. Exchange—New-York Sight, par; Sterling, $5 47½@$5 48½.

CHICAGO, April 11.—Cattle—Receipts, 939 head; market quiet and weak; not quotably lower; shipments, 1,700 head. Hogs—Receipts, 7,000 head; good grades active and firm; common do. dull and easy; sales at $5 25@$6 for fair to extra; shipments, 10,000 head. Sheep—Receipts, 244 head; market steady and unchanged.

ALBANY, April 11.—Wheat quiet but firm. Rye held higher; $1 07 bid and $1 10 asked for lots in store. Corn quiet; sales, three cars No. 2 High Mixed Western at 86c. Barley and Barley-malt quiet. Oats firm and in good request; sales, eight cars No. 2 Mixed State at 60c.

WILMINGTON, N. C., April 11.—Spirits of Turpentine quiet at 40½c. Resin steady at $1 90 for Strained, $2 for No. 2, $2 25 for Low No. 1, $4 50 for Low Pale, $4 50 for Pale, and $5 for Extra do. Crude Turpentine steady at $2 for Hard, and $3 for Yellow Dip. Tar steady at $1 80.

CLEVELAND, April 11.—Wheat quiet and steady at $1 55 for No. 1 Red; $1 45 for No. 2 do. Corn better at 74c.@75c. for New Mixed. Oats firm at 53c. for No. 1 State; 51c. for No. 2. Petroleum unchanged.

THE COTTON MARKETS.

NEW-ORLEANS, April 11.—Cotton firm, good demand; Middling, 16½c.; net receipts, 337 bales; gross, 338 bales; exports to the Continent, 445 bales; to France, 1,615 bales; coastwise, 1,877 bales; sales, 31,000 bales; last evening, 100 bales; stock, 204,915 bales.

GALVESTON, April 11.—Cotton steady, fair demand; Good Ordinary, 14⅝c.; Middling, 16⅝c.; net receipts, 582 bales; exports to Great Britain, 2,565 bales; coastwise, 39 bales; sales, 100 bales; stock, 54,385 bales.

CHARLESTON, April 11.—Cotton firm; Middling, 16c.@16⅛c.; Low Middling, 15½c.@15⅝c.; Good Ordinary, 14⅞c.@15c.; net receipts, 604 bales; sales, 500 bales; stock, 33,255 bales.

LAW REPORTS.

COURT CALENDARS—THIS DAY.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Held by Lawrence, J.

Nos.
185—Stillman vs. Mack.
1—Ferguson vs. Newman.
2—Ferguson vs. Andrews.
6—Jones vs. Harris.
33—Bank of the Republic vs. Norton.
65—Miller, &c., vs. Brown, &c.
66—Swift vs. The Sun Mutual Ins. Co.
67—Swift, Jr., vs. Sun Mutual Ins. Co.
79—Flugel, &c., vs. Sinclair, &c.
81—Clews, &c., vs. Rockford, R. I. and St. Louis R. R. Co.
83—Hibernia Ins. Co. of Ohio vs. Murray.
84—Baring, &c., vs. De Aldama.
92—Dreyer vs. Heyman.
95—Porous Plaster Co. vs. Mason.
97—Binsse vs. McCallum, &c.
105—Dreyer vs. Heyman.
106—Stockwell vs. Earle.
108—Dreyer vs. Heyman.
110—O'Connor vs. Leggett, &c.
112—Clews vs. Raphael.
116—Goodridge vs. Skidmore, &c.
117—Tillinghast, &c., vs. Tillinghast, Jr., &c.
149—Orcut vs. Pratt.
157—In the matter, &c., Norwood.
164—Schloss vs. Harris.
191—Strom vs. Reymort.

Nos.
192—Campbell vs. Campbell
195—Huxton vs. Birdsall, &c.
202—Lemair, &c., vs. Griswold.
204—Ropes vs. The International Ins. Co.
206—Oberlander vs. Rossway.
209—Catlin vs. Catlin.
213—Bonynge vs. Earle.
214—In the matter, &c., Coleman.
215—In the matter, &c., Voorhis.
216—Ragsdale vs. Stuart, &c.
225—Campbell, Administratrix, vs. Hoge, &c.
227—Homberg vs. Kitchen, &c.
228—Bond, &c., vs. The Quicksilver M. Co.
229—Loaner's Bank, N. Y., vs. Jacobs, &c.
237—McGowan vs. Green.
238—Day vs. Earle.
240—Ferguson vs. Andrews.
241—Ferguson vs. Newman.
243—Catlin vs. Catlin.
246—Humphreys vs. Hartt.
250—Beach, Trustee, vs. Meyer, &c.
261—Rockford, R. I., and St. Louis R. R. Co. vs. Boody.
276—Flugel vs. Sinclaire.
278—Witemore vs. Van Steinbergh.
279—Eustace vs. Jeremiah.
280—Bain vs. Bradner.
292—Winship vs. Winship.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

Held by Van Brunt, J.—Court opens at 10:30 A. M.

Nos. Demurred.
12—Torney v. The Mayor, &c.
Issues of Law and Fact.
149—Casserly, Receiver, vs. Manners.
180—Leavy vs. Leavy.
185—Bostwick vs. Frankfield.
200—Douglas vs. Douglas et al.
217—N. Y. Float. D. D. Co. vs. Seaman et al.
232—Anderson vs. Coar et al.
242—Mariner vs. Bloss et al.
244—Oliver et al. vs. Brown.
247—Kinney vs. Wood.
258—Nichols vs. Jenkins.
264—McNiff vs. Straut et al.
272—Smith vs. Bell et al., impleaded, &c.
274—Haggerty et al. vs. Walker et al.
275—Crowe et al. vs. Trowbridge, &c., et al.
276—Ross vs. Hinman et al.
277—Peet vs. Ruszits.
278—Anthony vs. Ruszits.
283—Codling vs. Brown.
186—Powers vs. Elias.
137—St. P. M. A. and B. As. vs. St. P. M. A. As.
284—Salmon vs. Gedney et al.
285—Green vs. Milbank et al.
286—Hanbury vs. Connelly et al.
287—Cong. Shaaray Tefila vs. Mayor, &c.
288—Humphreys vs. Hurtt.
289—Bran vs. Bruce et al.

Nos.
290—McConnell vs. Fitzgerald et al.
291—Townshend vs. Norris.
292—Beamish, Receiver, vs. Rushton et al.
293—Grigg, &c., vs. Fay et al.
294—Ritchie, Administrator, vs. Van Vleck et al.
295—Walker vs. Walker.
296—Palmer et al., Trustee, vs. Woolsey et al.
297—Bigelow vs. Jones.
298—Rowe vs. Cent. Park Hotel Co. et al.
299—Same vs. Same.
300—Same vs. Same.
301—Man v. Koehler et al.
302—Harte vs. De Witt.
303—Hanford, Executor, vs. Gale et al.
304—Kelsey et al. vs. Hegeman, Executor, et al.
305—Tuska vs. Fettretch et al.
306—Graepte vs. Levy et al.
307—De Forest vs. Keyes.
308—Bard vs. U. S. Life Ins. Co.
309—Mer. Ex. Nat. B'k vs. Waterville Mfg. Co.
310—Hobbs vs. Brown, Executrix, et al.
311—Faber vs. Perkins. Jr.
312—Miller et al. vs. Sledge et al.
313—Rainsfow, &c., vs. Dean et al.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT.—PART II.

Adjourned till Tuesday, April 14.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—PART III.

Held by Van Vorst, J.—Court opens at 10:30 A. M.

Nos.
1215—Shaw vs. Duncan.
2549—Nelson vs. The Mayor, &c.
309—Millan vs. Graham.
717—Dennis vs. Charlick et al.
445—Hoffman vs. Wagner et al.
239—Despres et al. vs. Kelly, Sheriff.
1237—Beekman, Receiver, vs. Beekman et al.
1505—McLain vs. Mayor, &c.
687—Heath et al. vs. Mahony.
285—Willett, Administrator, vs. Kipp et al.

Nos.
1219—Glaus vs. Wynkoop et al.
2921—Smith vs. Mayor. &c.
1777—Muller et al. vs. The Mayor, &c.
1105—Claflin et al. vs. Minzesheimer et al.
1201—Babcock, survivor, &c., vs. Smith.
455—Taylor vs. Eastman.
1139—Fullerton vs. Charlick.
3—Stein vs. Kelly, Sheriff.
1578—Pignard vs. Poissonnier.
731—Edy vs. Persch.

SUPERIOR COURT—GENERAL TERM.

Adjourned until Monday, April 13.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM—PART I.

Held by Sedgwick, C. J.—Court opens at 11 A. M.—Calendar called at 1:30 P. M.

Nos.
729—Hexter vs. Knox.
620—Knox vs. Hexter.
932—Livermore vs. Livermore et al.
731—Parsons et al. vs. Sutton et al.
771—Risley vs. Smith et al.
873—Morey vs. Safe Deposit Company.
625—Corwin et al. vs. Eighth Nat. Bank.
155½—Wagner vs. Babcock.
877—De Forrest vs. McDowell.

Nos.
663—Sutro et al. vs. Fargo, President, &c.
911—Clarkson vs. Brevoort.
533—Ellis vs. Black.
41—Amerman vs. O'Brien, Sheriff.
739—Stoker vs. B. & N. A. S. S. Co.
641—McLean et al. vs. Amazon Insurance Company.
879—Merchants' Ex. Nat. Bank vs. Com. Ins. Co.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM—PART II.

Adjourned until Monday, May 4.

COMMON PLEAS—GENERAL TERM.

Will meet on the third Monday in April for the purpose of rendering decisions.

COMMON PLEAS—EQUITY TERM.

Held by Robinson, J.—Court opens at 11 A. M.

Nos.
6—Jalkert vs. Schwartz.
10—Schepp vs. Mittnacht.
12—Martin vs. Pratt.

Nos.
20—Slade vs. Taylor.
25—Wheaton vs. Van Vechten.

COMMON PLEAS—TRIAL TERM—PART I.

Held by Daly, C. J.—Court opens at 11 A. M.

Nos.
2080—Angevine vs. Sandford.
2656—Fallon vs. C. P. N. & E. R. R. R. Co.
4078—Murray vs. Mayor, et al.
4080—Rentz vs. Mayor, et al.
2617—Braunsdorf vs. Merritt.
2618—McComb vs. Merritt. et al.

Nos.
4070—Hastings vs. Mayor, &c.
2420—Connor vs. Gray.
3883—Booth vs. Brennan.
1590—Johnson vs. Mutual Pro. Life Assur. So.
2251—Delavan vs. Libbey.
1783—Shaw vs. Babcock.
2281—Peck vs. Weber.
2346—Newitter vs. Germania Fire Ins. Co.
4138—Brown vs. Mayor.

COMMON PLEAS—TRIAL TERM—PART II.

Held by Larremore, J.—Court opens at 11 A. M.

Nos. Set down.
2624—Tiffany & Co. vs. Martin.
141—Wright vs. Brown.
2710—Clark, executrix, vs. Mitchell.
1601—Cockroft vs. Moller.
1812—Stern, assignee, vs. Merchants' Ins. Co.
1809—Stern, assignee, vs. Commerce Ins. Co.
104—Dymond vs. Gillies.
78—Ely vs. Stillwell.
1807—Stern, Assignee, vs. Shoe & L. F. & M. Ins. Co., Boston.

Nos.
1811—Stern, Assignee, vs. Globe Fire Ins. Co., New-York.
1811—Stern, assignee, vs. Norwich Fire Ins. Co.
Ready Friday.
4077—Barnes vs. The Mayor, &c.
2724—Krietzler vs. Felts.
2731—Jardine vs. The Mayor, &c.
2706—Barastique vs. Estera.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM—PART I.

Held by Joachimsen, J.—Court opens at 10 A. M.

Nos.
3375—Marx vs. Fisher.
3406—Grundy vs. Ormsby.
3736—Hyde vs. Weeks et al.
3782—Ashe vs. Clark.
3942—Walcott vs. Kinney.
3334—Porsch vs. Rabe.
2720—Rubin vs. Brew. and M. Ins. Co., N. Y.
3880—Cohen vs. Knapp et al.
3882—Keegan vs. Wood, Jr., et al.

Nos.
3888—Runkle vs. Dreyfoos et al.
3894—Montes vs. Benito.
3896—Woolf vs. Primer.
3898—Neidlinger et al. vs. Specht.
3900—Baker et al. vs. Crotty.
3904—Foss et al. vs. Norwich and N. Y. Trans. Co.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM—PART II.

Held by Gross, J.—Court opens at 10 A. M.

Nos.
3245—McLaughlin et al. vs. Gleason.
3309—Cole et al. vs. Bloss et al.
3541—Schenck vs. Lawrence.
4922—Schofield vs. Leith.
3593—Knapp vs. Hughes et al.
3529—Streat vs. Sherwood.
3313—Henley vs. Asher et al.

Nos.
3525—Wilson vs. Bucher.
3663—Mattern vs. Fisch.
4521—Thurber vs. Doherty.
4522—Same vs. Same.
3235—Funk vs. Windmuller.
3335—Ackerly vs. Webster.
3237—Burnheimer et al. vs. Nuhn et al.
3571—Wheelock vs. Plass, &c.
1963—Buskert vs. Hartog.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM—PART III.

Held by Shea, C. J.—Court opens at 10 A. M.

Nos.
4272—Ingalls vs. Anthony.
4660—Dermody vs. Aldrich.
2120—Hertz vs. Bartlett.
4724—Stimmel vs. Lebo.
4340—Angell et al. vs. Dadley.
4955—Brennan vs. Keyes.
3736—Simon vs. Danielson.
4768—Crane vs. Kursteiner.

Nos.
4738—Heinrich vs. Baer.
4760—Doty vs. Weed.
4761—Same vs. Same.
4438—Miller vs. Henken.
3636—Hammer vs. Rabut.
4764—Matz vs. Heingruber.
3778—Smith vs. Brennan et al.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS.

Held by Hackett, Recorder.

John Darcey, felonious assault and battery.
Peter Ferris, Samuel Harrison, felonious assault and battery.
Antonio De Antonio, felonious assault and battery.
Lawrence Kune, felonious assault and battery.
John F. O'Niel burglary.
Catharine Smith, Louisa Miller, grand larceny.

Martha Webster, grand larceny.
James Smith, William J. Livingston, grand larceny
Isaac Lunney, grand larceny.
Catharine Snyder, grand larceny.
George Dixon, larceny from the person.
Mary Harrison, larceny from the person.

COURT OF OYER AND TERMINER.

Christian Mayer, felonious assault and battery.

DECISIONS.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

By Judge Lawrence.

Sleight vs. Clark; Power vs. the Mayor, &c.; Stule vs. Stule; Taylor vs. Palmer; In the matter, &c., Hoyt; Ripell vs. Stewart; Oriental Savings Bank vs. Purcell, &c.; granted

Edson vs. Hoyt; Hedges vs. Moulton; McNamara vs. Brace; Bogert vs. Bogert; memorandums.

Allerton vs. Kinne; judgment granted.

Matzdorff vs. Matzdorff; judgment was signed in this case on the 30th day of March, 1874, and papers filed the 31st day of March, 1874.

Wells vs. Rehn; granted.

In the matter of the New-York Michigan Silver Lead Company; memorandum.

By Judge Donohue.

Horn &c., vs. Allen; order granted.

Warren vs. Corwin; memorandum.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

By Judge Freedman.

Edsall vs. Wood et al. See memorandum for counsel.

COMMON PLEAS—SPECIAL TERM.

By Judge Loew.

Merwin vs. Wexel; motion to place cause on Day Calendar denied without costs.

Pauline Sands vs. Geo. S. Sands; divorce granted to plaintiff.

Burr vs. Van Ranst; Groesbech vs. Groesbech; see memorandums.

Hall vs. Schuhman; motion granted on payment of $7 costs.

A QUARREL ABOUT AN UMBRELLA.

THE SHOOTING OF YOUNG BRECKINRIDGE IN LEBANON, TENN.

The Nashville *Republican Banner* gives the following account of the shooting of young J. R. Breckinridge, of Danville, Ky., by John L. Anderson, at a saloon in Lebanon, Tenn., on the 9th inst.: "It seems that Anderson, Breckinridge, and Leroy Settle were standing in company on the street talking. Anderson remarked to Breckinridge that he wanted to use his umbrella. Breckinridge replied that as it was raining he would want to use it all day himself. Anderson then took the umbrella from Breckinridge's hand and prepared to leave with it, which action induced angry words from both parties. Mr. Settle here remarked to Breckinridge to let him (Anderson) have it, and he would see that it was returned. After this little altercation, the difficulty was or seemed to have been amicably adjusted. Later in the evening the two young gentlemen entered a billiard saloon and played a game or two. Still later, or about 1 o'clock A. M., they entered the Maxwell saloon and called for drinks for themselves and another gentleman. The third party and Breckinridge had been handed beer, when Anderson called for wine. As the bar-tender turned to supply his demand, Anderson drew a pistol and shot Breckinridge, mortally wounding him, the ball entering just above the right eye and causing a portion of his brain to protrude. Breckinridge fell instantly. The bar-tender attempted to pass from behind the counter to the assistance of the wounded man, when Anderson presented a pistol, at the same time ordering another drink of wine. This the bar-keeper gave him, and started again toward Breckinridge. Anderson ordered him back again, this time demanding a cigar, which was given him, and then Anderson walked out of the saloon. After Anderson left the saloon the bar-keeper procured assistance and conveyed Breckinridge to the Lee House, where he is now lying. Drs. James L. Thompson, Jas. Fite, and G. Robinson were called in promptly to his assistance. Upon examination they pronounced his recovery impossible. Portions of his brain continued to ooze out. The report has since obtained circulation that Anderson has left town. Young Breckinridge's family were telegraphed to at Lexington, Ky., and they are expected to arrive at Lebanon this morning. The affair has cast a gloom over the community. The circumstances surrounding the case are painful to the friends of both parties.

Young Anderson is about twenty-five years old, and is a son of Dr. J. M. Anderson, of Lebanon. He is said to have been much under the influence of intoxicating spirits when the shooting was done. J. R. Breckinridge is a student in the law department of Cumberland University. He is closely related to the distinguished family of that name in Kentucky, being the son of the late Dr. Robert J. Breckinridge, brother of W. C. B. Breckinridge, of Lexington, and a nephew of Hon. John C. Breckinridge."

TRAGIC INCIDENT OF THE CRUSADE.

The Boston *Advertiser* gives the following account of the sudden death of a saloon-keeper from excitement at a visit from a praying party: "The temperance question is receiving a great deal of attention in East Douglas at present. On Fast Day a union mass-meeting was held, and a committee of ladies and gentlemen appointed to wait on the liquor-dealers. On Saturday the ladies called upon one of the principal saloons, the proprietor, Mr. L. Simpson, having refused to see the gentlemen, and were received very politely. He was asked if he thought it right to sell liquors, and responded, 'Yes, as right as for grocers to sell groceries.' One of the ladies then read several passages from the Bible, remarking, 'Let us see what the Lord says.' On hearing the Scriptures relating to the anger of the Lord with drunkards and those who sell liquor, the proprietor turned pale, trembled violently, and clutched the counter convulsively for support. The many loungers in the saloon were stupefied, and only offered assistance when urged by the ladies. On being led into another room he cried several times, 'O, God! have mercy on my soul!' Immediately his tongue began swelling, filling his mouth to such an extent as to render it impossible to articulate. The ladies did all in their power to render him comfortable, and a physician was sent for, who, on arriving, pronounced it a case of apoplexy, and in a short time the man died. The community was, of course, startled with the news, and the feeling for Mr. Simpson is intense. The ladies all agreed that it was the direct work of the Lord, and even some of the frequenters of the saloon acquiesced in this decision."

THE NEW HOME FOR INCURABLES.

The Home for Incurables has been removed from the village of West Farms to the new building near Fordham, where the accommodations have been greatly improved. The number of inmates at present in the institution is forty. Some years ago, Mr. John David Wolfe became interested in the institution and gave a donation of $30,000 to purchase ten acres of the estate of Jacob Lorillard, on an elevated site, a short distance from the Harlem Railroad Station, at Fordham, for the erection of a new and permanent building. When this building is completed it will be 200 feet long, and will consist of a main or centre building forty feet wide and fifty feet deep, with two wings each eighty feet long and fifty feet deep. At present the main building and south wing have been completed, and in these the inmates are accommodated. The heating and ventilation of the building will embrace all the modern improvements. A weekly stipend is paid by about one-half of the inmates; the rest are supported by contributions to the institution. Three beds are endowed in the institution by the payment of $3,000 for each bed, by Mrs. Helen Stuyvesant, Mrs. Benjamin H. Field, and Mrs. Elbridge G. Terry. A.W. Campbell, M. D., is the Superintendent, and Mr. Benjamin H. Field is President of the Board of Managers, and has done much to advance the interests of the institution.

THE DEPARTMENT OF WORKS.

Commissioner Van Nort makes the following statement of public moneys received by the Department of Public Works during the week ending Saturday: For Croton water rent and penalties, $7,457 60; for tapping Croton pipes, $176 50; for vault permits, $2,048 25; for sewer permits, $310; for sewer-pipe sold to contractors, $127 90. Total, $10,120 25.

LEGAL NOTICES.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS—IN AND FOR the City and County of New-York.—W. A. OGDEN HEGEMAN and EDGAR BRADFORD CLARK, Executors of the last will and testament of RALPH CLARK, deceased, plaintiffs, against KENNETH MACLEA, JOHN SAMUELS, RICHARD W. NEWMAN, and FRANKLIN MEAD, defendants.—Summons—For Relief.—(Com. not served.)—To the defendants: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas in and for the City and County of New-York, at the new Court-house, in the City of New-York, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office, No. 261 Broadway, in the City of New-York, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated April 10, 1874.
WM. H. INGERSOLL, Plaintiffs' Attorney,
New-York City.

The complaint above referred to was filed in the office of the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas in the New-York County Court-house, on the — day of April, 1874. WM. H. INGERSOLL, Plaintiffs' Attorney.
ap13-1aw6wM*

SUPREME COURT.—ROBERT H. ARKENBURGH against A. LASKY and HERMAN BOCK.—Summons for money demand on contract.—(Com. not ser.)—No. 2.—To the above-named defendants: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the Court-house in New-York City, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office, at No. 128 Broadway, in New-York City, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff will take judgment against you for the sum of four hundred and forty-one dollars and nineteen cents, with interest from the 18th day of March, 1874, besides the costs of this action and two dollars and five cents protest fees.—Dated March 20, 1874.
J. W. FEETER, Plaintiff's Attorney.

The complaint in the above action was filed in the New-York City and County Clerk's Office on the 28th day of March, 1874. J. W. FEETER,
mh30-1aw6wM Plaintiff's Attorney.

SUPREME COURT.—ROBERT H. ARKENBURGH against A. LASKY and HERMAN BOCK.—Summons for money demand on contract.—(Com. not ser.)—No. 1.—To the above-named defendants: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the Court-house, in New-York City, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office, at No. 128 Broadway, New-York City, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff will take judgment against you for the sum of four hundred and forty dollars, with interest from the 16th day of February, 1874, besides the costs of this action, and two dollars and three cents protest fees.—Dated March 4, 1874. J. W. FEETER, Plaintiff's Attorney.

The complaint in the above-entitled action was filed in the New-York City and County Clerk's Office on the 28th day of March, 1874. J. W. FEETER,
mh30-1aw6wM Plaintiff's Attorney.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

$50,000.—AN EXPERIENCED MERCHANT, well known to merchants and bankers down town, would like to find a capitalist with this amount to engage in a safe and profitable business. Address C., Box No. 27 Up-town *Times* Office, No. 54½ West 32d st.

A COAL AND LUMBER YARD, WITH STOCK, dwelling-house, and twenty acres of land, to let at King's Bridge; excellent opportunity for an energetic man; rent low. Inquire of H. W. COATES, No. 80 Cedar st.

MARBLE MANTELS.

A. KLABER, NO. 134 EAST 18TH ST., NEAR 3D av., is selling and manufacturing all kinds of marble and marbleized mantels and other marble work, at greatly reduced prices. Marble turning for the trade.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS.

KINGS COUNTY PENITENTIARY CONVICT LABOR.

Notice is hereby given that proposals will be received by the undersigned Committee of the Board of Supervisors of Kings County, at the office of the Clerk of said board, Room No. 10, County Court-house, in the City of Brooklyn, until 12 o'clock M. of MONDAY, the 20th day of April, 1874, for the labor of three hundred and fifty male and fifty female convicts, (more or less of each,) able bodied, and under sentence for terms of from three months to ten years, now and hereafter to be imprisoned in the Penitentiary of said county. The present contract of C. D. Bigelow & Co., manufacturers of ladies' shoes, expires on the 14th day of July, 1874, and a new contract is to be made in lieu thereof.

Proposals to be for the term of five years, commencing with the 15th day of July, 1874, and to state the price per diem for each convict, and the kind of labor to be carried on.

The prison has good, commodious, and suitable workshops for the employment of such convicts.

Full particulars of the institution, its present and past management and discipline, can be obtained on application at the office of the said Clerk or Warden or Keeper of the Penitentiary, Crown st., near Nostrand av., in the City of Brooklyn.

By order of the Board of Supervisors of Kings County.

JOHN M. CLANCY,
DANIEL O. CONNELL,
WM. RICHARDSON,
ADOLPH GUBNER,
JOHN H. SNYDER
W. C. McKINNY,
J. L. RYDER,
Committee on Penitentiary.

BOARD OF EDUCATION.

Sealed proposals will be received by the School Trustees of the Twenty-second Ward, at the hall of the Board of Education, corner of Grand and Elm sts., until MONDAY, the 13th day of April, 1874, and until 4 o'clock P. M. on said day, for enlarging and altering Grammar School House No. 51, on West 44th st., near 11th av.

Proposals must state the estimate for each branch of the work separately, and be indorsed "Proposal for Mason Work," "Proposal for Carpenter Work," "Proposal for Painting," "Proposal for Heating," "Proposal for Furniture."

Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of the Superintendent of School Buildings, No. 146 Grand st., third floor.

Two responsible and approved sureties, residents of this City, will be required from each successful bidder. Proposals will not be considered unless sureties are named.

The name of the party or firm submitting a proposal must be indorsed on the outside of the envelope containing said proposal.

The Trustees reserve the right to reject any or all of the proposals submitted.

JOEL W. MASON,
JOHN MORGAN,
JAMES R. CUMING,
ADNA H. UNDERHILL,
WALTER CARTER,
Board of School Trustees Twenty-second Ward.
Dated NEW-YORK, March 26, 1874.

BOARD OF EDUCATION.

Sealed proposals will be received by the School Trustees of the Twentieth Ward, at the Hall of the Board of Education, corner of Grand and Elm sts., until MONDAY, April 13, 1874, and until 4:30 o'clock P. M., on said day, for desks, &c., in two class-rooms of Grammar School No. 32.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of the Superintendent of School Buildings, No. 146 Grand st., third floor.

Two responsible and approved securities, residents of this City, will be required from the successful bidder; proposals will not be considered unless sureties are named.

The name of the party or firm submitting a proposal must be indorsed on the outside of the envelope containing said proposal.

The Trustees reserve the right to reject any or all of the proposals submitted.
H. D. RAMSEY, M. D.,
THOMAS MAHER,
WILLIAM KILLIAN,
THOMAS J. HALL,
AUSTIN ABBOTT,
Board of School Trustees, Twentieth Ward.
Dated NEW-YORK, March 30, 1874.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the School Trustees of the Twelfth Ward at the Hall of the Board of Education, corner Grand and Elm sts., until TUESDAY, the 14th day of April, 1874, and until 4 o'clock P. M. on said day, for the erection of a new school-house on the south side of 128th st., between 6th and 7th avs. Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of the Superintendent of School Buildings, No. 146 Grand st., third floor.

Two responsible and approved sureties, residents of this City, will be required from each successful bidder. Proposals will not be considered unless sureties are named.

Proposals must state the estimate for each branch of the work separately, and be indorsed "Proposal for Mason Work," "Proposal for Carpenter Work," "Proposal for Painting."

The name of the party or firm submitting a proposal must be indorsed on the outside of the envelope containing said proposal.

The Trustees reserve the right to reject any or all of the proposals submitted.
DAVID H. KNAPP,
JOSEPH P. FALLON,
LAWSON F. FULLER,
ANDREW SMITH,
GRANVILLE P. HAWES,
Board of School Trustees Twelfth Ward.
Dated NEW-YORK, March 20, 1874.

TO MACHINISTS.

Proposals will be received by the Water Commissioners of the Town of Brookline, Mass., until 5 P. M. of THURSDAY, April 16, 1874, for a pumping engine and boiler, to be set up on Baker st., West Roxbury. Address CHARLES H. DREW, Chairman,
Brookline Mass.

For specifications apply to EDWARD S. PHILBRICK, Civil Engineer, No. 12 West st., Boston, Mass.

PROPOSALS FOR SCREENED GRAVEL.

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Department of Public Parks, until FRIDAY, April 17, 1874, at 9:30 o'clock A. M., for five thousand (5,000) cubic yards of Screened Gravel, suitable for walks and roads, and similar to that heretofore used on the public parks of the City of New-York. For full information see the *City Record*. Copies for sale at No. 2 City Hall.

OFFICE OF THE A. A. C. S., FORT WOOD,
N. Y. H., April 13, 1874.

SEALED PROPOSALS IN DUPLICATE WILL be received at this office until 11 A. M., May 15, 1874, for furnishing the fresh beef required by the Subsistence Department U. S. A., at this station during the year commencing July 1, 1874. Information as to conditions, quality of beef, &c., can be obtained by applying to R. M. POTTER, Captain and A. A. C. S.

SEALED PROPOSALS FOR 5,000 WHITE or Yellow Pine or Spruce Piles.—Sealed proposals for furnishing this material will be received at the office of the Department of Docks until 11 o'clock A. M. of WEDNESDAY, April 15, 1874. For full information see the *City Record*. Copies for sale at No. 2 City Hall.

FURNITURE.

The Haeger Warehouses.
8th av., from 33d to 34th st., and No. 282 9th av., between 26th and 27th sts.
The OLDEST and MOST EXTENSIVE Establishments of the kind in the business.
STORAGE
For Furniture, Baggage, Trunks, Pianos, Mirrors, and all other property, in separate closed compartments of any size, always accessible. Four Platform Elevators. Goods received from any domestic or foreign point without notice, and duties, freight, &c., advanced. Night patrol receive goods at all hours, and will furnish shelter in interior court of warehouses for loaded wagons. Boxing, shipping, porterages, and everything appertaining to the storage and handling of property attended to.

T. G. SELLEW,
DESKS,
OFFICE AND LIBRARY FURNITURE,
No. 103 Fulton St.,
NEW-YORK.
BANKS AND OFFICES FITTED UP.
FINE CYLINDER DESKS.

SECOND-HAND FURNITURE.
SECOND-HAND FURNITURE.
JAMES GRAHAM,
No. 190 3d av.,
Is now open to purchase all kinds of second-hand furniture, both modern and antique; likewise carpets of every description. Has now on hand a great variety of rich furniture of every description on sale.

DEGRAAF & COCHRANE,
Nos. 152 and 154 West 23d st.,
MANUFACTURERS
PARLOR, CHAMBER, DINING-ROOM, AND LIBRARY FURNITURE,
Mattresses, Spring Beds, &c.
You will find in our warerooms a very large and varied assortment of
EVERY DESCRIPTION OF FURNITURE.
Prices as low as can be found. All goods fully guaranteed.

WEEKLY OR MONTHLY PAYMENTS
for FURNITURE, CARPETS, and BEDDING, at
B. M. COWPERTHWAITE & CO.'S, Nos. 155 and 157 Chatham st. An immense stock and low prices.

MISFIT CARPETS.—GOOD SECOND-HAND AND misfit carpets a specialty; all sizes, rich patterns, very cheap. 112 Fulton st., near Nassau, side entrance.

MUSICAL.

200 PIANOS AND ORGANS,
New and Second-hand, of First-class Makers, including Waters, will be sold at Lower Prices for cash, or on Installments, or for rent, in City or Country, during this month, by HORACE WATERS & SON, No. 481 Broadway, than ever before offered in New-York. Agents wanted for the sale of Waters' Celebrated Pianos and Organs. SPECIALTY: Pianos and Organs to let until the rent money pays the price of the Instrument. Illustrated Catalogues mailed. A large discount to Ministers, Churches, Schools, Lodges, &c.

RAVEN & CO. PIANOS.
Known for forty-five years the best.
Buy direct from the manufactory and save dealer's percentage. Organs, $100, up.
RAVEN & CO.,
Ware-rooms Nos. 116 and 118 West 14th st., near 6th av.

A LARGE STOCK OF PIANOS,
SQUARE AND UPRIGHT, to rent or sell cheap; rent allowed on purchases. Call at M. M. MERRELL'S No. 8 Union square, (No. 165 4th av.)

S. X. BALL & CO., NO. 15 EAST 14TH ST.—Grand, square, and upright pianos; Chickering's, Steinway's, Weber's, and others; also, cabinet or parlor organs low for cash, on installments and for rent.

LIGHTE & ERNST.—OLD HOUSE OF LIGHTE, Newton & Bradbury, established 1840, have removed to No. 12 East 14th st. Pianos for sale and to let cheap, also on easy monthly payments.

NEW AND SECOND-HAND PIANOS AND ORGANS for rent and sale at very low prices.—Hallet & Davis, Steinway, Hazleton, and others; Pianos exchanged. BERRY & CO., No. 789 Broadway.

A LADY WILL SELL A FIRST-CLASS 7⅓ OCTAVE Piano, or will rent it; going to move and do not want to put it on storage; no liberal offer refused. Apply at No. 30 West Washington place, corner 6th av.

DRY GOODS. DRY GOODS.

UNUSUAL BARGAINS.

ELEGANT NEW SPRING GOODS

STYLISH AND CHEAP.

We have purchased during the past week, FOR CASH, A LARGE STOCK of BATISTE, TASSO, and OTHER LINEN FABRICS, and are now offering them at a PRICE that will HARDLY COVER the IMPORT DUTIES.

ALSO,

FANCY SILKS, in all the LEADING SHADES, at EXCEEDINGLY LOW PRICES.

LORD & TAYLOR,

BROADWAY AND 20TH ST.
GRAND ST. AND CHRYSTIE.

AT KINZEY'S.

Bargains in Spring Goods,

Straw Hats and Bonnets.

All the New Shapes
In imported and domestic Straw Hats and Bonnets, from low to finest goods.
Palmetto Hats, trimmed, 75c.
Misses' and Boys' Hats.
Rustic Hats, trimmed, 75c.
Imported Chip Bonnets.
Leghorns in all shapes.

French Pattern Bonnets.
Opening 500 boxes finest French Flowers received by last steamer.

AT KINZEY'S.

Turquois Silks in all the new Spring shades and tints, $1 yard.

AT KINZEY'S.

Dress Bonnet and Trimming Silks from auction, very low.

New Spring Shades

In All Silk

Gros Grain Ribbons.
No. 4, all silk gros grain, 10c. yard.
No. 5, all silk gros grain, 12c. yard.
No. 7, all silk gros grain, 13c. yard.
No. 9, all silk gros grain, 15c. yard.
No. 12, all silk gros grain, 20c. yard.
No. 16, all silk gros grain, 25c. yard.
No. 22, all silk gros grain, 25c. yard.

Cheapest Ribbons in the City.
No. 3, all silk Ribbons, 3c. yard.
No. 4, all silk Ribbons, 6c. yard.
No. 5, all silk Ribbons, 8c. yard.
No. 7, all silk Ribbons, 10c. yard.
No. 9, all silk Ribbons, 12½c. yard.
No. 12, all silk Ribbons, 15c. yard.
No. 16, all silk Ribbons, 20c. yard.
No. 22, all silk Ribbons, 25c. yard.
No. 30, all silk Ribbons, 25c. yard.

Sash Ribbons,
Seven-inch in new Spring shades, at 25c. yard.
All silk Roman Sash, 50c. yard.
Rich Gros Grain Sash, 50c. yard.
1,200 pieces rich watered, plain, embroidered, and fancy Sash Ribbons at 30c., 42c., 50c., 62c., 75c. yard.

75,000 Yards

Hamburg Embroideries
From auction and of our own importation, 3c., 6c., 8c., 10c., 15c., to 75c. yard.
Beaded Silk Veil Laces.
Rich Spanish Laces.
Chenille Dotted Laces.
Rich Scarf Laces.
Richly Beaded Guipure Laces from 3 to 5 inches wide, at 75c., $1, and $1 25 yard.
Bargains in Guipure Yak, Thread, Point, and Valenciennes Laces.
60,000 yards real Yak Laces from 25c., 31c., 30c., and $1 25 yard.
Real Valenciennes very low.
New Beaded Veils, $1 to $5.
Valenciennes Edgings, 15c., 20c., 25c. dozen.
Opening three cases of Rich Beaded Passementerie Gimps, Fringes, Tassels, Loops, &c., &c.
50,000 bunches fine cut Jet Beads, all sizes, 7c. bunch.
Rich Beaded Fringes, 25c. to $3 yard.
Rich Passementerie Gimps, 15c. to $2 yard.
All the new shades and Spring tints in Silk Fringes.

AT KINZEY'S.

Special Bargains in Hosiery.
300 dozen Ladies' white and brown Lisle Lace Hose, full regular, every size, at 25c. pair.

AT KINZEY'S.

Another lot of misses' full regular English Hose, 25c. pair.

AT KINZEY'S.

250 dozen full regular extra length silk clocked Balbriggan Hose, 49c. pair.

AT KINZEY'S.

Gents' super English Half-Hose, 25c.
Gents' Fancy Lisle Hose.

Gents' Furnishing Goods.
Full assortment of Ladies' and Misses' Striped Hose.
Opening a fine lot of Ladies' Under-wear of Chemise, Drawers, Sacques, Night-robes, Skirts, Corsets, &c., at Popular Prices.
Full assortment of Misses' Under-wear of every quality and style at Popular Prices.

Bargains in Handkerchiefs.
Ladies' Colored Borders in a Variety of new styles.
All-linen Hemstitch from 11c. up.
Men's Linen Handkerchiefs low.

GLOVE DEPARTMENT.
Large lot One-Button Kids, 25c.
Large lot Two-Button Kids, 50c.
Real Kid, Three-Button, at $1.
Warranted Real Kid Glove, 50c.
Ladies' Genuine Reynier Glove, 98c.
Two-Button Genuine Reynier Glove, $1 25.
Fine Castor Gauntlets, 69c.
Fine Castor, Two-Buttons, 96c.
All the new Spring Gloves, In 1, 2, 3, and 4 Buttons, For Ladies and Misses.
Another lot of our Real Kid Seamless Two-Button at $1 25 pair.

Opening two cases

Real Bajous Kid Gloves,

In every shade and color, as well as black and white.

We warrant every pair, and give a new pair for every one that rips or tears. They are the finest goods imported.

Silver-plated Ware.
Toilet Department, with the Best assortment of Perfumeries, Powders, Soap, Pomades of imported and domestic makes.
Photographic and Picture Frames.
Jewelry Department, with Novelties by every steamer.

Immense Bargains Offering in Fans this Week.

Opening New Styles in Parasols and Silk Umbrellas.

Swiss carved goods in Brackets, Shelves, &c., &c.
We call special attention to a large assortment of large Rich Buttons of every description, which we shall sell at 25c. dozen.
Rich pearl and steel Buttons.
Beaded and crochet Buttons.

WM. KINZEY,
Nos. 767 and 769 Broadway,
Corner Ninth street.
Corner below A. T. Stewart's.

Carpets, Oil-Cloths,

UPHOLSTERY GOODS, &c.
LARGEST ASSORTMENT IN THE CITY.
LOWEST PRICES; BEST GOODS.
NEW SPRING STYLES.

ENGLISH VELVETS from	$2 00 upward
BODY BRUSSELS from	1 75 upward
ENGLISH TAPESTRY from	1 00 upward
THREE PLYS from	1 25 upward
INGRAINS, ALL WOOL, from	75c. upward

MATTINGS, MATS, &c.
UPHOLSTERY GOODS,

LACE CURTAINS,

WINDOW SHADES,
HOLLANDS,
GIMPS, FRINGES, CORDS, TASSELS, &c.,
LAMBREQUINS AND CORNICES TO ORDER.
SHEPPARD KNAPP,
Nos. 183 and 185 6th av.,
one door below 13th st.

NEW IMPORTATIONS.

RICH CLUNYS IN DESIRABLE PATTERNS.

JETTED LACES, FINE SCARFS,
PEARL BUTTONS, DRESS TRIMMINGS,
JETTED GIMPS, FRINGES, &c.

ATTRACTIVE PRICES.

MILLER & GRANT,

NO. 879 BROADWAY.

Bennett Williams,

NO. 733 BROADWAY,

will offer for thirty days, previous to removal, immense bargains in Black Thread, Guipure, French Laces, Veils, Scarfs, Llama Lace Shawls, Sacques, Capes, Parasol Covers, Coiffures, Barbes, &c.; Real Point, Point Applique, Valenciennes Laces, Collars, Sets, Handkerchiefs, Fichus, Ruffling, Bows, Jabots, &c.: also, Hamburg Edgings, Insertions, Flouncings, Bands, Passementeries, Fringes, Ornaments, &c.; Ladies' and Gents' Linen Handkerchiefs, &c.

NEW-YORK DEYING AND PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT, STATEN ISLAND.
ESTABLISHED IN 1819.
No. 98 Duane st., near Broadway, } New-York.
No. 752 Broadway, near 8th st.,
No. 610 6th av., near 36th st.,
Nos. 166 and 168 Pierrepont st., near Fulton, Brooklyn. No. 40 North 8th st., Philadelphia.
Dye, cleanse, and refinish every variety of ladies' and gentlemen's garments and piece-goods; also cleanse window-shades, curtains, and carpets in their usual superior manner. Note—These are our only offices.

INDIA CAMEL'S HAIR SHAWLS.—WILL OFFER my stock of shawls at low prices for three days, and on Thursday the entire stock at public auction on the premises. J. RUSSELL, No. 33 East 20th st.

DIVIDENDS.

PHILADELPHIA AND READING RAILROAD COMPANY, }
OFFICE, No. 227 SOUTH 4TH ST.,
PHILADELPHIA, March 25, 1874.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

The transfer-books of this company will be closed on the 31st inst., and reopened on MONDAY, April 13, next.

A quarterly dividend of TWO AND A HALF PER CENT. has been declared on the preferred and common stock, clear of all taxes, payable in cash, on and after the 24th of April next, to the holders thereof, as they shall stand registered on the books of the company at the close of business on the 31st inst.

All dividends payable at this office, where blank orders for dividends can be obtained.

S. BRADFORD, Treasurer.

NEW-YORK CENTRAL AND HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD COMPANY, TREASURER'S OFFICE, }
NEW-YORK, March 10, 1874.

AT A MEETING OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS, held this day, it was was resolved that a Dividend of FOUR per Cent. on the capital stock of this company be paid on the 15th day of April next at the office of DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO., in the City of New-York, and that a Dividend of FOUR per Cent. on the outstanding Consolidation certificates of this company be paid on the same day at the same place.

The transfer-books for both capital stock and Consolidation certificates will be closed at the close of business on MONDAY, the 16th inst., and reopened on the morning of the 20th of April next.

C. C. CLARKE, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE PANAMA RAILROAD COMPANY, }
Nos. 59 AND 61 WALL ST.,
NEW-YORK, March 12, 1874.

SIXTY-THIRD DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF Directors have this day declared the usual quarterly dividend of THREE (3) PER CENT. for the three months ending the 31st inst., payable to stockholders or their legal representatives on and after the 15th day of April next.

Transfer books will be closed on the afternoon of the 9th, and reopened on the morning of the 17th day of April. JOHN KEELER, Secretary.

OFFICE CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY OF NEW-JERSEY, No. 119 LIBERTY ST., }
NEW-YORK, April 2, 1874.

A QUARTERLY DIVIDEND OF TWO AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. has this day been declared, payable on and after MONDAY, the 20th inst., at this office, to the stockholders of record on the closing of the transfer-books.

The transfer-books will be closed from MONDAY, the 6th, to WEDNESDAY, the 15th inst.

SAMUEL KNOX, Treasurer.

TOWN OF WESTCHESTER BONDS.—THE interest coupons of the bonds of the town of Westchester, as they become due, in this year, (1874,) will be paid at the Butchers' & Drovers' Bank, but the interest on bonds without coupons attached, and the bonds, as they become due in 1874, will be paid at the office of the Supervisor, No. 98 Wall st.

OFFICE OF THE EAGLE FIRE COMPANY, }
NEW-YORK, April 9, 1874.

A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND HAS THIS DAY been declared, payable on the 13th inst.

A. J. CLINTON, Secretary.

MISCELLANEOUS.

TO THE OFFICERS AND MEMBERS OF THE MECHANICS' AND TRADERS' EXCHANGE.

The Special Committee appointed at a special meeting held on the 10th April, 1874, to prepare suitable resolutions of respect to Hon. Wm. R. Knapp, deceased, late a member of this Exchange, beg leave to submit the following preamble and resolutions for your adoption:

Whereas, We have, with deep regret, learned of the death of Hon. Wm. R. Knapp, at his residence at Haverstraw, N. Y., late a merchant of this City, and a member of this Exchange; and,

Whereas, During many years of business intercourse, our deceased friend, by his uniform kindness of heart, courteous manner, and strict integrity, has won our respect and esteem; and,

Whereas, It is but right and proper that this Exchange should make a public manifestation of its sorrow, and show proper respect to the memory of the deceased; therefore, be it

Resolved, That the members of the Mechanics' and Traders' Exchange deplore with sincere sorrow the death of Hon. Wm. R. Knapp, for many years a member of this body, and for two years one of its Trustees; and while we bow in humble submission to the inscrutable decree of an all-wise Providence, we would not withhold the expression of the deep and mournful emotions of regret that pervades our hearts for the great loss ourselves, his family, and the community has sustained by his decease.

Resolved, That we truly and sincerely condole and sympathize with the family of our deceased friend and associate in the great loss which they have sustained; and, as some consolation in their bereavement, we would urge them to let their thoughts and memories dwell upon his virtues as a man, his tenderness as a husband, his kindness as a father, his faithfulness as a friend, his probity as a merchant, his usefulness as a citizen, for "their loss is his eternal gain."

Resolved, That a committee of five members of this Exchange be appointed by the President to attend the funeral of our late associate, at Haverstraw, on Monday next, the 13th inst.

Resolved, That a copy of this preamble and resolutions, suitably engrossed, be sent to the family of the deceased.

JOHN C. WANDELL, }
GEO. E. MYERS, } Committee.
GUSTAVUS ISAACS, }

DANCING.

C. H. RIVERS' DANCING ACADEMY, NO. 175 State, corner of Court st., Brooklyn.—Classes continued all Summer. Private lessons given at any time, day or evening. Send for a circular. Inclose 25 cents for a "Dancer's Assistant."

FINANCIAL.

CITY AND COUNTY TREASURY.

SAN FRANCISCO, MARCH 24, 1874.

PARK IMPROVEMENT BONDS

OF THE

CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO.

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the City and County Treasurer, San Francisco, until

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 29, 1874,

At 12 o'clock, noon,

for the purchase of (125) one hundred and twenty-five bonds, the same being a portion of 250 bonds authorized to be issued by an act of the Legislature of the State of California, entitled "An act concerning certain reservations of the City and County of San Francisco," approved March 11, 1874, and upon the written requisition of E. L. Sullivan, S. F. Butterworth and William Alvord, Park Commissioners, dated March 16, 1874.

Said bonds will be of the denomination of $1,000 each, payable in thirty years from the 1st of April, 1874, with interest at the rate of six per cent per annum from the 30th day of April, 1874; interest payable semi-annually on the 1st of October and 1st of April of each year. Principal and interest payable in United States gold coin, and in this city and county.

The faith and credit of the City and County of San Francisco are pledged for the payment of principal and interest in United States gold coin.

Bidders will state the rate per cent. at which they will purchase said bonds, payable in United States gold coin.

Each bid must be accompanied by ten per cent. of the amount bid for, either by certified check or in gold coin.

No bid will be considered if at less than ninety per cent. of the par value.

Proposals to be indorsed: "Proposals for Park Improvement Bonds."

JAMES OTIS, Mayor,
M. ASHBURY, Auditor.
C. HUBERT, Treasurer.

MUNICIPAL BONDS.

WE ARE NOW OFFERING THE BALANCE OF THE

CITY OF ROCHESTER WATER LOAN

AT PAR AND INTEREST. The Bonds mature in the year 1903, and bear interest at seven per cent. per annum, payable in this City in January and July.

COUPON BONDS OF $1,000 EACH.

REGISTERED BONDS OF $1,000 AND $5,000 EACH.

Under the direction of the BOARD OF WATER COMMISSIONERS more than EIGHT MILES of SERVICE-PIPE has been laid and brought into ACTUAL SERVICE during the past year.

We UNQUALIFIEDLY RECOMMEND this loan as a first-class investment, UNSURPASSED IN ITS SECURITY.

Robinson, Chase & Co.
BANKERS, NO. 18 BROAD ST.

VERMILYE & CO.

BANKERS,

16 and 18 Nassau st., New-York.

DEALERS IN ALL ISSUES OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.
FIRST-CLASS RAILROAD AND MUNICIPAL BONDS ALWAYS ON HAND FOR INVESTMENT.
BUY AND SELL ON COMMISSION
RAILWAY STOCKS, BONDS, AND GOLD.
INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.

WASH'N R. VERMILYE, DONALD MACKAY,
JAS. A. TROWBRIDGE LATHAM A. FISH.

Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railway Co.

SECOND MORTGAGE SEVEN PER CENT. BONDS,
COUPON BONDS OF $1,000 EACH.
REGISTERED BONDS OF $1,000 AND $5,000 EACH.
INTEREST PAYABLE 1ST JUNE AND 1ST DECEMBER.
PRINCIPAL DUE IN 1903.

For sale on behalf of the company on favorable terms by

SCOTT, STRONG & CO.,
Bankers, No. 36 Broad st.

The nominal amount of bonds authorized to be issued under this mortgage is twenty-five millions. Of this amount SIX MILLIONS are reserved to extinguish or absorb the unsecured bonds known as the "New Sinking Fund 7s of 1882," and of the balance but ONE MILLION in amount are now offered for sale.

HOUSTON AND TEXAS CENTRAL RAILWAY
FIRST MORTGAGE LAND GRANT SINKING FUND
SEVEN PER CENT. GOLD BONDS
BOUGHT AND SOLD BY
JOHN J. CISCO & SON,
No. 59 Wall st.

7, 8, AND 10 PER CENT.
CITY AND COUNTY BONDS,
CITY RAILROAD STOCKS,
RAILROAD BONDS,
and other choice Stocks and Bonds, paying 10 to 20 per cent., at low rates, for sale by
ALBERT H. NICOLAY & CO.,
No. 43 Pine st., New-York.
N. B.—Investment securities our specialty 22 years.

ROBERT WINTHROP & CO.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
NO. 18 WALL ST.,
Execute orders for STOCKS, BONDS, and GOLD, allow interest on DEPOSITS, and transact a general Banking and Brokerage business.

JOHN MUNROE & CO.,
BANKERS, NO. 8 WALL ST., NEW-YORK,
ISSUE CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT ON MUNROE & CO., PARIS, AND ON THE CONSOLIDATED BANK, LONDON.

FIRST MORTGAGE SEVEN PER CENT. BONDS OF THE NORTH HUDSON COUNTY RAILWAY COMPANY.—We offer for sale at 90 and accrued interest the above bonds. They are secured on a well-arranged and successful system of street railways occupying the principal avenues and streets in the northern half of the County of Hudson, N. J., including the City of Hoboken, a large portion of Jersey City, and the various towns lying north of them rapidly growing into one large and busy city.

The several lines of the company were commenced in 1860, and have been in successful operation ever since. The interest on its bonds and all its other liabilities have always been promptly met. Considerable amounts of the bonds have been placed chiefly in Hudson County, and are held for investment. The whole issue is $600,000, of which amount but $150,000 now remains to be sold.

The bonds have semi-annual coupons attached, payable at the First National Bank of Hoboken, and can be registered if desired. Principal payable Jan. 3, 1891. The Trustees for the bondholders are W. W. Shippen, Esq., President of the Hoboken Land and Improvement Company, and Wm. G. Shepherd, Esq., late President of the First National Bank of Hoboken.

HALLGARTEN & CO., No. 28 Broad st.

COMMERCIAL WAREHOUSE COMPANY.—Cash capital, $2,000,000. Office, No. 29 William st., corner Exchange place. Warehouses, Atlantic Dock, Brooklyn. Cash advances made on first-class securities on demand and time. Cash advances made on all kinds of merchandise stored in our own warehouses, or consigned to us, on favorable terms.

PAUL J. ARMOUR, President; JOSE F. NAVARRO, Vice President; JOHN BAIRD, Second Vice President; FELICIANO LATASA, Third Vice President.

Paul J. Armour, Wm. D. Bowerman, C. H. Delamater, José F. Navarro, Feliciano Latasa, Juan J. Jova, John Baird, Thomas Murphy, Henry E. Hyde.

WILLIAM TOBIN, Superintendent of Warehouses.
JAMES CLYNE, Secretary.

OFFICE DELAWARE AND HUDSON CANAL COMPANY, }
NEW-YORK, April 8, 1874.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of this company, for the election of managers and for other business will be held at the office of the company No. 71 Broadway, on Tuesday, 12th of May next.

The polls will be open from 12 noon until 2 o'clock P. M.

The transfer-books will be closed from the evening of April 30 until the morning of May 13. By order of the board. JAMES C. HARTT, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE GLOBE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, }
No. 176 BROADWAY,
NEW-YORK, March 30, 1874.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTors of this company, and of three Inspectors of Election, will be held at the office of the company on TUESDAY, the 14th day of April next. The poll will be open from 12 o'clock M. until 1 o'clock P. M.

ALFRED A. REEVES, Secretary.

OFFICE UNITED STATES WAREHOUSE COMPANY, No. 7 STATE ST., NEW-YORK, April 10, 1874.

AN ELECTION FOR NINE TRUSTEES AND three inspectors of election will be held at the office of the Company on TUESDAY, 14th inst. Polls open from 12 o'clock M. to 1 o'clock P. M.

IRA KETCHAM, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE COHOES COMPANY, }
COHOES, N. Y., April 10, 1874.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the Cohoes Company for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the company in Cohoes, on TUESDAY, the 12th day of May next, at 12 o'clock M.

T. G. YOUNGLOVE, Secretary.

FINANCIAL.

TURNER BROTHERS,

M. C. Turner, } BANKERS, { A. Turner,
T. C. Turner, G. M. Turner,
J. Turner, J. S. Decker.
R. Turner,

No. 14 Nassau-st., New-York,

Transact a general Banking business, (checks pass through Bank Clearing-house,) allow interest on Balances, issue Certificates of Deposit, draw Sight Exchange and make Telegraphic Transfers, pay coupons for Municipal and other Corporations, and keep Books of Registry and Transfer. Orders executed at Gold and Stock Exchanges for cash only.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,
NO. 59 WALL ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL and TRAVELERS' CREDITS AVAILABLE in all PARTS of the WORLD.

WANTED—TO BORROW $8,000 FOR A TERM OF years; will pay eight per cent., and give first mortgage on real estate situated in the famous "blue-grass region" of Ohio; real estate worth $24,000. Address J. SWINNERTON, Marion, Ohio.

SPECIAL CAPITAL WANTED.—$10,000, FOR which twelve and a half per cent., and security will be given. Address H. E. O., Box No. 172 Times Office.

FIRE INSURANCE STOCKS BOUGHT AND sold by WM. C. GILMAN, No. 46 Pine st.

SAVINGS BANKS.

IRVING SAVINGS INSTITUTION

NO. 96 WARREN ST., NEW-YORK.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST allowed on all sums.
Deposits made now draw interest from April 1.
Bank open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.
WALTER W. CONCKLIN, President.
VANDERBILT L. BUXTON, Secretary.

UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK.

Nos. 396 and 398 Canal st., corner Laight.
Open daily from 10 to 3, and Monday evenings 5 to 7.
Assets, Over Ten Million Dollars.
Surplus, Seven Hundred and Fifty Thousand Dollars.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED.
Books in English, French, and German.
G. S. CHAPIN, Treasurer. | N. J. HAINES, President.
T. S. ARMOUR, Secretary.

ATLANTIC SAVINGS BANK, CHATHAM SQUARE AND NEW-BOWERY.—Interest on money deposited now or on or before April 20 will date from April 1. The surplus fund of this bank amounts to $197,759 22, or about ten per cent. over all its liabilities. HARRISON HALL, President.
JOSEPH P. COOPER, Sec'y. C. D. BAILEY, Treas'r.
THIS BANK WILL REMOVE ON OR ABOUT APRIL 20 TO ITS NEW BUILDING, BOWERY, CORNER BOND ST.

GERMAN UP-TOWN SAVINGS BANK, Nos. 906 and 908 3d av. corner 55th st.
MONEY DEPOSITED NOW will draw interest from the 1st May at the rate of SIX PER CENT. per ANNUM on all sums from $1 to $5,000.
Bank open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS, and SATURDAYS also, from 6 to 8 in the evening.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

PURSUANT TO AN ORDER OF PETER Dorland, Surrogate of Dutchess County, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the estate of CORA LIVINGSTON BARTON, late of the town of Red Hook, in said county, deceased, are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the undersigned, Louise Livingston Hunt, one of the executors of said estate, at her residence at Barrytown, in the town of Red Hook, on or before the 2d day of September next, or in default thereof their claims will be debarred and precluded from payment by said executors out of said estate.—Dated this 27th day of February, 1874.
LOUISE LIVINGSTON HUNT,
MATURIN LIVINGSTON DELAFIELD,
CHARLES C. PINCKNEY, } Executors.
ARTHUR LEARY,
CARLETON HUNT,
mh2-1aw6mM PETER DORLAND, Surrogate.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROBERT C. HUTCHINGS, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against JAMES J. CRAIG, late of the City of New-York, deceased to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at the office of J. C. Havemeyer, No. 89 Wall st., or at the office of E. L. Fancher, No. 229 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on or before the 1st day of June next.—Dated New-York, the 20th day of November, 1873.
WILLIAM F. HAVEMEYER, }
JOHN C. HAVEMEYER, } Executors.
ENOCH L. FANCHER, }
n24-1aw6mM

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF Robert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against GRACE BURROWES, late of the city of Pau, in France, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his office, No. 48 Wall-street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 8th day of May next.—Dated New-York, the 7th day of November, 1873. WILLIAM JAY,
Administrator of Grace Burrowes, deceased.
n10-1aw6mM*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROBERT C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against WILLIAM BLACK, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, No. 92 William street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 1st day of July, 1874.—Dated New-York, the 23d day of December, 1873.
JAMES BLACK, Administrator.
SCUDDER & CARTER, No. 66 Wall street.
d22-1aw6mM

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—PURSUANT TO AN order of the Surrogate of the County of Fulton, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against JAMES C. KENNEDY, late of the City of Washington, in the District of Columbia, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, the executor of the last will and testament of the said deceased, at his office and place of transacting business, No. 11 Broad street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 6th day of July, 1874.—Dated this 26th day of December, 1873. HARVEY KENNEDY, Executor.
d29-1aw6mM*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROBert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against THOMAS P. WAY, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his residence, No. 247 Lexington avenue, in the City of New-York, on or before the 8th day of September next.—Dated New-York, the 28th day of February, 1874. JOHN SMITH RICE,
mh2-1aw6mM* Executor.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROBERT C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against GEORGE W. TERRETT, Junior, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his office, No. 55 Liberty street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 22d day of July next.—Dated New-York, the 16th day of January, 1874.
ja19-1aw6mM FRANKLIN BROWN, Executor.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROBERT C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ANNA MARIA MERRIAM, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his office, Nos. 115 and 117 Nassau street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 15th day of September next.—Dated New-York, the 28th day of February, 1871.
ISAAC DAYTON,
Public Administrator, and Administrator of the goods, &c., of Anna Maria Merriam, deceased.
mh2-1aw6mM

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROBERT C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against JOHN HOLT, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber at his office, Nos. 115 and 117 Nassau street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 1st day of June next.—Dated New-York, the 29th day of November, 1873.
ISAAC DAYTON,
Public Administrator, and Administrator of the Goods, &c., of John Holt, Deceased.
d1-1aw6mM

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROBERT C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against HENRY A. SUAER, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber at his office, No. 18 South William street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 26th day of October next.—Dated New-York the 9th day of April, 1874. HENRY F. SUAER, Executor.
ap13-1aw6mM*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROBERT C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against LUCRETIA E. MOORE, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, the office of James N. Wells, No. 191 Ninth avenue, in the City of New-York, on or before the 1st day of October, next.—Dated New-York, the 20th day of March, 1874.
mh23-1aw6mM* WM. T. MOORE, Administrator.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROBERT C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against THOMAS WHITE, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at their office, Room No. 23, No. 10 Wall street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 1st day of July next.—Dated New-York, the 20th day of December, 1873.
ALEXANDER W. FRASER,
JOHN O'NEILL,
d22-1awCmM* Administrators de bonis non.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROBERT C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ROYAL HOUGHTON, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of business, No. 326 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on or before the 25th day of April next. Dated New-York, the 20th day of October, 1873.
WILLIAM S. PATTEN, Executor.
o20-1aw6m M*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROBert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ANTHONY JONES, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his office, Nos. 115 and 117 Nassau street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 15th day of September next.—Dated New-York, the 28th day of February, 1874.
ISAAC C. DAYTON, Public Administrator, and Administrator of the goods, &c., of Anthony Jones, deceased. mh2-1aw6mM*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROBERT C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against CASSIUS DARLING, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at the office of Tremain & Tyler, his attorneys, at No. 167 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on or before the 6th day of October next. Dated New-York, the 3d day of April, 1874.
ap6-1aw6mM FRANCIS LELAND, Executor.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

ADVERTISEMENTS ARE RECEIVED FOR THE NEW-YORK TIMES
At the Times Up-Town Office,
No. 54½ West 32d st., junction Broadway and 6th av.,
And the Times West-Side Office,
No. 308 West 23d st., corner of 8th av.
NO EXTRA CHARGE WHATEVER.

AT BEDELL'S, NO 340 AND 342 4TH AV., EMployers will find, as usual, a large number of first-class servants of every description, both Protestant and Catholic, for City and country; also, waiters, coachmen, and gardeners.

AT BOOKHAM'S.—NOW REMOVED TO NO. 309 4th av., all parties wanting help, and all help wanting situations, Protestant or any other, cooks, ladies' maids, nurses, waitresses, housekeepers, of all nations; City or country.

AT PELTON & CO.'S, NO. 645 6TH AV., FORmerly with Bedell, will be found a large selection of first-class servants, highly recommended. Protestant and Catholic, for City and country; also, waiters, coachmen, &c.

A NUMBER OF FIRST-CLASS GERMAN servants, for all capacities, at the German Agency, Nos. 316 and 318 Bowery, entrance on Bleecker st. MRS. LOWE.

A NUMBER OF GOOD, RELIABLE SERVants, of all nations, for City or country, (some German girls,) at the HOME BUREAU, No. 138 6th av., above 10th st. Conducted by American ladies.

A YOUNG GERMAN LADY OF EDUCATION and refinement wishes a situation in town or country as companion to a lady; best references. Address C. P. R., Box No. 124 Times Office.

BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A SITUATION to go to Europe in any capacity; can be seen at her present employer's, who will give her the best recommendation. No. 70 Union place, 4th av., between 18th and 19th sts.

COMPANION.—A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY IN NEED of a companion, or to take care of grown children, can secure a very reliable French lady by applying at No. 72 Fleet st., Brooklyn. City references.

COMPANION.—A NORTH GERMAN LADY, SPEAKing French and English, wishes to meet with an engagement as traveling companion or governess; best references. Call at No. 7 East 46th st.

COMPANION.—TO EUROPE, AS COMPANION OR governess; a German lady, teaching German, French, and Italian, wishes to find a position. Address Mr. SCHMAUDER, No. 23 East 15th st., New-York.

CHAMBER-MAID.—A LADY WISHES TO FIND a situation for a respectable girl as chamber-maid and child's nurse, or chamber-maid to assist with ironing. Can be seen at No. 78 West 11th st. Monday and Tuesday, between the hours of 10 and 12 o'clock.

CHAMBER-MAID.—IN CITY OR COUNTRY, BY a Protestant woman as chamber-maid and waitress, or would do general house-work in a small family. Apply at Mrs. Whitfield's, No. 110 6th av., corner 9th st., next door to Park and Tilford's grocery.

CHAMBER-MAID AND WAITRESS.—BY A respectable young woman, who has good City references; would assist at washing and ironing if required. Call or address No. 238 Henry st., City.

CHAMBER-MAID. — BY A RESPECTABLE young woman as first-class chamber-maid, or chamber-work, plain sewer; has excellent City reference. Apply at Bedell's, No. 340 4th av.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL, to go as chamber-maid and plain sewer; good City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 130 West 20th st., first floor.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl, as chamber-maid and first-class waitress; best City reference can be given. Apply at No. 144 West 52d st.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A SMART, ACTIVE young woman as chamber-maid, and assist with the fine washing; best City reference. Call at No. 63 West 43d st.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A YOUNG WOMAN AS chamber-maid and plain sewing; would assist waiting or washing: the best of City reference can be given. Apply No. 872 6th av., in china store.

CHAMBER-MAID AND TO ASSIST WITH THE Washing.—Good City reference. Call from 9 to 2 at No. 321 East 53d st., Saturday or Monday; four bells.

CITY AND COUNTRY LADIES WHO wish to employ good faithful women and girls at moderate wages, can be nicely suited at E. CARROLL'S Agency, No. 69 6th av., first floor. Twenty-nine years established.

COOK.—FIRST-CLASS, BY A RESPECTABLE, well-experienced woman who understands her business in every branch; cooks meats, fish, game, poultry, &c., in superior style; is also a good pastry cook; or will take a place as first-class laundress; best recommendations. Call at Carpenter's, No. 138 West 11th st., corner 6th av.

COOK.—A WOMAN AS FIRST-CLASS COOK; makes excellent bread and biscuit, soups, desserts, jellies, preserves, &c.; bones and lards; also pastry, creams, ices, &c.; can furnish undoubted references. Apply at Odell's Agency, No. 109 West 34th st., corner Broadway.

COOK.—BY A HIGHLY-RESPECTABLE WOMAN; most excellent cook; can do French, English, and all other cooking; bone and lard; meats game, soups of all kinds, pastry, creams, jellies, nice side dishes; excellent baker; very best City testimonials; country or City. Call at No. 309 4th av.

COOK AND ASSIST WITH THE WASHING.—By a well-experienced woman who understands her business in every branch; is a first-class meat cook, also a good baker and pastry cook; no objection to the country; understands the care of milk and butter. Call at Carpenter's, 138 West 11th st., corner 6th av.

COOK.—BY A FIRST-CLASS COOK; UNDERSTANDS cooking in every branch; meats, soups, boning, larding; all kinds of fancy side dishes; expert at French and Spanish dishes, creams, jellies, &c.; is a first-class pastry cook; best City reference. Call at No. 315 East 38th st.

COOK OR ORDER COOK.—BY AN AMERICAN young woman; thoroughly capable of English or American order cooking, &c., in all branches; has good references. Can be seen at the Home Bureau, No. 138 6th av., above 10th st., over drug store.

COOK AND KITCHEN-MAID.—BY TWO Swedish young women, fully capable of their line of duties; for City or country; have good references as trustworthy, respectful, and obliging. Can be seen at the Home Bureau, No. 138 6th av., above 10th st.

COOK, WASHER, AND IRONER. — BY A first-class woman, about thirty; very good cook; good laundress; very best City references; honest, sober, obliging, neat in person and work; country or City. Apply at No. 309 4th av.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN AS FIRST-class cook; understands cooking in all its branches thoroughly, and has excellent City references. Apply at Mrs. Lowe's, No. 316 and 318 Bowery, entrance on Bleecker st.

COOK.—BY A HIGHLY RESPECTABLE SCOTCH woman as thorough cook in all its branches; prefers where three or four servants are kept. Call at No. 751 6th av., over shoe store, between 42d and 43d sts.; ring bell.

COOK.—IN CITY OR COUNTRY, BY A PROTESTant woman, as cook, washer, and ironer; she is an excellent baker and willing and obliging. Apply at Mrs. Whitfield's, No. 110 6th av., corner 9th st., next door to Park & Tilford's grocery.

COOK.—IN CITY OR COUNTRY, AS COOK IN A private family or boarding-house, or hotel; thoroughly understands her business; is a first-class pastry cook. Apply at Mrs. Whitfield's, No. 110 6th av., corner 9th st., next door to Park & Tilford's grocery.

COOK.—BY A COMPETENT MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN as first-class cook; understands her business in all its branches, including baking and pastry; is neat in her kitchen; City or country; best of City reference. Call at No. 205 West 27th st., near 7th av.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL AS good cook, washer and ironer, or to do the general house-work for a small family; good reference; no objections to go a short distance in the country. Call for two days at No. 81 Henry st.

COOK—CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A MOTHER and daughter, (colored,) mother as excellent cook, washer and ironer; daughter as up-stairs girl; both very neat and tidy women, with good references. Can be seen at No. 543 6th av., second floor.

COOK, &c.—BY A MOTHER AND DAUGHTER' fourteen years of age, (English,) a situation as working house-keeper, or to take charge of a gentleman's house in Summer; good references. Apply at W. W. P. Union, No. 38 Bleecker st., M.W. Ferrer, Supt.

COOK—CHAMBER-MAID.—BY TWO GERMAN girls, (sisters,) one as cook, the other as chamber-maid; first-class references; are very willing and obliging. Inquire at No. 93 Houston st., near Bowery.

COOK, WASHER AND IRONER. — A VERY highly-recommended German girl, as cook, washer and ironer; in City or country. Address No. 93 East Houston st., up stairs.

COOK—WAITRESS—CHAMBER-MAID.—A lady going to Europe wishes to obtain places for her cook, waitress, and chamber-maid, whom she can highly recommend. Apply at No. 18 East 30th st.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN AS GOOD plain cook; is an excellent baker, washer and ironer; City or country; good reference. Call at No. 400 East 14th st.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, AS EXCELlent cook; good bread and biscuit maker; would do coarse washing; best reference. Can be seen at No. 226 7th av., corner West 34th st.

COOK.—BY A GOOD, PLAIN COOK AND WASHER and ironer; and her sister as up-stairs girl; both in the same house. Seen at No. 68 West 37th st., French Office.

COOK.—BY A COMPETENT PERSON AS GOOD cook; willing to assist with washing and ironing; willing to be generally useful; good City reference. Call at No. 204 West 13th st., rear.

COOK.—BY A FIRST-CLASS COOK, WITH THE best of City references; country preferred; understands milk and butter; wants a first-class family. Can be seen at No. 68 West 37th st.

COOK.—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN AS GOOD plain cook; good City references; willing to go to the country. Call at 709 6th av., in the candy store.

COOK.—BY A NEAT GERMAN GIRL; IS A GOOD cook, washer and ironer. Inquire at No. 32 3d av., between 9th and 10th sts.

DRESS-MAKER.—BY A FIRST-CLASS DRESSmaker, a few more engagements for the Spring work; understands Grover & Baker's machine. Call at No. 242 West 26th st.

DRESS-MAKER.—BY AN EXPERIENCED DRESSmaker, a few more engagements by the day; can cut and fit; City reference. Call at No. 369 6th av., between 22d and 23d sts.

FAMILIES REQUIRING HELP FOR ANY situation may provide themselves with the best, of all nationalities, by applying in person or written orders at the FRENCH OFFICE, No. 68 West 37th st.

GOOD SERVANTS AT MODERATE WAGES, AND generally well recommended, now at Carpenter's, No. 138 West 11th st., corner 6th av., waiting employment.

HAIR-DRESSER, &c.—BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant girl, is a good hair-dresser; would assist with chamber work and do plain sewing; no objection to travel; good City reference. Call for two days at No. 343 West 17th st.

HOUSE-WORK.—BY A YOUNG GIRL FROM Richmond in a private family to assist in general house-work. Apply at No. 364 East 37th st.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

HOUSE-WORK.—BY A WILLING, INDUSTRIOUS girl, who is a good plain cook, nice washer and ironer, and willing to make herself generally useful wherever her services may be required; good recommendations. Call at Carpenter's, No. 138 West 11st st., corner 6th av.

LADY'S MAID AND SEAMSTRESS.—BY A Norwegian Protestant young woman; is a professional hair-dresser and dress-maker; would like a place in a family going to Europe, or traveling; can furnish undoubted City reference from present employer. Inquire for H., at Odell's Norwegian Bureau, No. 109 West 34th st., corner Broadway.

LADY'S MAID AND SEAMSTRESS.—BY A French young woman; is a first-class seamstress; can cut and fit; is a good hair-dresser and dress-maker, with the very best of testimonials, and, if required, would assist with the children. Can be seen until suited at Odell's Franco-American Bureau, No. 109 West 34th st., corner Broadway.

LADY'S MAID.—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman as lady's maid and seamstress; is a thorough hair-dresser and dress-maker; cuts and fits and operates; has excellent reference from former employer, who can be seen. Apply at Bedell's, No. 340 4th av.

LADY'S MAID.—BY A FRENCH GIRL; IS AN excellent dress-maker; can cut and fit; good worker, and agreeable with servants, as well as employers; City references. Call at the Swedish Office, No. 108 East 27th st., near 4th av.

LADY'S MAID.—BY AN ENGLISH PROTESTANT lady's maid with excellent references; can be seen at her present employer's. Call or address No. 68 West 37th st., French Office.

LAUNDRESS.—A PROTESTANT YOUNG WOMAN, as first-class laundress; flutes, puffs, polishes, &c.; does up all kinds of ladies' fineries in superior style, and would assist with the chamber-work if required; has the very best of City reference. Apply at Odell's Bureau, No. 109 West 34th st., near Broadway. Inquire for A. D.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A THOROUGHLY COMPETENT young woman, who is an excellent family laundress; can flute, puff, polish, and do up fine garments in superior style; if in a small family, will assist with the chamber-work; best recommendations. Call at Carpenter's, No. 138 West 11th st., corner 6th av.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS first-class laundress; understands all kinds fine washing, French fluting, &c.; is willing and obliging; has best references; prefers country. Apply at A. Pelton & Co.'s, No. 645 6th av.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN, about 30; she is a first-class laundress; French fluting, box fluting, and all kinds of fine work in the best manner; country or City; highly recommended; sober, honest, obliging, &c. Bookham's, No. 309 4th av.

LAUNDRESS. — BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman as first-class laundress in a private family; understands all kinds of French fluting and doing up of fine muslins; excellent City references. Apply at Bedell's, No. 340 4th av.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman, as first-class laundress; understands her business perfectly, and has very good City references. Apply at Mrs. Lowe's, Nos. 316 and 318 Bowery, entrance on Bleecker st.

LAUNDRESS.—BY AN ACTIVE YOUNG WOMAN, as laundress in a private family; understands her business; excellent references. Call at No. 142 West 28th st.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A COMPETENT YOUNG WOMan as first-class laundress; understands her business thoroughly; unexceptionable City reference from last place. Call at No. 159 West 27th st.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS first-class laundress in a private family; has good City references. Inquire in the laundry, No. 138 West 49th st.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, SOME washing at home; puffing, fluting, and polishing; gentlemen's collars and cuffs done by a collarer and ironer. Apply at No. 413 East 18th st.

LAUNDRESS.—A SUPERIOR LAUNDRESS SOlicits washing and ironing, &c., at her home; linens done in best style. Call at No. 206 West 27th st.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL AS laundress or chamber-work in a private family; no objection to the country. Apply at 145 East 35th st.

MALE AND FEMALE HELP,
All nationalities, for every capacity, at
ODELL'S,
No. 109 West 34th st., corner Broadway.
(ESTABLISHED 1852.)

NURSE.—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN OF THIRty-one, as experienced nurse for infants; can bring them up on a bottle; growing children, invalids, or sick; experienced lady's maid; dresses hair; good seamstress; will travel; has the very highest testimonials for all; country or City. Call at Bookham's, No. 309 4th av.

NURSE. — BY A THOROUGHLY COMPETENT French nurse who speaks a little English; is experienced in the care of children; can do nice family sewing, and will make herself useful; best testimonials; ladies to be seen. Call at No. 621 6th av., between 36th and 37th sts., first floor.

NURSE, OR HOUSE-WORK.—BY A GERMAN girl of eighteen years; speaks a little English; would like a place to take care of children and sew, or to do house-work; can furnish good reference from last place; wages, $14. Inquire for M., at Odell's German Bureau, No. 109 West 34th st., corner Broadway.

NURSE.—BY A COMPETENT NURSE; CAN TAKE the entire charge of a baby from its birth and bring it up on the bottle; would take care of growing children; would like to go to Europe with a lady; has unexceptionable City reference. Call for two days at No. 302 East 34th st.

NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—BY AN ENGLISH Protestant young woman; is a good seamstress; would like to take care of growing children, or to act as companion to young ladies; can furnish the very best of reference from England. Apply at Odell's Agency, No. 109 West 34th st., corner Broadway.

NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—BY A FRENCH young woman; is an excellent seamstress and very fond of children, and would act as lady's maid if required; can furnish the very best City reference. Inquire for A. C., at Odell's Agency, No. 109 West 34th st., corner Broadway.

NURSE.—BY A QUIET, RESPECTABLE WELSH girl, who is fond and careful of children; can take charge of an infant from its birth; is willing, and well tempered; no objection to the country; good recommendations. Call at Carpenter's, No. 138 West 11th st., corner 6th av.

NURSE.—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG WOMAN AS an experienced infant nurse; understands the care of an infant from birth; is neat and tidy; has three and a half years' City reference from her last place. Apply at A. Pelton & Co.'s, No. 645 6th av., near 38th st.

NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—BY A PROTestant German young woman; is a first-class seamstress, and very experienced nurse; best City references. Apply at Mrs. Lowe's, Nos. 316 and 318 Bowery, entrance on Bleecker st.

NURSE.—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, IN A FIRST-class family as nurse and seamstress; is a beautiful hand-sewer; can embroider on muslin and flannel; has first-class City reference. Call or address No. 144 6th av.

NURSE.—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL AS nurse to growing children; can sew and do all kinds of embroidery; good City reference. Call at No. 105 East 27th st.

NURSE.—BY A YOUNG GERMAN GIRL, SPEAKING French and English, as nurse. Call at No. 243 West 35th st., Monday, from 10 to 2 o'clock.

NURSE.—BY A FIRST-CLASS FRENCH NURSE, with good references. Seen at French Office, No. 68 West 37th st.

NURSE.—BY A RESPECTABLE MARRIED WOMAN, as wet nurse; has a fresh breast of milk three months' old. Call at No. 403 East 48th st., third floor.

SEAMSTRESS.—BY A VERY NEAT, TIDY YOUNG Swedish girl, who is a good family seamstress; can operate on sewing-machine, or would act as waitress; understands the care and cleaning of silver; good recommendations. Call at Carpenter's, No. 138 West 11th st., corner 6th av.

SEAMSTRESS.—AS COMPETENT FAMILY seamstress, by a respectable woman, with good reference; can do all kinds of family sewing, shirts, ladies' and children's clothing, and finish dresses; wants a steady place; has her own machine. Call at No. 68 West 37th st.

SEAMSTRESS.—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG woman as superior seamstress; very best testimonials; ladies to be seen; cuts and fits, operates and dress-makes, finishes, trims, &c.; all kinds of fine sewing and needle-work; or chamber-maid and nurse. Call at Bookham's, No. 309 4th av.

SEAMSTRESS.—BY A FIRST-CLASS SEAMstress in a first-class private family; can cut and fit, and do all kinds of family sewing; has no objections to wait on a lady or grown children; best of City reference. Call or address for two days No. 344 East 21st st., Room No. 3.

THE ONLY SWEDISH OFFICE, NO. 108 East 27th st.—Several Swedish servants, male and female, for all positions, now on hand. MAURICE LINDQUIST, (Swede,) Proprietor.

WAITRESS. — BY A WELL-RECOMMENDED, thoroughly efficient girl, as waitress; understands the care of glasses, &c.; can get up salads, and is quite competent to take a man's place; is neat and active. Call at No. 621 6th av., first floor, between 36th and 37th sts.

WAITRESS.—BY A VERY RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman with the very best of reference; for a long term; lady to be seen; understands the care of silver, getting up of all kinds of salads in the best of manner. Apply at Bookham's, No. 309 4th av.

WAITRESS.—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL AS FIRST-class waitress; understands the care of silver and salad dressing perfectly; is capable of filling man's place; has nearly two years' City reference from last place. Apply at A. Pelton & Co.'s, No. 645 6th av.

WAITRESS.—A LADY WISHES TO PROCURE A situation for a first-class waitress or chamber-maid. Call at present employer's for two days, No. 29 West 55th st.

WAITRESS.—BY A COMPETENT YOUNG WOMAN as first-class waitress; understands her business thoroughly and has best City references. Apply at Mrs. Lowe's, 316 and 318 Bowery, entrance on Bleecker st.

WAITRESS.—WILLING TO ASSIST IN CHAMber-work, or parlor maid. Can be seen at her employer's, No. 232 East 15th st.

WAITRESS.—BY A SCOTCH GIRL OF THOROUGH experience as waitress; one year's reference from last situation. Call or address C. D., Box No. 253 West 37th st.

WAITRESS.—BY A FIRST-CLASS PROTESTANT waitress, with the best of City reference; wishes a first-class family. Can be seen at No. 68 West 37th st.

WAITRESS.—BY A FIRST-CLASS PROTESTANT waitress in a private family; good City reference. Call at No. 35 East 18th st.

WORKING HOUSE-KEEPER.—BY A FRENCH young widow; would like a place as working house-keeper in a widower's family; is a good cook, an excellent laundress; or would act as governing house-keeper, where other servants are kept; undoubted references. Can be seen at Odell's Franco-American Bureau, No. 109 West 34th st., corner Broadway; inquire for L.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

MALES.

THE FREE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE of the Bowery Branch Young Men's Christian Association, No. 134 Bowery, furnishes employers with all kinds of male help free of charge. [illegible] forwarded to the country on receipt of fare. Call or address by letter (with stamp inclosed).
Rev. JOHN DOOLY,
General Secretary of the Bowery Branch.

A YOUNG MAN OF GOOD EDUCATION would like a position [illegible] resident or about to travel, or some situation where faithful services are required; references. Address [illegible] dependence, Box No. 172 Times Office.

BUTLER.—BY AN AMERICAN PROTESTANT butler, who thoroughly understands his business; has the best of testimonials. Can be seen at No. 68 West 37th st. Call or address Butler.

COACHMAN—COOK.—BY AN AMERICAN PROTestant couple; [illegible] work on a gentleman's place, gardening, farming, milking, &c.; [illegible] general house-work; both are strictly temperate, [illegible] and trustworthy [illegible] and will hire for moderate wages. Apply at [illegible] No. 199 Joralemon st., Brooklyn.

COACHMAN, GARDENER, &c.—COOK.—[illegible] wash and iron—By a man and wife, aged 27 years; no children; man can care and drive horses, care garden, milk, do gardening, &c.; wife can cook, wash and iron, also experienced in dairy, creamery, &c.; well recommended. Call at Carpenter's, No. 138 West 11th st., corner 6th av.

COACHMAN.—BY A PROTESTANT MAN WITH the best City and country references for sobriety and capability; six years in his last place; would go a short distance in the country. Address Coachman, two days, Box No. 14, Up-town Times Office, No. 54½ West 32d st.

COACHMAN.—BY A COMPETENT MAN OF LONG experience in the proper care and treatment of horses; is a thorough groom, and good, careful driver; trains well to saddle and harness; unexceptionable City recommendations. Address L. D., or Coachman, No. 50 4th av., Mr. Combe's.

COACHMAN, ASSISTANT GARDENER, &c.—By a young Englishman, aged twenty-five years; who is a good driver, in City or country; also a good groom, and will milk, assist in garden, and make himself useful; best recommendations. Call at Carpenter's, No. 138 West 11th st., corner 6th av.

COACHMAN.—BY A THOROUGHLY COMPETENT man, Protestant, as coachman; understands his business perfectly; [illegible] of a plain gardener; best City references. Address C., Box No. 47 Times Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d st.

COACHMAN.—BY A COMPETENT GERMAN coachman, in some private family; is a good driver and groom; understands the general work on a gentleman's place; can come well recommended. Address S. S. S., Box No. 221 Times Office.

COACHMAN.—BY A SINGLE PROTESTANT MAN, who is a good groom and careful driver, who is willing and obliging; can give first-class references from his last employers. Call or address T. S., No. 21 East 33d st.

COACHMAN.—BY A SWEDE; HAS LIVED AS coachman a long time in this country; thoroughly competent; can furnish the very best of City reference; will be out of a place by the 15th of this month. Apply at the Swedish Office, No. 108 East 27th st.

COACHMAN.—A GENTLEMAN LEAVING FOR Europe, wishes a situation for his coachman, who he can highly recommend; is thoroughly experienced, sober, honest and obliging. [illegible] No. 50 West 21st st.

COACHMAN AND GROOM.—BY A YOUNG married Protestant man of long experience; understands his business thoroughly; has good City reference. Address Coachman, Box No. 82 Times Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d st.

COACHMAN, &c.—BY AN AMERICAN YOUNG man, aged twenty-four years, with good recommendations, [illegible] his horses, drive, tend furnace, &c. Call at Carpenter's, No. 138 West 11th st., corner 6th av.

COACHMAN.—THOROUGHLY UNDERSTANDS HIS business in the care of horses; first-class references as honest, steady, sober, reliable; City and country driving. Address Coachman, Box No. 257 Times Office.

COACHMAN.—BY A SINGLE YOUNG MAN AS coachman and gardener; can milk and make himself generally useful; good references. Address C. M., Box No. 219 Times Office.

COACHMAN.—BY A MARRIED MAN; EIGHT years' very best City reference from last employer as to honesty, sobriety, and capability. Call on or address for two days at private stable, 148 East 40th st.

COACHMAN AND GROOM.—BY A YOUNG married man; strictly temperate; City or country; good reference. Address B. E., Box No. 69 Times Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d st.

COACHMAN.—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG MAN as coachman and gardener; has three years' reference from last employer. Call or address J. B., No. 40 West 10th st.

FOOTMAN, WAITER, VALET, &c.—BY A respectable Englishman, aged twenty-five years, who is well experienced in either or all of the above capacities; can also attend on an invalid [illegible]; good recommendations. Call at Carpenter's, No. 138 West 11th st., corner 6th av.

GARDENER.—BY A GERMAN SINGLE MAN, aged thirty-five years, who can do all kinds of vegetable and out-door gardening, graperies, &c.; also can care horses and cows, keep roads and lawns in order, &c.; best recommendations. Call at Carpenter's, No. 138 West 11th st., corner 6th av.

GARDENER, &c.—LAUNDRESS.—BY a Protestant man and wife, aged 30 years, (with or without cottage); man to take charge of all kinds of out-door gardening, caring fowls, &c.; also can care and drive horses, milk, care cattle, &c.; wife a good laundress and cook; best references. Call at Carpenter's, No. 138 West 11th st., corner 6th av.

GARDENER.—BY A YOUNG MAN AS FIRST-class gardener, who thoroughly understands his business in all its branches, relating to hot-house and greenhouse plants; can force all kinds of fruits, flowers, and vegetables; the advertiser can't be equaled for the raising and propagation of all kinds of fruits, flowers, vegetables, mushrooms, &c.; [illegible] answer unless you want a first-class Gardener; City references. Address J. C., Box No. 253 Times Office.

GARDENER.—BY A FIRST-CLASS SINGLE MAN thoroughly understands his business in all its branches; greenhouses, graperies, and vegetable garden; best references. Address K. E., seed store, No. 5 John st.

GARDENER AND COACHMAN.—BY A SINgle man; understands the care of green-house plants, hot and cold graperies, the care and management of horses and carriages; City and country references. Address I. O. R., No. 151 East 32d st.

GARDENER.—BY A SINGLE MAN; UNDERSTANDS the raising of all kinds of fruits and keeping of a gentleman's place in order; would care horses if required; five years' reference. Address G. J., Box No. 212 Times Office.

GARDENER.—BY AN ENGLISHMAN, WHO thoroughly understands his business in all its branches, with best of references. Can be seen at Mr. Bridgeman's seed store, No. 876 Broadway.

GROOM AND FOOTMAN.—AGE TWENTY-five; twelve months good character. Address T. M., No. 161 East 35th st.

JANITOR.—BY A RESPECTABLE MAN AND WIFE a position as janitor in a public or private building, or would take care of a gentleman's house for the summer months; satisfactory reference furnished. Call or address House, No. 215 East 29th st., Room No. 17.

TO INVALIDS.—HAVING JUST FINISHED AN engagement, I am desirous of another as gentleman's nurse, in City or country. Address A. B., Box No. 210 Times Office.

USEFUL MAN.—BY AN ENGLISH PROTESTANT, aged thirty years, who can care and drive horses, milk, do plain gardening, care cattle, mow lawns, keep roads in order, &c.; good recommendations. Call at Carpenter's, No. 138 West 11th st., corner 6th av.

USEFUL MAN.—BY A YOUNG MAN AGED twenty-one years, who can do gardening, milk, care cattle, mow lawn, edge walks, &c.; good recommendations. Call at Carpenter's, No. 138 West 11th st., corner 6th av.

WAITER.—BY A SWEDISH PROTESTANT YOUNG man, as first-class waiter and butler; understands his duties thoroughly; can furnish unexceptionable City reference from the first families in this City. Inquire for G., at Odell's Swedish Bureau, No. 109 West 34th st., corner Broadway.

WAITER.—BY A THOROUGHLY EFFICIENT AND trustworthy man, understanding his duties in every respect; carving, charge of silver, &c.; unexceptionable reference from present employer. Apply at No. 107 East 16th st.

WAITER.—BY A RESPECTABLE AMERICAN young man, aged nineteen years, who can wait on table, tend door, clean silver, build fires, do errands, &c.; good recommendations. Call at Carpenter's, No. 138 West 11th st., corner 6th av.

WAITER.—BY A YOUNG FRENCHMAN, AS FIRST-class waiter in a private family; is thoroughly competent, and has excellent references. Apply at Nos. 316 and 318 Bowery, entrance on Bleecker st.

WAITER.—BY A RESPECTABLE MAN AS WAITER in a private family; good City reference. Address W. N., Box No. 47 Up-town Times Office, No. 54½ West 32d st.

WANTED—THE YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOciation [illegible] all desiring book-keepers, cashiers, entry clerks, shipping clerks, salesmen, copyists, and porters, to apply at the rooms, by letter or otherwise, 23d st., corner 4th av.

HELP WANTED.

GERMAN NURSE WANTED—TO GO A SHORT distance in the country, to take charge of two children; none but those speaking German need apply. Address Post Office Box No. 4,936, New-York.

WANTED—TWO PROTESTANT GIRLS; ONE TO cook and do the coarse washing, the other as chamber-maid and waitress, for a small American family living a short distance in the country. [illegible] understand their business thoroughly. Call at No. 129 Pearl st., first floor.

WANTED—MEN WHO WRITE VERY PLAINLY TO assist in the preparation of Trow's New-York City Directory. Address, in writing, [illegible] stating references, R. B. HALLOCK, No. 11 University place. Applications in person not desired.

WANTED—A SINGLE MAN AS THOROUGH vegetable gardener to go in the country. Apply, with references, BEDELL'S, No. 340 4th av., where employer can be seen.

WANTED—BY A PRIVATE FAMILY IN THE CITY, a wet-nurse for a child six months old; references required. Apply at Mrs. SANDERS' Office, No. [illegible] av., from 9 till 1 o'clock.

WANTED—MARRIED AND SINGLE GARDENERS and farmers. Apply at No. 134 Bowery, for seven days.

WANTED—IN A SMALL FAMILY, A FIRST-CLASS waitress and chamber-maid; also a [illegible] good City references needed. Apply at No. [illegible] West 52d st., on Tuesday, April 14, from 10 to 12.

WANTED—PROTESTANT NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS. City reference required. Apply after 9 A. M. at No. 11 West 16th st.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, MONDAY, APRIL 13, 1874.

AMUSEMENTS THIS EVENING.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—LUCIA DI LAMMERMOOR, (Italian Opera)—Mme. Ilma Di Murska, Signor Verati, Mari, and others.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.—THE VETERAN—Mr. Lester Wallack, Mr. John Gilbert, Mr. John Brougham, Miss Effie Germon, Miss Jeffreys-Lewis.

FIFTH AVENUE THEATRE.—CHARITY—Mr. Charles Fisher, Mr. Frank Hardenberg, Miss Ada Dyas.

UNION SQUARE THEATRE.—LED ASTRAY—Miss Rose Eytinge, Mr. Stuart Robson.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.—EILEEN OGE—Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Florence, Mr. Owen Fawcett, Miss Ione Burke.

BROADWAY THEATRE.—HUMPTY DUMPTY—Mr. G. L. Fox, Mr. C. K. Fox.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.—VAUDEVILLE AND NOVELTY ENTERTAINMENT.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.—DAVY CROCKETT—Mr. Frank Mayo, Miss Rosa Rand.

LYCEUM THEATRE.—PANTOMIME AND SPECTACLE—Messrs. Almont, Lovell, Elliott, Mlle. Bonfanti, and others.

PARK THEATRE.—LOVE'S PENANCE—Mr. Charles Fechter.

WOOD'S MUSEUM.—DRAMATIC PERFORMANCE afternoon and evening. Curiosities.

THE COLOSSEUM.—CYCLORAMA OF THE LAST DAYS OF PARIS. Afternoon and evening.

BRYANT'S MINSTRELS.—FARCES, SINGING, COMICALITIES—Messrs. Unsworth, N. Seymour.

ROBINSON HALL.—ART ENTERTAINMENT by Prof. Cromwell.

SOMERVILLE ART GALLERY.—EXHIBITION OF PAINTINGS.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES is the best daily family paper published; it contains the latest news and correspondence; all objectionable advertisements are rigidly excluded; and it has a constantly increasing circulation among the most respectable classes of the community.

TERMS TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

The DAILY TIMES, per annum, including the Sunday Edition	$12
The DAILY TIMES, per annum, exclusive of the Sunday Edition	10
The Sunday Edition, per annum	2
The SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES, per annum	3
The WEEKLY TIMES, per annum	2

Club rates of THE WEEKLY—all to one Post-office address—Five copies, per annum, $7 50; Ten copies, per annum, $12 50; Twenty copies, per annum, $22; Thirty copies, per annum, $30, and One extra copy to each Club. For every club of fifty, one copy of THE SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES to the getter-up of the club.

When the names of subscribers are required to be written upon each paper of the club at one post-office address, ten cents for each copy additional to the above rates.

Club rates of THE SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES: Two copies one year, $5; ten copies, one year, $25—and one extra copy free. New names may be added to clubs at any time during the year, at club rates.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY and WEEKLY mailed one year to clergymen at the lowest rates.

These prices are invariable. We have no traveling agents. Remit in drafts on New-York or Post Office Money Orders, if possible, and where neither of these can be procured send the money in a *registered* letter.

Terms, cash in advance.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES,
New-York City.

The legal rate of postage on THE DAILY TIMES, including Sunday edition, addressed to its regular subscribers, is $1 40 per annum, or 35 cents per quarter; DAILY, without Sunday edition, $1 20 per annum, or 30 cents per quarter, PAYABLE IN ADVANCE at the office where the paper is received. Subscribers who receive their copies by letter-carriers will please hand the annual or quarterly postage to the carriers, taking their receipts.

TO ADVERTISERS.

☞ For the accommodation of up-town residents, advertisements for insertion in THE TIMES will be received at No. 54 West 32d st., junction of Broadway and 6th av.; No. 308 West 23d st., opposite Grand Opera-house, at same rates as are charged at office of publication.

☞ For the accommodation of east-side advertisers, advertisements for insertion in THE TIMES will be received at the East-side Advertising Office, No. 504 3d av., corner 34th st., Third Avenue Railroad Building, at the same rates as are charged at the office of publication.

NOTICE.

We cannot notice anonymous communications. In all cases we require the writer's name and address, not for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

We cannot, under any circumstances, return rejected communications, nor can we undertake to preserve manuscripts.

The conclusion of MR. BRET HARTE'S *story will appear in* THE TIMES *of Sunday next.*

Our advertising columns show that in this City dealers are making a strong effort to get the current of Spring trade into motion. They have a good many obstacles to overcome. The weather is very much against them. It might be worse, perhaps, but it is bad enough. The uncertainty as to financial legislation is also dead against them. We are sorry to say that this is a point on which we cannot give them much hope. It is not probable that Congress will do anything this week; or, if a bill is passed it will be the Senate bill of a week ago—a very bad bill, and one which there is a strong impression abroad that the President will veto. In spite of these difficulties merchants are doing all they can. Meanwhile there are indications that a similar spirit prevails in other parts of the country, and that with the exception of one or two prominent interests, the prospect is brightening.

Scarcely a day passes without a more or less serious accident occurring in consequence of the brutality and recklessness of the stage drivers. Ladies' are the chief sufferers, and it would not be too much to say that some scores of ladies have lost their lives in this City, or have been injured for life, through the misconduct of the barbarians who are employed by the stage companies. When they succeed in pitching a lady head foremost into the road, they simply laugh and drive off. There are frequently bystanders looking on at these outrages, and why some of them do not stop the stage, and give the desperado who drives it into custody, we have never been able to make out. It is this disinclination of the public to protect or help each other that gives rise to so many of the abuses in our social life. As for the way in which stage drivers run over people in the streets, or maliciously endeavor to upset private carriages, it is simply disgraceful to our City. Unless some of these men can be caught and severely punished, the public thoroughfares had better be surrendered to them at once as their private property. Two ruffians are now being advertised for, and in the hope of helping to secure their arrest we republish the notices in these columns. It is not likely that any respectable man or woman would see them in the disgraceful "Personal" column of a contemporary:

"The lady in South Ferry stage, or any other person who saw a lady thrown from the same on Jan. 21, 1874, on Broadway, near Eighth street, will confer a favor by addressing or calling on C. C. W., No. 539 Broadway."

"Any person having seen a lady thrown from the steps of a Broadway and Wall street stage, corner of Eighth street, on Saturday, April 4, will confer a favor by calling on or addressing G. D. A., No. 5 West Washington place.

"Spring, beautiful Spring," is with us in all its charms—snow in the interior of the State, and wild storms on the sea-board. The weather on the Atlantic has been terrible, and the regular Cunard steamer, which was due here last Wednesday, or thereabout, only arrived last night—but safely, as these steamers are in the habit of doing. The *Greece*, with the four hundred passengers of the lost *Europe* on board, is not reported. The ocean voyage has been unusually tempestuous for a year past, and it may be that one effect of this will be to keep many of our people at home this year. If our hotel-managers at watering-places will only take the hint, and try to offer substantial comforts to their visitors, at moderate prices, they may do a much better business this season than they did last. The landlords should help them by lowering their rents. We feel sure that Mr. A. T. STEWART would be the first to lead in a measure which would prove of great benefit to many thousands of his countrymen.

The Utica *Herald*, a paper edited with care and in an honorable fashion, has been looking into the testimony regarding the new Capitol at Albany, and finds it very damaging to the Commissioners. It tells the old story of public works. Disregard of statutory restrictions, loose contracts, expenditures in excess of estimates, large profits to contractors, "sojering," leakage, swindling, and no chance of reparation for the State—these are the points it brings out. In conclusion, it asks for a reorganization of the commission for building the Capitol. On its presentation of the facts, the demand does not seem unreasonable.

We took occasion to point out, the other day, that if the policy embodied in the Senate Finance bill was carried out, it might raise an entirely new issue in national politics; and we have repeatedly had to warn the *World* that on such an issue its own party would be hopelessly divided. Both of these predictions are sustained by the Chicago *Times* in an article from which we quote this morning. The analysis of the Senate vote gives, however, ground for inferences not sustained by the vote of the House of Representatives, and the latter is much the most satisfactory basis of calculation. In the House, on the basis of the vote asked for on Thursday last by Gen. BUTLER, the inflationists had 132 votes, their opponents 122. Of the former the Democrats supplied 43, the Republicans 89. Of the latter the Democrats gave 27, the Republicans 95. There is a slight majority, therefore, of the Republicans against inflation, a very large proportionate majority of Democrats for it. On other votes the Republican anti-inflation strength is much greater. To the anxious inquirer with reference to the next Presidential election these figures are suggestive.

THE GENEVA AWARD.

The distribution of the money paid to the United States Government by the Government of Great Britain, on the award of the Geneva Tribunal, is a matter of considerable moment to the people of this country, and deserves more general attention than it has received. Apart from the amount of the award, $15,500,000 in gold, the circumstances under which it was made, before the eyes, it may be said, of the statesmen of the world; the profound interest taken in the principles by which the tribunal was guided in making the award; and the energy, persistency, and firmness with which the claims of the United States were prosecuted, make it of the greatest consequence that the award shall be distributed in strict accordance with justice.

Two views of the principles which should govern the distribution of the award prevail in Congress, and these are very fairly presented in the bills of Mr. B. F. BUTLER and Judge POLAND respectively. It may be said that the particular point on which difference arises is the validity of the claims put in on the one hand by parties who allege that they lost money through the operations of the rebel cruisers, by means of extra or war premiums on maritime insurance; and on the other hand by insurance companies who paid insurance policies on vessels (and their cargoes and freights) destroyed by the cruisers mentioned in the award, which were three—the *Alabama*, the *Florida*, and the *Shenandoah*. The bill of Judge POLAND provides for the reference of all claims to a United States Circuit Court, to be designated by the President. It contemplates that the court shall be guided by such ascertained principles of law as relate to the claims of the Government, and to the respective rights of other claimants, whether insurers or insured. The bill of Gen. BUTLER, on the contrary, gives to every claimant the right to apply to certain courts, but specifically defines the rights of the various classes of claimants that may be recognized by the courts. Among the rights which the courts are directed to acknowledge are those for war premiums paid for insurance. Insurance companies, on the other hand, are required to show that their losses "because of property captured and lost, or destroyed by either or all cruisers bearing the Confederate flag," exceeded the amount of war premium actually received by them.

Several points require notice in the plan proposed by Gen. BUTLER:

1. It assumes that, whatever idea the Geneva Tribunal may have had as to the claims on which the award was based, that idea is not to control the United States in its distribution, but instead an entirely different one. Thus, among the claims distinctly disallowed by the tribunal, and their "adjudication" of which was accepted by the United States as "final," were the claims for "enhanced payment of insurance." These claims, nevertheless, the bill of Gen. BUTLER directs the courts to recognize. Such action, it seems to us, is opposed to common justice and common sense—an act of bad faith toward other claimants, a violation of the obligations accepted by our Government before the tribunal, and sure to obtain for our country the unqualified condemnation of the enlightened statesmen who have, up to this point, paid us the tribute of their approval and their cordial sympathy. A man who referred a mixed lot of claims to arbitration, and then, having obtained an award, proceeded to pay it out in satisfaction of claims rejected by the arbitrators, would be regarded as doing an unfair and unreasonable act, and would be suspected of doing it from interested motives. A Government which does the same exposes itself to a like judgment and a like suspicion.

2. Whereas the award was made only on account of losses inflicted by the *Alabama*, *Florida*, and *Shenandoah*, Gen. BUTLER's bill compels the insurance companies to strike a balance between war premiums received and losses paid on account of "either or *all* cruisers bearing the Confederate flag." This is another obvious departure from the understanding before the tribunal.

3. Gen. BUTLER's plan ignores known facts in the operation of marine insurance companies. One of these is that when the companies insure, they do so, not, as fire companies do, for certain undefined losses, to be ascertained and settled, but for the value of the property, which value is always made up either specifically, or according to well-settled principles, and may be claimed entire by the insured. In all cases forming the basis of claims on the award, the loser was actually paid the full value of his property. Another fact ignored by Gen. BUTLER is that this value, by long usage, includes the amount paid for insurance, so that the loser received for his property exactly and wholly what it was worth at the moment of losing it. It is on this fact that there has been based the right of insurance companies to whatever is saved of property insured. The companies, in technical language, "subrogate," that is, succeed to, the rights of the insured. They now ask that their title to these rights in the Geneva award shall be adjudicated by the United States Courts. Gen. BUTLER says they shall not even be heard, and in saying so, he seems to us to ask the nation to perpetrate a great injustice.

4. Mutual insurance companies are claimants for about four-fifths of the amount claimed by all insurers. These companies consist of the insured for each year, and their accounts are made up and losses averaged every year. Gen. BUTLER says that the difference between war premiums and war losses during the whole war shall be computed and divided among the insurers of the various years. This is unjust to nearly all; too much to some, too little to others. The award was to cover losses inflicted by three specified cruisers. Those losses were borne by members who can be discovered. They are entitled to receive so much as they actually lost, and they ask an opportunity to show before the most upright and able judicial tribunals of the country how much that was. In our opinion, they ought to have that right. It seems to us an act of wicked folly to deny it.

These are some of the considerations which lead us to think that the bill of Judge POLAND is based on much sounder principles, is more honorable and more rational than the bill of Gen. BUTLER. It may require perfecting in detail, but it seems by far the better bill.

BUTLER.

People do him great injustice. That has given him a better character than he would otherwise possess. His fame is built on denials and explanations. Few really believe that he stole spoons—certainly not teaspoons—and accusations of that kind make white spots on his reputation.

But really Gen. BUTLER is not a bad man at heart. His ruling passion is not avarice, though he has been falsely accused of the most audacious thefts; not ambition, though he cares more for power than for money; not cruelty, though he has been unjustly charged with wanton murder. His ruling passion is neither of these, but a calm, unfaltering life-long determination to prove that a coal-hole is a snow-bank. Deceptive reasoning, which others use as a means, is to him an end of unequaled importance. He would sacrifice half his property to prove that two and two make five; he would surrender the Presidency to demonstrate that the three angles of a triangle equal four right angles; he would, though a man of strong affections, yield his nearest and dearest to the stake, if necessary, to make the people of Salem again believe in witchcraft, and would spend a day at the crisis of his fortunes to convince a school-boy that the Atlantic Ocean empties into the Hudson River.

Nearly every prominent act the General has ever done, nearly every prominent opinion he has ever expressed, is to be accounted for by his fondness for proving that a coal-hole is a snow-bank. The three most notable instances are his invention of the salary grab, his adoption of the Woodhull theory that the constitutional amendments made women voters without any one's knowing it, and his indorsement of the Pendleton theory that the truly honest way of paying an interest-bearing debt is to replace it by irredeemable promises bearing no interest.

In regard to the back-pay grab, as he said, he did not need the money, and he would have sacrificed ten times the amount for popularity; but he would sacrifice even popularity to gratify his ruling passion by justifying a fraudulent and tricky proceeding.

In respect to the franchise, it is true that nobody in the Congress which passed the fourteenth and fifteenth amendments imagined that they conferred the franchise on women. True, nobody in all the Legislatures which sanctioned them had such an idea. True, nobody could get such a meaning out of the amendments themselves, without a microscope, a search-warrant, and a suction-pump, but these facts only the more endeared the Woodhullian principle to the Butlerian mind. The further fact that if his views were correct, children from twenty-one years of age down to twenty-one seconds would also be entitled to vote under the amendments, made the General still more ardent in support of his opinion. If he could only have seen the infant of the period mewling and puking in the ballot-box, his ecstasy over the trick by which such a result was accomplished would have made him willing that the swaddled sovereigns should elect Brick POMEROY to the Presidency, or put one of their own number in the long-coveted Governor's chair of Massachusetts.

His support of the Pendletonian proposition was equally characteristic. Its charm lay in the fact that it turned the law inside out, and made it mean something utterly dissimilar from what every one had before supposed it to mean. The idea of paying one's own debts in one's own irredeemable promises is such a lovely and soul-satisfying swindle that Gen. BUTLER would undoubtedly have sanctioned it, even in a case in which he was himself the sole creditor.

It is easy enough to find fault with portions of the conduct of any great man, and it is not a very generous proceeding. Many things charged against such a man may be explained away or palliated, and against those which remain must be reckoned his actual services and achievements. So, in Gen. BUTLER's case, perhaps the back-pay grab may be pardoned, his conspiracy with PENDLETON may be palliated, his ancient and bitter pro-slaveryism may be forgotten, the MUMFORD case may be explained away, Fort Fisher may be passed by as it was by the General himself, the spoon story may be set down as false—but when you have got rid of them all, what is BUTLER? A village pettifogger. With those additions to his fame, what is he? A national pettifogger.

It is meet that the gentleman whose slanderers we have been engaged in refuting (on the score of everything except incurable dishonesty) should now take the lead in forcing on the country the inflation of its currency. It would shock our sense of right if he were not in favor of making the monetary standard a weathercock. But will Congress, will the President, follow his guidance? The Senate bill which has just passed may not have originated in his brain, but it is of the true Butlerian breed, and he is, of course, its champion. Others may support it, because they are willing to try to relieve the temporary wants of their constituents, even at the cost of final financial ruin; he will aid it out of native fondness for being on the wrong side. Were it not for its dishonesty, the temporary relief which it is expected to afford would not be a moment's temptation to him.

It is not yet too late. The two Houses of Congress have not yet agreed, and the silent President still holds the deadly veto. It is not yet too late to choose the path of honor rather than of dishonor, of economy rather than of waste, of wisdom rather than of folly, of safety rather than of ruin. In short, it is not yet too late to reject from our financial system the latest idea of BUTLER.

MANXLAND.

Although the present session of the Imperial Parliament seems likely to be tame enough, there is another Parliament of Queen VICTORIA's, not very many miles distant from Westminster, in which debates of the briskest character are anticipated. One of the anomalies of British rule is to be found in the fact that while Scotland has had no separate Legislature since 1701, and Ireland since 1800, the little island which stands between the three, and is quaintly represented in heraldry by a mannikin with three legs—supposed to be typical of the fact that if the earth tossed about the Isle of Man must tumble upon one of the three kingdoms—has at this hour its own separate Legislature, almost as independent in its functions as that of Canada or New South Wales.

This little island, which consists of 180,000 acres, and is within six hours' steam of Liverpool and two of the coast of Cumberland, is altogether a unique place, and well worth a visit. After having been an appanage of Norway, and then of Scotland, the island at length passed finally to the crown of England in the reign of EDWARD III. That monarch sold it to the Earl of WILTSHIRE, who lost it by treason. It was then granted to the Earl of NORTHUMBERLAND, who lost it through the same cause, and in 1403 was granted to the Earl of DERBY. To most people its existence would have been scarcely more than known but for the pen of Sir WALTER SCOTT in *Peveril of the Peak*.

The last Earl of DERBY who occupied Castle Rushen, the famous residence of the STANLEYS, was Earl JAMES in 1717. At the death of the tenth Earl, in 1736, without children, his Lancashire property passed to his heir males, but the Isle of Man, with the sovereignity thereof, went to the Duke of ATHOLL, as his nearest of kin, the Duke being descended from the daughter of Earl JAMES, executed in 1651 at Bolton, and his heroic wife, CHARLOTTE DE LA TREMOUILLE, made so famous by Sir WALTER. As the eighteenth century advanced the island became the haunt of smugglers to such a degree that the British Government at length began to think that it would be well for them to get possession of the sovereign rights with a view to putting an end to these practices, for the place was becoming a sort of depot for goods which were subsequently conveyed by swift-sailing craft to the shores of Cumberland and Lancashire. Accordingly, in 1765, the Duke of ATHOLL sold his sovereignty, with the castles of Castletown and Rushen, for £70,000, which was a magnificent price for them at the time. The Manx people were at the time extremely disgusted at the Duke's conduct, and anticipated the most disastrous consequences from the change. A popular doggerel at the time ran:

> "For the babes unborn will rue the day
> When the Isle of Man was sold away,
> For there's ne'er an old wife that loves a dram
> But what will lament the Isle of Man."

The degree to which the Isle of Man has been left to take care of itself is very remarkable, and points strongly to the non-interference policy which England would probably have been only too glad to adopt toward Ireland if Ireland would only have let her; but the difference between these two islands consists not so much in their size, as in the circumstance that the Manxmen are all of one faith, whereas in Ireland the long and short of almost all the trouble has been the conflict of religions. The Church of England has been, and still is, dominant in Man. The famous Bishop WILSON, who was an Episcopal martinet of the most decided order, maintained the most rigorous church discipline, and a "dissenter" was regarded as not much better than a rogue. The island is a diocese of itself. The Bishop is styled of Sodor and Man, but the identity of Sodor with any place has never been satisfactorily determined; the place and name have been lost in the course of centuries.

The people are a quiet-going, thrifty set. There is very little poverty, and no poor law relief system. The needy are maintained by subscription, and the relief afforded principally through the clergy. Roads are excellent, but there are no turnpikes. The cost is defrayed by a small tax on wheels.

For many years after the sale of the sovereignty, the Dukes of ATHOLL retained their property in the island and had a very fine residence, now the Castle Mona Hotel, at Douglas, but about five and thirty years ago they sold their entire property, including extensive and valuable mining interests, to the crown for some £400,000.

The Legislature remains just as it was centuries ago. It is called the House of Keys, and the derivation of the name is not known. The House consists of twenty-four members, who are the principal men of the island, and, although a very close corporation, seems to have almost invariably given satisfaction. When a vacancy occurs, the majority fix on two persons, and the Governor—who is appointed by the crown—makes choice of one. The assent of the Queen to the acts of the Mona Legislature is given by "the Queen in council," and the acts of the Imperial Parliament do not apply to the Isle of Man unless it be specially included, which it rarely is.

So little imperial legislative interference was there for many years after the sovereignty became reinvested in the crown, that between 1765 and 1811, the only place where the island is included in British legislation is in an act granting to the House of Keys the discretionary power of permitting the importation of cured herrings in time of scarcity. In 1798, when England was in great trouble, the Keys gave a touching proof of their loyalty and devotion. Public subscriptions were then being raised to enable the Government to carry on the war against BONAPARTE, and the Keys furnished their modest contribution, probably the utmost they could afford, about $800, with the following letter: "The Keys of the Isle of Man, the constitutional representatives of the people, warmly attached to their Sovereign, and the Constitution of Great Britain, offer this their mite in aid of their cause, and they feelingly regret that in tendering so small a sum there is so great a disproportion between their wishes and their abilities." Laws are called acts of Tinwald, because before they become binding on the people they must, according to long usages, be promulgated from a certain artificial mount. This tumulus, one of those relics of the days of the Northmen with which this island abounds, is approached by turf steps, and on the east presents the appearance of a truncated cone, divided into three stages which are raised about three feet above each other, and proportionally diminished in circuit and width until they approach the summit, where the King of Manxland formerly sat on solemn occasions.

Down to nearly 1845, the Isle of Man was a sort of sanctuary for debtors. There people were free from arrest, and, consequently, a very queer lot of persons were to be found hanging around the towns. In 1858 meat was eight cents a pound, vegetables in proportion, and a quart bottle of excellent champagne could be had for $1 25. A good house, facing the sea, at Douglas, the metropolis, rented at about $250 a year. Other prices were in proportion. There are excellent schools, the climate is most healthy, the bathing, perhaps, with the exception of the Isle of Rugen, in the Baltic, the best in the world, for you can bathe at all hours, and find a soft footing on the finest sand. The Winter is much milder than in most parts of Europe, and the rain-fall much less than in Ireland; altogether, for a family of "limited means" and fixed income, desiring to educate children, the place offers extraordinary advantages. It may be added that the Castle Mona was a few years ago—and for aught we know is still—one of the very best hotels in the world. There for $2 a day "you may live like a fighting cock." If you are disposed for company, there are the public rooms and table d'hôte; if for solitude, there is the bachelors' department in the other wing. There you may get your dinner alone, and take your toddy beside a blazing fire. There are far worse places in the world than quaint, queer, quiet little Manxland.

CIVILIZATION IN NEW-ORLEANS.

To those who believe with us that dueling is not only a crime against the laws, but an outrage on civilization, it is disheartening to find that there is one section of the country where it is still as firmly intrenched as ever in public opinion. Elsewhere it sometimes occurs that duelists are not at all, or only inadequately, punished. But where there is not a show at least of inforcing the law, public opinion for the most part pronounces strongly and openly against a practice which, if too often tolerated, is no longer approved. In New-Orleans the duelist appears to reign as firmly as in the days when men murdered their dearest friends before breakfast for a joke, and when not to have fought at least one duel was to be decidedly *mauvais ton*. Nothing could be more painfully significant than the fact that in the two fatal duels recently fought near the Crescent City two of the four principals were lawyers, and the third an editor. That is to say, three of the four were men most concerned by every obligation, professional and moral, to uphold the law they have thus been foremost in trampling under foot.

The encounter on the 4th of April, in which Mr. ALFRED B. PHILLIPS, an attorney at law, put a bullet through the head of Mr. ARISTIDE BIENVENU, a stockbroker, at Bay St. Louis, had even a sillier and more unworthy origin than is usual in affairs of honor. Mr. BIENVENU had been sued for payment of a millinery bill, and Mr. PHILLIPS was plaintiff's counsel. At the close of the trial, Mrs. BIENVENU appears to have forgotten herself so far as to address uncomplimentary remarks to Mr. PHILLIPS. The latter contented himself with observing that he would require her husband to restrain such exhibitions of temper, and did so insist upon meeting Mr. BIENVENU a moment after. But that gentleman not only accepted his wife's opinions as his own, but added still more unflattering commentaries, whereupon the indignant lawyer knocked him down, and next morning had the still further and peculiarly-legal satisfaction of blowing his brains out.

The details of the combat make us doubt if New-Orleans is really a Christian community in the last quarter of the nineteenth century. The weapons chosen were double-barreled shot-guns, and a numerous company attended the combatants to the field, among them BIENVENU's brother. While the preliminaries were arranging, "the spectators broke into groups, or lounged about under the trees," considerately repressing their impatience. BIENVENU was shot dead at the first fire, and "his brother appeared to be greatly affected, and burst into tears." The rest of the company must have regarded him with unusual curiosity. To them it was simply a spectacle which was over, and the most important thing was to catch the next train. As an evidence that the ill-breeding of emotion was exceptional, we read that Mr. PHILLIPS and his seconds before retiring "exchanged the usual civilities and expressions of regret," and then the dead man and the slayer went quietly back to the city by the same train.

Horrible as the whole proceeding was, there is something almost grotesque in its incidents. The uncouth and barbarous weapons, the interested crowd, the weeping brother, the exchange of civilities, most of all the strongly-asserted companionship on the return trip, give this duel a flavor of simple savagery which is quite unique. The duel of former times, the duel which civilization has rendered almost obsolete, was at least not a matter of public exhibition, and the duelist who had slain his man paid law at least the homage of pretending to run away. But the New-Orleans duelist knows no such weakness. He goes to the ground attended by half the town, and, after doing his little job of murder to universal satisfaction, washes his hands, goes quietly back to his office, and sits down to his business. If this is civilization, where shall we look for barbarism?

The worst of it is that it is not clear where these things will end. PHILLIPS plainly cannot be punished in a community which made no attempt to punish RHETT, and the escape of PHILLIPS will be additional precedent for a renewal of his crime. We congratulate public opinion in New-Orleans on the prospect before it.

THE HONOR OF ITALY.

A short time ago, Mr. BOUTWELL incurred the heavy displeasure of the Italian press by accusing the Government of Italy of discharging its obligations "very little better than Turkey, Spain, Austria, and other dishonored States of Europe." Much indignation was displayed at the time over the alleged calumny, and even to the present day there are evidences occasionally occurring of the great sensitiveness of the Italian people to this reflection on the national honor. Mr. BOUTWELL's allegation was met so boldly, and resented with so much vigor, that notwithstanding what we thought we knew about Italian finance in past years, we began to hope that King VICTOR's Government was really going to show to the world an example of wise economy and its consequence—an overflowing treasury. There was only one feature about the case that looked suspicious. The *tu quoque* argument has always something of that character, and the Italians told us to look at home. Even if they were dishonorable, they said, it was not for America or an American Senator to tell them of it. And when a London newspaper ventured faintly to indorse Mr. BOUTWELL's statement, they fell into the same line of reasoning; and they replied again, that if they were dishonorable, it was not for England to tell them of it. For, as they contended, did not EDWARD III. in the fourteenth century rob the Bordi and Peruzzi Bank of 635,000 gold florins? Italy, therefore, was certainly not as bad as England and America, even if all that the American Senator had said was true.

Such was the position in which the question remained down to a recent occasion, when Signor MINGHETTI, in the Italian Chamber, delivered his financial statement as President of the Council and Minister of Finance. Whether or not Mr. BOUTWELL experienced any ill effects from the shafts that had been launched against him by the Italian press, we are not prepared at all confidently to say. If he did, he will receive some consolation from the condition of Italian finances, as thus given upon the best and the most hopeful authority. It does not appear that Italy has obtained any monetary advantage whatever by pointing at our unredeemed currency, or by plunging down five hundred years into the past to expose the manners of an English King of that period. It is quite clear that the country is growing in indebtedness, and it is equally clear that Italy has not kept faith with her foreign creditors.

In 1872 the deficiency in the Italian income by excess of expenditure was $54,600,000; in 1873 it was $30,600,000, and this year it is $48,000,000. This does not look like a financial success which the Italians should hold up for the admiration of the world, if they want to be praised for their economy. But it is not the worst side of the picture. Italy is not only getting every year into debt—living, in fact, beyond her means—but she is not acting as wisdom would dictate that she should act toward her foreign creditors. She has not only exacted from them quite recently conditions which did not exist at the time she borrowed their money, but she has imposed a tax of 13½ per cent. on the interest of her loan. If this be not a virtual repudiation of so much of her engagements, we confess we do not know what to call it. The Italian Government is surrounded by difficulties which probably make retrenchment a very hard thing to reach, and we ought not to condemn it for its troubles. Nor, perhaps, is it much concern to anybody if the Italian Parliament amuses itself by voting every year large sums for military and naval purposes, even if those sums have no tangible existence. But when the Government appeals abroad for help, and borrows money of foreign capitalists, it must expect to have its conduct criticised; and if the facts are such as we have shown them to be, the Italian press need not be so very sensitive when the truth is told, and when Italy is ranked with those nations which have treated their creditors rather badly.

VARIETIES OF CALIFORNIA TRAVEL.

Judging by the present course of events, it will soon be in order for certain of the Western States to pass laws for the encouragement of that form of industry known as brigandage. The trade is at present prosecuted in those regions with a degree of vigor and immunity that indicates either a strong degree of popular approval, or an equal amount of legislative indifference. Traveling, perhaps, in these prosaic days of the railway and the steam-boat is getting too monotonous for the lovers of romance, and on the borders of civilization especially the brigand, it may be, fills a certain longing of the imagination. And certainly at present the amateurs of highway robbery have an ample field to choose from. They may go to Missouri and be robbed by the amiable YOUNGER brothers, who stop railway trains at the muzzle of the shot-gun; they may continue their journey to Arkansas, and enjoy the privilege of surrendering their portable property to the fascinating five who capture steam-boats and captivate the passengers they plunder. Or they may go to California, and if fortune befriends them, have the pleasure of an interview with VASQUEZ, who patrols the roads of that favored State, and exacts tribute from the passing stage coach with a grace and suavity which mark him as the very Sir Lancelot of thieves.

The account of this hero's latest exploit, as given in the local papers, shows him to be a worthy compeer of the other scoundrels whose praises we have already sung. It is a matter of regret, certainly, that he should have chosen Cozote Holes as the spot to immortalize by his achievement. Taste, however, is not always an accompaniment of heroism. Perhaps, too, we should rather blame the perverse conduct of the stage company in fixing their station at Cozote Holes, and thus imperiling the good VASQUEZ's poetic future. There the station was, nevertheless, and there it had to be robbed or let alone. The magnanimous VASQUEZ did not hesitate. With one associate, and a prisoner picked up on the way, he appeared before it a few mornings since, and after firing about twenty shots into it by way of admonition, requested the inmates to come out one by one. They promptly obeyed with seeming willingness to the number of seven, including one woman, the wife of the station keeper. But one obstinate individual, named "Tex," "who had been drinking just enough to feel it his duty to be as contrary as possible, objected." A Henry rifle, however, removed his scruples, and he consented to join his comrades in the open air. Here they were taken to a small hill near by, on the summit of which they were bidden to sit. Again the bibulous "Tex" demurred, but a bullet through the thigh again persuaded him, and he, too, sat, and with the rest was "investigated, but without valuable results." The whole party "were then put on parole not to leave the spot on pain of being shot." It is gratifying to be able to record that "although no other precaution was taken to insure their quietness, every one made it a point of honor to stay exactly where he was put until the finale some hours afterward." Such nobility is, indeed, rare, and will give the thoughtful highwayman a more exalted opinion of human nature.

Presently the stage came along, and the passengers were politely invited to descend and be "investigated" in turn. Although "somewhat mystified" at such a greeting from a regular station, the request was too pressing to be denied. This investigation was somewhat more remunerative than the first, yielding about $300. The driver was desired to break open the express box, but the affable VASQUEZ, "examining the contents critically, found nothing he wanted." Then the stage party were marched to another eminence in the neighborhood, where they were left "to enjoy the scenery," and enjoined to hold their peace. The brilliancy of this strategy may be inferred from the fact that, seeing the station party on the other hill, the last comers "took them for a portion of the robber band, and so said nothing." These proceedings were repeated at intervals as various other vehicles came along, until the hills about the station were covered with patient travelers enjoying the scenery, making it a point of honor not to stir, and taking for robbers their fellow-victims on the other hills. Finally, having, in his opinion, exhausted the resources of that particular station, (or, in the cautious language of the Inyo *Independent*, which is printed only eighty miles from Cozote Holes,) there being nothing to justify a longer stay, the two gentlemen rode away with all the horses in the station stables. Then the spectators on the hills ventured to reassemble, and, with the exception of poor "Tex," who, as the *Independent* truthfully, though severely, says, "came to grief through his own obstinacy," united in praising the "great urbanity and gentleness" of their captors.

Certainly this is a bandit that any State may well be proud of. The sense of honor exhibited in distributing the various relays of prisoners about the adjoining hills is only equaled by the firmness shown in dealing with the refractory "Tex." As an inducement to emigration, California must be deemed peculiarly fortunate in the possession of so urbane and gentle a robber.

AMUSEMENTS.

ANNOUNCEMENTS FOR THIS EVENING.

Mme. Di Murska sings at the Academy this evening, in "Lucia," which opera will be given instead of "Il Trovatore." The Park Theatre will be opened, "Love's Penance" being the play. Some important modifications are to be made in the entertainment at the Lyceum, in shape of new *divertissements*, &c. At Wood's Museum, Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Davenport will enter upon an engagement. The announcements of other houses indicate no changes of programme for to-night.

YESTERDAY'S CONCERT.

The Sunday concert at the Grand Opera-house, yesterday, was enjoyed by an immense audience. A large and proficient orchestra, under the direction of Mr. Carlberg, replaced Mr. Gilmore's band, and did a quantity of very good work, and the soloists, as heretofore, were Mme. Di Murska and Mr. Wieniawski. Although the lady was clearly fatigued, she sang with marvelous fluency an air from Hérold's "Pré aux Clercs," with a violin accompaniment supplied by Mr. Wieniawski, this being the vocal novelty of the evening. Although it is not as strictly in the bravura style as Mme. Di Murska's talent would warrant, the aria is sufficiently florid to be effective, and its repetition was insisted upon. Mr. Wieniawski's most important task was a recital of his second concerto, a thoroughly interesting and scholarly composition, than which no more elegant or sympathetic delivery than that of the author could be hoped for. Both Mr. Wieniawski and Mme. Di Murska contributed to the concert exactly twice the number of pieces set down to them.

A TOUCHING INCIDENT.

A recent letter from the Chaplain of the Auburn Prison relates the following affecting incident: "There died in this prison, during the past week, a young man of good parts, member of a highly respectable family in another land, and who became involved in the meshes of the law through moral irresolution rather than innate depravity. His thoughts, which had wandered much during the latter days, on the last one of all centered upon his home, and he imagined that the most eager wish of his heart in this extremity had been realized, and that his loving mother soothed his dying bed. A few moments before his soul took flight he raised himself slightly, and extending his attenuated arm, drew down close to his lips the shadow conjured from his own fond affections, while with a look of ineffable content glorifying his pallid features, his last breath was surrendered (as he thought) to the parent who bore him."

AN OLD MAN'S HOME.

The late Abraham M. Taylor, of Cincinnati, left by his will the sum of $5,000 for the establishment of an "Old Man's Home," in that city, provided $50,000 was raised for the purpose in five years. The *Enquirer* learns that there are three gentlemen in the city who are willing to give $5,000 each, and one who will give $1,000 if a committee is formed for the purpose of appealing to the liberality of the citizens for carrying out the object which Mr. Taylor had in view.

FINE ARTS.

THE ACADEMY OF DESIGN.

NOTICE OF SOME OF THE PROMINENT WORKS—COMPARISON WITH FORMER EXHIBITIONS.

We have already spoken of the Academy exhibition as a whole, and recorded the unanimous verdict that it is by far the best that has taken place within its walls. For several years past it has been an ungrateful task for those having a real love for art, and some appreciation of its requirements, to criticise the Academy exhibitions, and the time seemed, indeed, to be fast approaching when the critic would find his occupation gone, so far, at least, as these annual displays were concerned; but all that, we trust, is past, and the time, it may be confidently predicted, is approaching when the acceptance by the Academy of an artist's work will form an era in his career by the assurance it will give to the public that his pictures are worthy of recognition by people of cultivated tastes.

So large, varied, and attractive is the present collection, comprising, as it does, over 400 paintings, that it is somewhat difficult to determine where to begin. Taking the South Room first, however, we find a very striking picture by Mr. Church, (No. 320,) one of his Oriental studies, giving a view, through a dark, rocky pass, of the building in Petra known as El Khuzneh, or the Treasury, from a tradition of the Arabs that one of the Pharaohs concealed a large amount of treasure therein. The contrast between the dark, gloomy walls of rock and the white, rose-flushed marble of the building, is absolutely startling. In the foreground is a group of crouching Arabs waiting for some unfortunate traveler, and within the jaws of the pass is a small pool of mirror-like water. This is absolutely all. There are few artists who would have attempted to cover so large a canvas with such very simple elements, but Mr. Church has made the essay, and can have no reason to repent of his temerity. The sentiment of the scene, one of the most mournful, perhaps, that human eye has ever looked upon, a city with the visible curse of God upon it, against which was pronounced the doom that it should become an abiding place for the owl and the adder, and that no man should henceforth pass through it forever, has been fully brought out, and with more success, indeed, than has attended some of Mr. Church's later efforts. On the execution of the work praise alone can be bestowed.

Mr. Page's "Shakespeare" (No. 301) represents a man about thirty years of age, dressed in sad-colored velvet, leaning in an easy attitude against a chair, and holding a book in his right hand, on which his eyes, with their somewhat drooping lids, are fixed. The face bears but little resemblance to any of the portraits of the great bard with which the public are familiar. It is that of a somewhat sentimental student, and certainly does not give assurance of that breadth and vigor of intellect which the poet must have possessed. We doubt whether the public will accept Mr. Page's embodiment of Shakespeare with much more favor than it did his Christ, which afforded so much amusement to critics and connoisseurs a year or two ago. The fact simply is, that all attempts to paint either of the two characters must necessarily prove failures, since they have become abstractions, which can be embodied neither on canvas nor in the more enduring marble. At the same time due praise must be awarded to Mr. Page for the technical merits of his work. The face of his figure is beautifully molded, and the flesh tints are charmingly truthful.

Mr. A. B. Durand is represented by a very large landscape, "Franconia Notch," (No. 264,) in the conventional style—a tree in one corner, a stretch of meadow and river in the middle distance, and a mountain behind, with a bright cloudless sky over all. The colors have no doubt faded since they were laid on, so that it is hardly fair to criticise it. Mr. George Inness, who still prosecutes his studies in Europe, sends "Washing Day, Perugia, Italy," (No. 310.) We should scarcely recognize it as Mr. Inness' work, except, perhaps, by the breadth of touch with which the foliage is painted and by the glimpse of sky in the corner. We fail to see evidence in this picture that Mr. Inness has profited by his studies abroad. The figures are very carelessly painted. Mr. Huntington, whose genius cannot find sufficient scope in portrait-painting, is represented by the well-known and often-described scene between Titian and Charles V., (No. 332.) It is very nicely executed, good in drawing and in color, and it would be difficult to point out any fault in it except the glaring one of total want of originality. Every one of the figures, painter, priest, potentate, warrior, and woman is an old acquaintance, and has greeted us at many an Academy exhibition ere this. Mr. Wm. Hart is so indefatigable a student, and is so thoroughly grounded in all the principles of his art, that we never expect to be called upon to criticise a painting entirely false to nature, bearing his name. He sends this year five works. The largest is entitled "Opening in the Clouds," (No. 276,) a sky picture, in which Mr. Hart appears to have looked at nature through a Claude Lorraine glass. In the "Golden Hour," overcharged as the color undoubtedly was, it helped out the sentiment; but in this scene it has the very opposite effect. Nature, we know, produces some strong contrasts; but none so violent as we find on Mr. Hart's canvas. A second inspection of the work has but confirmed our first impressions of it. "Cattle in the Woods," (No. 324,) by the same artist, is a charming little idyll, which bears comparison with the best works of its class in the gallery. Mr. W. S. Haseltine, one of our best landscape painters, whose studies are prosecuted chiefly abroad, has three pictures in the exhibition. He is seen at his best, however, in "The Castle at Ostia, from the Villa Tusano," (No. 263.) In the foreground is a river or pool of mirror-like water, in which the stone pines that grow on its banks is reflected. Around is a dreary space of dark marsh land, and in the distance looms the castle, standing out against a warm-hued sky. The contrast is not too strong, and the sentiment of the theme is heightened by the skillful distribution of color, light, and shade. This is decidedly one of the best landscapes in the collection. F. A. Bridgman sends us but one of his European studies, "Bringing in the Corn," (No. 260,) a cart drawn by two oxen, with a smiling old woman on the top of the load talking to a friend that walks beside her. Exception will, of course, be taken to the color and want of texture, but in spite of these shortcomings it is a very admirable study of peasant life in sunny Italy; and as good in drawing as it is strong and truthful in expression. Pietro Vaini, now a resident of New-York, has two large works here (Nos. 262 and 268.) The first is entitled "After the War," and represents a woman of the better class, but now reduced to beggary and rags, carrying a sick child in her arms. The second picture represents an incident of Florentine history. Veronica, the jealous Duchess of St. Giuleanò, caused her rival to be murdered and her head to be sent in a basket to her faithless husband. Mr. Vaini has painted the Duchess gazing on the severed head of the murdered woman, which lies in a basket surrounded by the lace and satin of the upper portion of her dress. On the floor are bloody wrappers and napkins. The subject is sufficiently horrible for the most sensation-loving of the public. We cannot admit, however, that Mr. Vaini has quite succeeded in the difficult task he undertook. The expression on the face of the Duchess is hardly satisfactory. It is, indeed, distortion, rather than expression. "After the War" is far more satisfactory. Both works show much technical skill, breadth of touch, and knowledge of color. Mr. Julian Scott has two or three pictures in the collection. The best perhaps is the little one, (No. 300,) "On Board the Hartford," representing Admiral Farragut receiving a report from one of his officers, quiet in tone and unpretending in composition.

Returning to the landscapes, we find one by Mr. Bierstadt, which shows that Mr. Bierstadt must be either very confident of his reputation, or very careless of it, for it is the most unsatisfactory work of his we have ever seen. Mr. Arthur Parton's "On the Road to Mount Marcy" is not so good a picture as the one exhibited by him two years ago. Mr. W. Whittredge has two satisfactory works, "Christmas Eve in Italy," (No. 297,) and "A Home by the Sea," (No. 292.) Both are truthful, low in tone, but not deficient in strength. James M. Hart's "Breezy Day on the Road" and "In the Orchard," (Nos. 303 and 317,) show no improvement on previous efforts. The color of the foliage is muddy and unsatisfactory, and a like criticism may be applied to Mr. A. F. Bellow's "Showery Day in the Isle of Wight" (No. 333.) Of the English landscape school there is a fair specimen of James T. Linnel, "Harvest Time," (No. 309,) showing some well-painted foliage and good color generally, though we cannot see that our own landscape painters' efforts suffer by comparison with this. Of Mr. H. W. Robbins' "Morning in Jamaica" (No. 269) we can only say that we wonder it has been hung on the line. It does not deserve such distinction. Mr. A. Schenck is represented by a very large canvas, (No. 282.) The subject is a flock of sheep lost in a snow-storm among the Auvergne range of mountains. The drawing is excellent, and the attitudes and expressions remarkably good. The texture, too, of their fleecy hides, overspread with a thin film of snow, is finely rendered. The landscape is not so satisfactory. Occupying one of the places of honor, and deservedly so, is Mr. M. F. H. De Haas' "Breaking Up of a Storm at Star Island," (No. 304,) a very large work, and the best, we think, that Mr. De Haas has yet painted. On the right is a ledge of dark rocks, and on the shoals at their foot a dismasted vessel lies. A fine, strongly-painted, gloomy sky forms the background. The water is sufficiently buoyant and liquid, though a less liberal use of the green tinge with which the trough of the waves is besprinkled would certainly have added to the truthfulness of the picture. It is nevertheless a fine composition; the details are painted with exemplary care. Another marine piece, by A. T. Bricher, "Time and Tide," (No. 267,) merely reechoes Mr. W. T. Richards' style, a fine specimen of which will be found in the North Room.

Two little pictures, one by J. B. Irving, "The Bookworm," and one by J. W. Champney, "Mutual Admiration," will attract attention. Painted in totally different styles, they are both admirable. The attitude and expression of the old student in Mr. Irving's work, and the innocent look of the little child in Mr. Champney's, as he gazes down at the frog in the pool, are charmingly rendered. In the West Room is a very striking example of how an otherwise good picture may be spoiled by an inartistic use of color. We refer to Mr. T. W. Wood's "Village Post Office," (No. 352.) It is a large canvas, containing some ten or a dozen figures, and represents the interior of a large country store, in one corner of which is the Post Office. A young girl is waiting to receive her letter, while a stalwart young backwoodsman is casting "sheep's eyes" at her. An old sailor-like figure and a matron with her attendant brood are waiting their turn. The grouping and expression leave little to be desired, but the color is decidedly bad. The girl's bright-hued shawl, not an important object in itself, is offensively prominent, and indeed the picture, as a whole, is entirely spoiled by it. Mr. Wood could greatly improve his work by clothing his young woman in less brilliant colors.

PORTRAITS.

We have not as yet referred to the portraits in the exhibition, of which, as usual, it has a liberal supply. Mr. Page has one of Col. Shaw which appears to be rather thin and unsatisfactory. Mr. Huntington is represented by four of this class of works, that of Mrs. Tibbitts being decidedly the best. The others are decidedly poor in color. A portrait of James G. Bennett, by Oliver Stone; one of Peter Cooper, by Reinhart, and others by Alonzo Pease, LeClear, Henry A. Loop, Geo. A. Baker, and Thos. Hicks are fair, but by no means strikingly good specimens. In the West Room is a portrait of a very handsome lady in Moorish costume, which will at once be recognized as that of Mrs. N. Sarony. It is by J. O. Eaton. The costume suits the lady's style of beauty admirably, and the painting, though rather low in tone, is quite satisfactory. As a specimen of really conscientious work, let us call attention to Carl L. Brandt's portrait of an elderly lady (No. 154.) There is nothing superior to this in the whole exhibition. The waxen texture of the flesh is most skillfully rendered, and it is indeed a work of art in every respect.

THE SNEDECOR COLLECTION.

A private view of a very choice collection of oil-paintings and water-color drawings, the property of Mr. Snedecor, was afforded, Saturday evening, at the Somerville Gallery. Mr. Snedecor's collection of water-colors is not surpassed by any in the City, and of their special merits we may have an opportunity of speaking hereafter. The exhibition will be open free on and after Monday.

PENDLETONISM REVIVED.

In the course of an article upon the political consequences of the recent financial vote in the Senate, the Chicago *Times* says: "The repudiation bill passed the Senate by a majority of only six votes. The first and most significant fact which appears upon a classification of the votes according to previous partisan alliances, is that the line of division between repudiation and anti-repudiation—between Pendletonism and political economy—passes almost exactly through the middle of both the old parties. The Senate consists of seventy-four numbers; substracting the two vacant seats, and there are left seventy-two members. Of these forty-nine have been hitherto classed as 'Republicans,' nineteen as 'Democrats,' and four as 'Liberals.' The vote on the repudiation bill shows the new line of these old political divisions passing through the middle of these old parties as follows:

SENATE DIVISION ON PENDLETONISM.

Old style.	For.	Against.
'Republicans'	29	20
'Democrats'	9	10
'Liberals'	1	3
New political division	39	33

The names of the Senators, arranged according to the new political division, on the new, or rather the revived, political issue of Pendletonism, and with old party antecedents indicated, are as follows:

PENDLETONIANS.

Of Republican Antecedents.—Allison, Iowa; Alcorn, Mississippi; Boreman, West Virginia; Brownlow, Tennessee; Cameron, Pennsylvania; Carpenter, Wisconsin; Conover, Florida; Clayton, Arkansas; Dorsey, Arkansas; Ferry, Michigan; Gilbert, Florida; Harvey, Kansas; Hitchcock, Nebraska; Ingalls, Kansas; Lewis, Virginia; Logan, Illinois; Mitchell, Oregon; Morton, Indiana; Oglesby, Illinois; Patterson, South Carolina; Pease, Mississippi; Pratt, Indiana; Ramsey, Minnesota; Robertson, South Carolina; Spencer, Alabama; West, Louisiana; Windom, Minnesota; Wright, Iowa.

Of Bourbon Antecedents.—Bogy, Missouri; Dennis, Maryland; Goldthwaite, Alabama; Gordon, Georgia; Johnston, Virginia; McCreery, Kentucky; Merrimon, North Carolina; Norwood, Georgia; Ransom, North Carolina.

Of Greeley Squad.—Tipton, Nebraska.

ECONOMISTS.

Of Republican Antecedents.—Anthony, Rhode Island; Buckingham, Connecticut; Boutwell, Massachusetts; Chandler, Michigan; Conkling, New-York; Cragin, New-Hampshire; Edmunds, Vermont; Ferry, Connecticut; Flanagan, Texas; Hamlin, Maine; Howe, Wisconsin; Jones, Nevada; Morrill, Maine; Morrill, Vermont; Sargent, California; Scott, Pennsylvania; Sherman, Ohio; Stewart, Nevada; Wadleigh, New-Hampshire.

Of Bourbon Antecedents.—Bayard, Delaware; Cooper, Tennessee; Davis, West Virginia; Hager, California; Hamilton, Maryland; Kelly, Oregon; Saulsbury, Delaware; Stockton, New-Jersey; Stevenson, Kentucky; Thurman, Ohio.

Of Greeley Squad.—Fenton, New-York; Hamilton, Texas; Schurz, Missouri.

The fact already confronts the whole country, that Pendletonian 'Democracy' is revived for a new political campaign, with Morton, Logan, Carpenter, and other old 'Democrats' of a former day, standing as 'leaders,' side by side with Pendleton, McCreery, Bogy, Gordon, and Merrimon of the 'piney-woods.' Already it is evident enough that the next general political contest is to turn on the issue of 'Pendletonism'—a term that, implying the repudiation of the most saacred obligations of national honesty and honor, may be broadly construed as comprehending 'Butlerism,' 'Sanbornism,' and all other styles of scoundrelism that are born of political and fiscal dishonesty."

PROBABLE MURDER—THE RESULT OF CARD-PLAYING.

About 7:30 o'clock last night, a shooting affray occurred in the yard of the tenement-house, No. 539 West Fifty-ninth street, which will probably result fatally for one of the persons concerned. It would seem that a number of young men were engaged playing cards in the lager-beer saloon on the first floor of the building. Among the party were Timothy Leddy, a plasterer, residing at the corner of Thirty-third street and Eighth avenue, and Thomas Corbett, a coachman, living at Sixty-fifth street and Tenth avenue. A quarrel sprang up between Leddy and Corbett. Leddy went into the yard of the house, and was followed by Corbett, who, drawing a Smith & Wesson pistol, fired five shots at Leddy, three of which took effect, wounding Leddy in a most dangerous manner. Corbett fled, and, an alarm having been given, Leddy was taken to the station-house in Forty-fifth street, and from thence removed to the Roosevelt Hospital. Detective O'Brien pursued Corbett, and found a bloody shirt and coat in his room. The Police are confident of effecting the fugitive's arrest.

EMIGRATION STATISTICS.

Seventeen hundred and forty eight emigrants arrived at Castle Garden during last week, viz.: From Liverpool per steam-ship Adriatic, 274; City of Paris, 577; from Bremen per steam-ship Weser, 367; from Hamburg per steam-ship Holsatia, 332; from Antwerp per steam-ship C. F. Funch, 107; from Bristol per steam-ship Great Western, 52; from St. John's per Pernambuco, 26, and per bark Clara, 13. Several vessels are overdue. The Greece and Idaho which left Liverpool on the 25th March had not arrived up to yesterday afternoon; the Olympia which left Glasgow on the 18th of March, and the Macedonia on the 25th are also overdue. The Adriatic of the White Star Line and the City of Paris of the Inman both left this port Saturday afternoon side by side, which fact gave rise to the rumor that some fast sailing may be expected on the homeward voyage.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

"EAT" AND "ATE."

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

I have just finished reading the review of Mr. Merewether's book in to-day's paper. I find in it the following:

"Once he tells us that he 'eat his breakfast' with relish. We wish he could have brought himself to say ate, but a Wittshire gentleman must not be bored with grammar."

I agree with your critic in wishing that the author "could have brought himself to say 'ate,'" as perhaps the more elegant expression, but does not the reviewer go too far when he assumes that the use of the word "eat" as a preterit is not grammatical? The only authorities at hand to which I can refer are Worcester's Dictionary and Goold Brown's *Grammar of English Grammars.* Brown on chapter 394, (tenth edition, 1869,) gives the conjugation—*present,* "eat;" *preterit,* "ate" or "ĕat," &c. Worcester also gives both words for the imperfect, and, in a note, says that the grammarians are not agreed as to which is correct. He cites several of them, and, although the majority in numbers is opposed to the use of "eat," Murray's name appears among those who defend the use of either word.

Where our unfortunate "Q. C." has the support of such authorities as Murray and Brown, I think it needs more than the *ipse dixit* even of one of your able staff to convict him, in this instance at least, of ignorance of grammar.

L.

COMPULSORY EDUCATION.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

The bill before the Legislature "to secure to children the benefit of elementary education," deserves the support of every friend of free government or of the prosperity of the State.

Universal suffrage and free government cannot endure without intelligent voters; hence, at the origin of Democracy in Greece, 2,500 years ago, Sparta and Athens required every citizen to be educated; only slaves were allowed to grow up in ignorance.

In the middle ages the Italian republics were patrons of learning.

France, in 1795, as soon as she became a republic, established compulsory education, but with the return of monarchy it was abolished. In 1833 her most intelligent statesmen called for it, but the enemies of free government opposed it. To-day the friends of the Republic and universal suffrage in France are almost a unit for it, but the Monarchists object to it.

Eighteen of the twenty-two cantons of the Swiss Republic have established and enforced it for a generation. It has made that small and rugged country rich, prosperous, and influential.

Germany two generations ago, with its thirty-eight Governments, was ignorant and poor; but for thirty years their laws have effectually secured to children up to fifteen years of age the benefits of elementary education; and as a consequence Germany is to-day the most intelligent, prosperous, powerful, and law-abiding country in Europe.

Sweden, Norway, and Denmark, though nominally monarchies, are practically republics, with the real power vested in the ballot-box; they have become such by requiring universal education. In Sweden, out of 385,000 children of the school age, only three per cent. are out of school.

In Prussia, with 3,000,000 of school children, only four per cent. are out of school.

In Saxony, with a population of 2,000,000, there is not a single child who has not attended school.

England, a few years ago, established compulsory education. Two causes brought about this result; first, the ballot was extended to a large class, and the safety of the Government required that the voters should be educated; second, they found that the intelligent labor of Germany and Switzerland was pushing the industries of these countries ahead of England, and the only way for England to recover her position was to educate her people.

How is it with the State of New-York?

We have 1,522,000 children of the school age, thirty per cent. of whom do not attend school at all for a single day in the year, and the average attendance is only one-third of the whole number.

In this City there are over 300,000 children of the school age, while the average attendance at the school is only about 100,000, or one-third of the whole number. Over 60,000 do not attend for a day any school, either public or private.

The last census shows in the State 189,000 adults that cannot read and write! Of these 73,000 are males, and hence are or may be voters!

The census further shows that the illiterate persons on the average produce ten times the number of criminals and thirty times the number of paupers that they would if educated. The cost of taking care of one criminal or pauper would provide public school education for one hundred children, and so prevent them from becoming criminals and paupers.

The great want of the State to-day is education of the masses.

We pay twelve millions a year for our free common schools. They are in operation on the average twenty-eight weeks per year in each school district, but so great is the percentage of absences that not more than one-half the benefit is derived from this twelve millions of annual expense that might and should be derived from it.

The proposed law is intended to cure this waste, and secure to the children the full benefit of the education that is already provided and paid for, but not received by the children.

It is in this country no new experiment. Massachusetts adopted it in 1642, and Connecticut in 1650, and both enforced it for a century and a half.

Those two States are largely indebted to that law for the eminence and influence of their citizens, both those remaining at home and those emigrating to other States.

This law is now in successful operation in both States. Several other States, as New-Hampshire, Michigan, and New Jersey have adopted it.

The penalties in the bill before the Legislature are only about one-half what they are in Connecticut, Massachusetts, and Michigan, but if found by experience to be too small, they can be increased hereafter. Mild penalties are the best if effective.

In Baden such a law as this, carefully enforced, in seven years reduced the number of prisoners fifty-one per cent., the number of thefts fifty-four per cent., and the number of paupers twenty-five per cent.

The great number of petitions to the Legislature from all parts of the State for this bill, and the voice of the press, indicate that the people are ready for it.

D.

OPPRESSIVE IMPRISONMENT.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

I noticed in your paper of this morning an editorial calling attention to the abuses arising from the confinement of persons so unfortunate as to witness the commission of a crime, often most severe and even greater than the punishment of the criminal. While serving within the past sixty days as a grand juror I visited the House of Detention, and there found two parties who were suffering in the manner referred to. Inasmuch as the recital of their wrongs may be of service, I beg its insertion:

One was that of a friendless woman who more than eight months since was witness to the shooting of a person; the man who committed the act fled; had not at that time been arrested; the woman remains, and for all we know is to remain until the assassin is apprehended.

The other was the case of a sailor, who was robbed while on his way to his ship. Unfortunately for him he was both able-bodied and sober; he arrested the thief, held him until an officer appeared; both were taken to the station-house, both locked up, one for crime the other as witness; the vessel sailed, taking all the poor man's clothing save that in which he stood. Still worse than all, there remained at home a wife and two children, whose daily bread was no longer provided by a father's willing hands, but they were left to suffer and to beg. Permit me to state one case more, which I trust may prove enough: A detective was sent to buy a ticket in a "policy" shop. The proprietor was "too smart," he would not sell to him. An innocent and ignorant laborer is found by the officer; his acquaintance made, a drink is offered and accepted, and the poor fool takes ten cents, at officer's request, goes into "policy" shop, buys ticket, hands same, with two cents change, to the officer, and for his disinterested trouble was, when I last heard of him, confined as a witness, and had been for nearly three weeks; his wife and children left to do as the poor sailor's wife and children did, or may even now be doing—starving, begging.

H. W. C.

WEDNESDAY, April 8, 1874.

COURT OF SPECIAL SESSIONS.

At the Court of Special Sessions Saturday, William H. King, alias Dr. Squills, formerly known as an expert pickpocket, was convicted of stealing a pair of shirts from Mrs. Ridge, of No. 134 Mott street, and pawning the same. He was sentenced to the Island for six months. Michael Walsh, an habitual wife-beater, was sent to the Island for six months. Robert Harris, aged seven, and his brother Frank, aged eight years, were accused of stealing a velocipede, and attempting to dispose of the same. Robert was discharged on account of his age, and Francis was found guilty, and sent to the Catholic Protectory.

BANKRUPTCY BUSINESS.

During last week adjudications of involuntary bankruptcy were made in the cases of Catharine Gern, Charles G. Pixley, Augustus W. Lindsey, Silas F. Sherwood, Charles C. Richmond, William A. Perry, Lesser Goldstein, Henry Heinrich, and Conrad R. Braunelich.

CALIFORNIA.

RAMBLING SKETCHES FROM SAN FRANCISCO SOUTHWARD.

From Our Own Correspondent.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., Saturday, March 28, 1874.

The contests between opposition lines of steamers have been productive of a largely-increased travel between San Francisco and Southern California this Winter, and many who had not left the metropolis for several years embraced the opportunity presented by cheap fares during the past three months to visit the most lovely portion of the State. Business requiring my presence in the southern counties, I found myself one fine morning aboard one of the Pacific Mail steamers en route for San Diego. The cabin was crowded with pleasure-seekers of both sexes, and they constituted an assembly which could not be found in any portion of the world except in the American Italy. Social, chatty, liberal with purse and anecdote, they formed pleasant companions; for the greater portion of the male sex had many tales to relate of their varied experiences, which ranged from mining to the ministry, and from country pedagogues to journalists. The female portion were the embodiments of health and vivacity, the former characteristic being due, no doubt, to the splendid climate of the region; the latter to the absence of Mrs. Grundy in our social stratum, and that independent nonchalance so peculiar to all Californians, no matter of what gender. Starting at 8 A. M., we were soon hurrying past fleets of sailing vessels and steamers, their cosmopolitan character being expressed by the various flags of different nations which floated from their mizzen peaks. The ensigns of China, Japan, the Sandwich and Fiji Islands, and the South American Republics could be seen blended with those of Europe, for nearly all the maritime nations of the latter continent were represented, though Albion held the sway. Steaming out through the Golden Gate and past its many batteries, the first object to attract our attention was the Farallone Islands. These islands rise boldly out of the sea thirty miles west of the Golden Gate. They are seven in number, and composed entirely of what seems at a distance to be augitic basalt, and are devoid of tree or shrub. They are the resort of large numbers of sea lions and myriads of water fowl, every cranny, apparently, being occupied by the latter during the incubating season. Quite a large trade in eggs is carried on with these islands during the early months of Spring, vessels being fitted out specially for engaging in the capture of the eggs deposited there by penguins, guillemots, and the other natators which select them as their breeding place. These eggs meet a ready sale in the San Francisco markets. The value of this trade amounts to thousands of dollars per annum, and is, as a matter of course, very lucrative. The seal fishery could also be made a prominent industry, if properly inaugurated, for many of the phoca residing among the numerous crags weigh over a ton, and one can imagine how much oil could be extracted from such specimens. The roar of the ocean as it lashes against the huge rocks and the bellowing of immense numbers of the phocidæ combine to form a scene which can scarcely be exceeded for wild, rude grandeur.

Following the coast southward, each hour bringing us into a more tropical climate, we found ourselves, on the evening of the second day, at San Diego the oldest town in California, it having been established as a mission station in 1769 by the Order of Franciscans. For a hundred years worthy friars of this order have occupied their old adobe houses and taught the simple Indians around them the doctrines of Christianity, and educated the children of the Castellanos, who, until recently, have lived here in Arcadian simplicity, free from all the wiles and turmoils of the progressive world surging around them. The city is now divided into two parts, and one is called the old and the other the new town. The former is principally composed of adobe buildings, but the latter will equal in architecture, picturesqueness of location, and facilities for commercial enterprise, any town on the continent. It is situated on San Diego Bay, three miles south of the old town, and possesses already a population of 3,000. As it slopes toward the water it requires no artificial system of grading or drainage, nature attending to that. It has two splendid wharves which extend into deep water, and they have capacity enough for all the shipping needed at present, or, in fact, for many years to come. San Diego offers an excellent opportunity to contrast the difference between the taste, energy and architecture of primitive and modern times, and in all cases we may add that the latter will prove the most pleasing, as it expresses culture, progress, life; while its opposite breathes only of moldiness, listlessness, and rude simplicity. Its rapidly increasing population of late may be inferred from the fact that three newspapers are now published there, one of which is a daily. The capacity of the harbor, and the fact that it is only 456 miles from San Francisco, has induced Col. Scott to select the city as the western terminus of the Southern Pacific Railroad. The work of grading a few miles of the road is now progressing, and this gives the old streets a bustling appearance, especially during Sundays.

THE CLIMATE.

This region is said to be the best in the world for consumptives, as it possesses a dry atmosphere and a warm and equable temperature. Those who frequent the Azores, Southern Italy, or Southern France, in order to obtain relief from that scourge of our nation, consumption, will not find in either country any place to equal the towns of Southern California, and for the simple reason, that the rainfall here is less, and that the Summers are cooler and the Winters warmer than in any of the best resorts of Europe. To make the contrast evident, I shall give a short table of the temperature and the moisture that falls in the most famous places:

	Temperature. January.	Temperature. July.	Rainfall. Inches.
San Diego	51°	72°	10
Funchal	60°	70°	30
Genoa	46°	77°	24
Marseilles	43°	75°	20

From this it will be seen, if the assertions of physicians are veritable, that San Diego excels any other place as a resort for those afflicted with pulmonary diseases. With the genial atmosphere may be united the fine landscapes presented in almost every direction, the abundance of tropical and semi-tropical fruits, which embrace figs, limes, lemons, oranges, and luscious grapes, besides the many varieties of the pomona and drupaceous fruits indigenous to more northern latitudes. The county of which San Diego is the capital, though having all these advantages, has also its disadvantages, for it sometimes suffers from droughts so severe that no crops of cereals or graminæ can be raised for two and three years in succession. This defect can be overcome, of course, by irrigation, and where this method of fertilizing is employed a most abundant harvest is reaped. The ditches which carry the water are called *zanjas,* and the person who distributes the hyaline fluid to subscribers is called a *zanjero.* His business is to look after the ditches, see to their repairs, report on the amount of water, their capacity, and other matters appertaining to his subject.

The bay could employ a large number of persons in the fishery business; yet it is almost entirely neglected. A few devote themselves to the gathering of the abelone, *(haliotus rufesceus,)* a shell-fish exceedingly popular in Chinese epicurianism. The mollusk when dried looks like the frog of a horse's hoof, and anything but palatable, yet the Celestials devour it with avidity. One of the latter class, while trying to loosen an abelone from its rocky bed two months ago, had his hand caught between the shell and rock, and with such tenacity that he could not extricate himself, so he was retained on the crag until the returning tide sent his spirit to rejoin his rude forefathers. When the body was found the face and neck were much discolored, owing to the rushing of blood to the head during the violent struggles the doomed creature made to escape from his fate. The trade in this fish amounts to about $10,000 per annum, and is constantly increasing, owing to the readiness with which it is purchased in the markets of China.

A FUGITIVE BRIDEGROOM.

The Oakland (Cal.) *News* of April 3 relates this incident: "The daughter of a widow somewhat known in East Oakland was to have been married to a young butcher at the maternal residence last Saturday night, but owing to the fickleness of the man of meat the affair took a singular turn. Until about 9 o'clock in the evening everything was lovely. The friends of the happy couple were gathered in the parlor, enjoying themselves in social chat and youthful games, their olfactories regaled by the fragrant odors that proceeded from the kitchen, and gave promise of a joyful wedding feast as soon as the nuptial knot should be tied by the dignified Justice, whose arrival was momentarily expected. The butcher bridegroom became impatient, and whispered to the blushing bride that he would go and hurry the old man up. He went, but he hadn't been gone long ere the good man arrived. Then the moments dragged and lapsed into an hour, and still the bridegroom came not. A deputation was sent in search of the butcher, and it was ascertained that he had borrowed four bits of an acquaintance and taken the train for San Francisco. He has not returned."

THE STEAMER GREECE.

WATCHING FOR THE RESCUED PASSENGERS OF THE EUROPE—ARRIVAL OF THE ABYSSINIA.

The anxiety regarding the arrival of the steamer Greece with the rescued passengers and crew of the Europe was manifested yesterday by the numerous inquiries at the company's dock at Pier No. 47 North River. All day long citizens called there and asked if she had been heard of from Sandy Hook. The reply was ever in the negative, much to the disappointment of the public and the digust of Mr. Lack and numerous attachée of the National Line, who had been stationed there with provisions—beef, potatoes, and bread—ready to be transmitted to her the myment she was signaled off the bar. Mr. Hurst, the agent, and others came down at different times to inquire about her, and until sundown waited word that she had been signaled. Finding that no tidings came, the project of sending a boat with provisions, &c., to relieve the Greece was abandoned for the day, and the premises at Pier No. 47 were left in darkness.

No fears are entertained for her complete safety notwithstanding this delay. She is not considered a fast boat; and, besides, all westward passages across the Atlantic about this time are longer than the average trips at almost any other season. There were no exceptions to this rule among the vessels that arrived during the past week. It was ascertained from inquiries made at the Post Office last evening that the only mail steamers now due from Europe are the Parthia, of the Cunard Line, and the Rhine, from Bremen. The Parthia sailed from Liverpool on the 1st inst., and usually makes her trip in eleven days, and she will probably take a few days over the average time. The Parthia runs regularly to Boston, and is an extra steamer to New-York. The Rhine, which sailed from Bremen on the 1st inst., was also due yesterday, but may be delayed a day or two. The Abyssinia, a faster vessel than the Greece, which left about the same time and was due last Wednesday, arrived last night. Another extra boat from Bremen also arrived at 8 o'clock last evening with European mails. Besides the mails forwarded by the Europe, it is expected that the Greece will bring European mails, though she is not a regular mail steam-ship. The Abyssinia sailed from Liverpool on the 28th of March and reached Sandy Hook at 7:20 P. M. yesterday, and anchored at Quarantine at 8:25 P. M., having encountered very rough weather from the commencement of the voyage. At half past 12 o'clock this morning the mails were received at the General Post Office, having been conveyed by a special tug from the vessel, which will not leave Quarantine until this morning, when she will be brought to her pier. Mail Officer Mr. T. R. Jones stated to a TIMES reporter this morning that they seldom encountered such bad weather at this season. The Abyssinian generally makes the trip in eleven days, and since she made her first voyage she had not so rough or slow a passage. They did not sight the Greece, and he stated that from the heavy sea they experienced he would not be surprised if she did not arrive for some days.

FATAL FIRE AT SMITHTOWN, LONG ISLAND.

At about 8 o'clock Saturday morning the residence of a colored widow named Burgh, at Smithtown, Long Island, caught fire during her absence and was consumed. It seems that the colored woman was in the habit of going out to work for the village people by the day, leaving two small children to care for themselves during her absence. The mother had been gone about an hour when the younger of the children obtained some matches, and for some time amused itself with them. The matches finally ignited, and, falling upon the child's dress, set it on fire. The elder of the children, a little girl of about eight years, attempted to save her little sister by throwing water upon her clothing, but failing in this she ran about utterly bewildered. At length the child's burning clothes ignited some combustible material in the room, and instantly the house was in a blaze. The flames raged with great fury for some time, when it received a momentary check from the neighbors who had gathered. Again the flames broke forth, and in a few minutes the house, together with some out-buildings and fences, were destroyed. The elder child was rescued from the burning building by a neighbor at the peril of his life, but all attempts to reach the other child proved unavailing, and she perished in the flames. The house was nearly new and it was about all the property the widow possessed. Loss, $7,000; no insurance.

THE R. C. TEMPERANCE UNION.

The Catholic Total Abstinence Union of New-York held a convention yesterday. The Secretary of the Union of America presented a letter from Archbishop Leahy, of Cashel, Ireland, in reply to the American Union, on the subject of a combined system between the two countries to protect emigrants, on their arrival, from the influences of intemperance. The Archbishop suggests that the American Union should extend temperance influences to all classes of Catholic emigrants, and that the clergy and laity of Ireland would heartily co-operate in any well-conducted plan. The convention perfected arrangements for a mass-meeting to be held at Cooper Institute on May 19, for the purpose of bringing the cause before the people.

AN ELOPER'S ROWING FEAT.

An instance of hard rowing under a serious mistake is described by the Evansville (Ind.) *Journal,* which says: "A young man of this city, being at an up-river town, a few days ago, took a skiff to row to the next town down stream. About the time he put out he noticed a man and woman in a similar boat on the opposite side of the Ohio, the man pulling with all his might down stream. The Evansville youth did not want to be beaten by a man who had a load while he had an empty skiff, so he bent himself to his work with great energy. Row as hard as he might, the oarsman on the other side kept ahead of him, until the young man made up his mind there was something wrong with the current, and he tried to cross. This seemed to give additional energy to the other oarsman, whose oar was plied with such a will that he gained sensibly, and our Evansviller dropped back, but still kept the couple in sight. After half a day's row the single oarsman stopped at a town, rested, and did such business as he found, and took the next steamer for home. On the way down the steamer was hailed, and the couple from the skiff got aboard. The young man, after a short time, approached the champion oarsman and remarked: 'Well, you beat me, didn't you; but I tried bad to get ahead.' 'Thunderation!' exclaimed the man; 'was that you a pullin' after us? I tho't it was Lize's dad, an' I jest lit in with all my might, but it's no use now; we's married for good, now, stranger, an' I wouldn't row that hard again even ef the old man was to heave in sight.'"

AN AGED DIVINE'S BIRTHDAY.

The venerable Rev. Dr. Lovick Pierce, father of Bishop George F. Pierce, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, was ninety years of age March 24, 1874, and celebrated the occasion with a family dinner that day at "Sunshine," Georgia, the residence of the Bishop. Subsequently he wrote a letter to the *Southern Christian Advocate,* describing the scenes of the day, the closing paragraph of which is as follows:

"But of my birthday dinner. Solomon says: 'Better is a dinner of herbs, with love, than a stalled ox, and hatred therewith.' We had a dinner better than a stalled ox, and a full flow of love therewith. I had about thirty of my own family circle present, running far out into the fourth generation; and, to add to the pleasure of the occasion, Rev. J. W. Burke came in on an unexpected, but most welcome visit, and with sunny face increased the social cheer. Nothing was wanting to make it the high-day of my life but the presence of all my progeny. We feasted freely on the finest dinner ever given to me as a birthday festival; drank nothing but water, enjoyed life, and closed the day by the baptism of my last-born great-granddaughter. I cannot expect ever to see another birthday like it; but I give thanks that this last one was bright without and calm within. Nothing happened through the day, even to the crying of a child, to disturb the peace. Let us say, 'Bless the Lord, from everlasting to everlasting, and let all the people say amen. Praise ye the Lord.'"

CALIFORNIA'S CONSTITUTION.

The last Legislature of California proposed a long series of amendments to the Constitution of that State, and also adopted a recommendation that the people of the State should vote at the next general election upon the question calling a constitutional convention. In case the people should order a convention, the legislative amendments will be allowed to drop; but if the convention scheme should be defeated, then the next Legislature can adopt the amendments proposed at the last session, and submit them to the people at the general election in 1877 for final approval or rejection. The most important of these amendments are summarized by the San Francisco *Alta* in brief as follows:

"In civil cases three-fourths of the jury may render a valid verdict. After the population of the State reaches 1,000,000 the Legislature may increase the number of Assemblymen from 80 to 120, and each county shall have at least one Assemblyman. A new legislative apportionment must be made in every year ending with 2, (as in 1882, 1892, and so on,) based on the votes of the different districts at the preceding Presidential election; and if the Legislature fails to perform its duty the Governor shall do so by proclamation. This is a good provision. No bill shall become a law unless it has been once read through in each House. A long section deprives the Legislature of power to pass certain local and special bills. No person shall be Governor for two successive terms. The Governor may veto any item of any appropriation bill, and his veto in such cases may be overruled by a two-thirds vote, as in other vetoes. County Courts shall be abolished and their functions performed by the District Courts. The article relating to taxation is amended by striking out the clause requiring the election of Tax Collectors and Assessors by inserting a provision that a State Board of Equalization shall be maintained, and by authorizing the State to incur an unlimited debt to carry out a general system of irrigation. Private property shall not be liable to be sold for the corporate debts of a municipal corporation."

MR. BEECHER ON ALCOHOL.

Rev. H. W. Beecher devoted his discourse last evening to a review of the liquor question and the temperance crusade in the West. Local option, he thought, had in many cases accomplished a great deal of good. The trouble with laws of this kind was that the great body of the citizens failed to sustain them by their influence and votes. Policemen and Police Magistrates were unable to do everything. As to liquor itself, he did not consider it at all times and under all circumstances injurious. A healthy man had no need of it, and was better off without it, but all men were not healthy. Then there were people engaged in the temperance reformation who were pushing it too far, who were repelling more by their bigotry and intolerance than they conquered by their arguments and prayers. Persons who insisted that, under no possible circumstances, or combination of circumstances, a thimbleful of brandy was of use to the disordered system might mean well, but they were on the wrong track. The idea, on which the great temperance reformation began thirty years ago, that all liquor was of itself poison, had been undermined by science. But there were those, who went even further than this, and pronounced stimulants to be bad. A man who endeavored to carry out their precepts would be in danger of starvation. The fact was that, stimulants in certain cases and in moderate quantities were unquestionably of benefit to the physical health. It was all very well to talk about the reaction and say that that was invariably equal to the exaltation, but it was untrue. One reason why Americans as a race used them to excess was from their lack of proper recreation. Good food, properly prepared, and pleasant homes were what Americans needed to wean them from this demon of drink. The temperance crusade the speaker regarded as effecting much good, though more of it by opening the way to a wider field for woman's influence than by prayers at the rumsellers, addressed from the sidewalk. Let woman reform the table, substitute for indigestible food a diet at once agreeable and nutritious, and half the temptation to drink would be done away with. In conclusion, he had two rules to be offered: First, don't drink at all; second, if you must drink, let it be of the right kind, at the right time, and under the right circumstances.

NOW, AND THEN—MR. DISRAELI IN 1836. AND 1874.

The present Prime Minister of England has frequently been cited as affording an extraordinary instance of a man who has realized his early dreams. The following extract from an article in the London *Review* of 1836 brings this forcibly home:

"We never take up a work of Mr. Disraeli without a strong feeling of regret and indignation at the deplorable influence which education and society have had in rendering very considerable national powers utterly worthless. Gifted with a will and fine imagination, much comic power, and some vigorous conceptions of human passions, he might, by culture and assiduity, have rendered himself a really striking and effective writer. An injudicious education has, however, left his mind wholly untrained, and unfurnished with knowledge, and unwise friends, by showing extravagant praise on his boyish exhibitions of talent, have prevented him from ever feeling or attempting to supply the deficiency.

* * * * * * *

He has been taught to fancy that his genius commands the respect of mankind because it is extolled by a circle of his friends. The result has been that he has poured forth with much prodigality, but little care, a succession of works, all exhibiting proofs of considerable fancy, but all composed in utter ignorance of every science, every principle of art, and every useful store of facts; constantly outraging every notion of taste and truth to nature; and teeming with the most offensive and ludicrous exhibitions of a variety which more closely resembles absolute madness than the ordinary aberrations of mortal conceit. His works are consequently little read. He is looked upon in general as an extravagant literary coxcomb, wasting time and paper in preposterous and tiresome fictions. His unfortunate attempt to acquire notoriety by a quarrel with O'Connell has brought him into a still more ludicrous position.

* * * * * * *

That a young man of such a character, and possessed of some pecuniary means, should have been anxious to display his fancied genius on the noble stage of politics, and should have conceived himself fit for ruling the destinies of a great nation, is nowise strange. We find from his earliest work that there has long been floating in his mind some fond dream of some fantastical intrigue, by which he is to direct the energies and ultimately assume the lead of some great party, or some powerful cabal of stupid but ambitious nobles.

* * * * * * *

As a portion of an aristocratic party, formed by the fusion of Whigs and Tories into one mass, the Tories may again perchance for awhile maintain their political existence. But that they can ever again cajole a majority of the nation into the support of a Ministry composed of Tory leaders or professing Tory principles—that they can successfully resist the advancing power of democracy—or that they will direct its progress and share its triumphs—are fancies that none but such a dreamer of dreams as Disraeli the Younger can mistake for realities." Yet the dreamer of dreams has now twice "assumed the lead of a great party," is now "directing the progress of Democracy," and will no doubt "share its triumph."

"Clearly oratory is not your forte," said Woodfall to Sheridan, after the latter's first Parliamentary effort. "The time will come when you shall hear me," said the present Premier of England, as he sat down amid derisive cheers in the same Assembly. There could scarcely be more encouraging examples of the effect of energy of will backing up ability.

M. VAN DE WEYER ON BELGIAN POLITICS

M. Van de Weyer has terminated his contribution "Histoire des relations extérieures de la Belgique depuis 1830," to the great Belgian Encyclopædia *Patria Belgica,* now in course of publication. He says in conclusion: "The ancient system of power exists no longer. Everywhere around us there is being effected in ideas, habits, social influences, an intense work of transformation, from which the future alone can disengage the pernicious or fruitful elements. Never were foresight, firmness, patriotism, more necessary to the Belgian people; never did the exercise of its rights demand so much moderation and tact. In a free country Government does not support alone the responsibility of power. It is shared by the nation, the bodies representing the nation, and even by the individual citizens. At an epoch when the antagonism of principles is profound, when the political and religious forces are vehemently contending, when their conflicts may become for more than one State the source of supreme peril, the accomplishment of international obligations presents difficulties so much the graver as the position of a neutral renders these obligations more narrow. To avoid the dangers, the concurrence of all intellects, all wills, is not too much. It becomes necessary that the passions of the day be silent, and particular considerations abdicate before the superior interest of the fatherland. At this price only will Belgium pass with impunity through the crisis which may still threaten Europe. On this condition, also, by consolidating the work of the generations which have founded her independence, will she remain faithful to the spirit which animated them, and to the virtues which justified their success."

ARRIVALS AT THE HOTELS.

Gen. A. Doubleday, United States Army, is at the Coleman House.

Ex-Congressman James M. Ashley, of Ohio, is at the St. Denis Hotel,

John Knapp, of the St. Louis *Republican,* is at the Windsor Hotel.

E. L. Davenport, the actor, is at the Sturtevant House.

Hon. George M. Robeson, Secretary of the Navy, was at the Fifth Avenue Hotel yesterday, on the way to his home in New-Jersey.

Chief Justice Morrison R. Waite, of the United States Supreme Court, arrived at the St. Nicholas Hotel yesterday morning, and left for Washington last evening.

Col. Innes N. Palmer, and Capts. William Hawley and J. J. Upham, United States Army, are the Glenham Hotel.

Senator Richard J. Oglesby, of Illinois; Senator P. W. Hitchcock, of Nebraska; Assemblymen Smith M. Weed and James Mackin, Albany, and Edmund Quincy, of Boston, are at the Fifth Avenue Hotel.

ABOUT DR. SHERMAN.

Dr. Van Eyrie, editor of the New-York *Day Book,* one of our most eminent physicians, and a man of high literary attainments, speaks of Dr. Sherman in the following language

"A Philanthropist—Dr. Sherman, of No. 697 Broadway, famous for his successful method of treating rupture, it is claimed, has done more to relieve afflicted humanity in the past five years than any other member of the great philanthropic family of the United States. To wear a truss which is not a remedial agent, but a daily torture, is one of the most terrible afflictions mankind could possibly be made to bear. Dr. Sherman years ago determined to rid rupture patients from that curse, and, after a series of costly and tedious experiments, hit the exact application. Reader, if you suffer from this malady consult Dr. Sherman."—*Day Book.*

REVIVING TRADE.

ST. JOHNSBURY, Vt., April 9.—The business of this place is rapidly regaining all it lost during the panic, and promises to exceed that of any previous Spring. Fairbanks & Co. have this week received an order from the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company for twenty-four of their 500-bushel hopper scales for their new elevator at Locust Point, Baltimore. These scales represent a combined capacity of 360 tons, or thirty-six car-loads, of grain, which, allowing twelve drafts per hour, effects a measurement of 1,440,000 bushels per day of ten hours. Two hundred of these scales are now in constant use in Chicago.—*New-York Tribune.*

DR. THOMAS J. RICE has perfected his new improvement in atmospheric pressure plates for artificial teeth. They are the smallest and most compact plates ever worn, unsurpassed for strength, lightness, elasticity, and durability, and are almost immovable in the mouth. Filling teeth a specialty. No. 42 East 20th st., between Broadway and 4th av.—*Advertisement.*

FOR ALL COUGHS AND COLDS USE JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT.—*Advertisement.*

Dandruff.

BURNETT'S COCOAINE KILLS IT.—*Advertisement.*

An Extraordinary Improvement in Artificial Teeth.

This beautiful denture is chemically PURE, wonderfully DURABLE, light, cool, and thin. Those using it are DELIGHTED. References with permission. Satisfaction guaranteed. Diploma awarded. Dr. M. LEVETT, No. 37 West 23d st. Established 1835.

Napoleon's Cabinet

CHAMPAGNE.

For sale at the leading wine merchants and grocers.

BOUCHE FILS & CO.,

Sole Agents, No. 37 Beaver st.

Hair Dye.—W. A. Batchelor's Hair Dye is splendid; best in the world. Never fails. Established thirty-seven years. Sold by druggists everywhere. Sold and properly applied at BATCHELOR'S celebrated Wig and Toupée Factory, No. 16 Bond st., New-York.

All Care and Anxiety about Burglary Removed by applying HOLMES' BURGLAR-ALARM TELEGRAPH. Ten years' experience, and never broken through. No. 7 Murray st.

Trees and Plants, at Flushing, N. Y., near Kissena Station. S. B. PARSONS & SONS.

Lundberg's Recherche Perfumes possess great delicacy and are truthful to nature.

MARRIED.

CARPENDER—KEMP.—In this City, on Thursday, April 9, by Rev. W. N. McVickar, JOHN NEILSON CARPENDER to ANNA NEILSON, daughter of the late Alfred F. Kemp.

LAWRENCE—ROWAN.—On Thursday, April 9, by Rev. A. D. Vail, WALTER LAWRENCE, to ADDIE A., daughter of the late Seth Rowan, all of this City.

MANOLT—BANKS.—On Wednesday, April 8, 1874, at the residence of the bride's parents, College Point, Long Island, by Rev. E. S. Fairchild, L. J. MANOLT to LOUISA D., daughter of Darius Banks, Sr.

MILLER—PIKE.—On Wednesday evening, April 8, 1874, by Rev. Henry G. Weston, Rev. JOHN MILLER, of Village Green, Penn., to AMELIA H. PIKE, daughter of the late Benj. Pike, Jr.

STREET—MORGAN.—On Thursday, April 9, by Rev. Samuel Cooke, D. D., WILLIAM A. STREET to LUCY, daughter of Henry Morgan, all of this City.

UNDERHILL—MORRIS.—At Christ Church, on the 9th inst., by the Rev. Hugh Miller Thompson, D. D., Rector, assisted by the Rev. Mr. Kimber, of Trinity Parish, FRED. LACY UNDERHILL to MARY E., daughter of Mr. Charles E. Morris, of this City.

WILLIAMSON—ALFORD.—At Clifton, Canada, on Thursday, April 9, 1874, by Rev. Chas. Leycester Ingles, JAMES R. WILLIAMSON, of Jersey City, to NELLIE ALFORD, of Clifton.

DIED.

BREVOORT.—At Rye, Westchester County, on Saturday, 11th inst., HENRY BREVOORT, in the 84th year of his age.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

BROOKS.—On Sunday, April 12, JAMES HENRY, only son of James and Sarah J. Brooks, aged 1 year and 8 month.

Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend his funeral from the residence of his parents, No. 607 West 55th st., on Tuesday, the 14th inst., at 2 P. M.

☞ Brantford, Canada, papers please copy.

CRYDER.—On Saturday noon, April 11, MARY W. CRYDER, widow of the late John Cryder, of this city.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend her funeral services at No. 40 East 22d st., on Tuesday morning, the 14th inst., at 10 o'clock.

CURTIS.—On Saturday, April 11, SARAH SHAW, youngest daughter of George William and Anna Shaw Curtis, aged 10 years and 11 months.

CHRISTY.—On Saturday morning, 11th inst., after a long illness, THOMAS CHRISTY, aged 70 years.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral at his late residence, No. 418 West 23d st, on Wednesday, 15th inst., at 1 o'clock. The remains will be taken to Woodlawn by special train.

CRAVEN.—At Newark, N. J., on Saturday, April 11, 1874, LILLIE MOORE, youngest child of Rev. E. R. and E. G. Craven, aged 23 months.

The funeral services will take place at the residence of her parents, No. 30 Walnut st., Newark, N. J., on Tuesday, the 14th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M.

DITMARS.—On Friday night last, (suddenly,) Mrs. MARGARET DITMARS, in the 89th year of her age.

Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from the residence of her son-in-law, Peter De Baun, Flatlands, without further invitation, on Monday afternoon, the 13th inst., at 2 o'clock. Carriages for the friends will be at the Flatbush Railroad Depot.

FINK.—On Saturday, April 11, THEODOCIA ANN FINK, daughter of the late Alexander Fink, in the 72d year of her age.

Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, Woodbridge, N. J., on Tuesday, April 14, at 1:30 o'clock P. M. Trains leave Desbrosses and Courtland sts. at 10 A. M.

GORDON.—At Newtown, Long Island, on the 12th inst., of pneumonia, CARRIE ADELE, wife of Charles W. Gordon, and only daughter of P. William and S. A. Nickerson.

Funeral on Tuesday, 14th inst., at the M. E. Church in 24th st., near 9th av., New-York, at 2:30 o'clock.

HULL.—On Sunday morning, April 12, 1874, CHARLES HULL, aged 25 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral from the residence of his father, Mr. Amos G. Hull, No. 259 Clermont av., Brooklyn, on Tuesday, April 14, at 2 o'clock P. M.

HOPKINS.—On Friday evening, April 10, 1874, SARAH EMMA PARKER, wife of John Hopkins, Esq., aged 39 years and 7 months.

Friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, corner of Alexander av. and 140th st., North New-York, on Monday, the 13th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M.

HUTCHISON.—On Saturday, April 11, of membraneous croup, LIZZIE MORRISON, only daughter of Janet E. and the late Alexander Hutchison, aged 4 years, 3 months, and 5 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the residence of her grandparents, 91st st. and Lexington av., on Monday, April 13, at 1 o'clock.

JOHNSON.—On Saturday evening, April 11, in the 78th year of his age.

Friends and relatives of the family, also those of his son-in-law, Ezra L. Bushnell, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, No. 48 Sands st., Brooklyn, on Tuesday, April 14, at 2 o'clock P. M.

LUDINGTON.—At his residence in Carmel, N. Y., April 10, after a brief illness, GEORGE LUDINGTON, in the 60th year of his age.

Funeral on Tuesday, the 14th inst., at 2 P. M. Carriages will meet the 9:45 A. M. train, from New-York at Brewsters, via New-York and Harlem Railroad.

LATHROP.—On the 11th inst., at St. Augustine, Fla., at the residence of John P. Howard, Esq., Mrs. ELIZABETH DWIGHT LATHROP, wife of Washington R. Vermilye.

LUDINGTON.—At his residence in Carmel, N. Y., April 10, after a brief illness, GEORGE LUDINGTON, in the 16th year of his age.

Funeral on Tuesday the 14th inst., at 2 P. M. Carriages will meet the 9:45 A. M. train from New-York at Brewsters, via New-York and Harlem Railroad.

MERSHON.—At Napanoch, N. J., on Sunday, April 12, Rev. STEPHEN L. MERSHON, of Middlebush, N. J.

Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from the Reformed Church, Middlebush, N. J., on Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Trains leave foot of Courtland st., New-York, at 12 M.

ROOME.—On Saturday, April 11, Miss SARAH ROOME, in the 74th year of her age.

The relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral at St. Peter's Church, 20th st., near 9th av., on Tuesday, April 14, at 11:30 o'clock A. M.

SCHMIDT.—In Berlin, Prussia, on Friday, April 10, in the 77th year of her age, ELIZA ANN BACHE, relict of the late J. W. Schmidt, Consul General of Prussia, &c., in New-York.

VAN TINE.—On Saturday, April 11, 1874, of scarlet fever, ADDIE, only daughter of Adelaide and Thos. H. Van Tine, Jr., aged 5 years, 6 months, and 11 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the residence of her grandfather, No. 57 Charles st., on Tuesday, April 14, at 1 o'clock.

WARD.—On Sunday, the 12th inst., SUSAN L., wife of Edward R. Ward.

Funeral in Saybrook, Conn.

☞ Lynn (Mass.) papers please copy.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES

At wholesale. Am. arbor vitæ, 2½ feet, $8 per 100; $70 per 1,000. Siberian arbor vitæ, 12 to 14 inches, $9 per 100; $70 per 1,000. P. H. FOSTER, Babylon Nursery, N. Y.

BARTLETT'S BOULEVARD AND STREET lamps excel all. Also the torch and key, for lighting all street lamps. General Office, No. 569 Broadway, New-York. References—The officials of nearly every city and gas-light company in the United States.

R. STUART WILLIS, ATTORNEY AND Counsellor at Law, Notary Public, No. 182 Broadway, Room No. 4, New-York.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

NEW MUSIC!—"MARGUERITE VALSE," Gottschalk, 75c.; "Aida," and "Lohengrin," Chas. Wels, 75c. each; "Sumner's Funeral March," Warren, 40c.; "Fille de Mme. Angot," Lancers and Galop, 35c. each; "Cliquot Galop," 30c.; "Little Maid of Arcadee," 35c.; "My Golden Ship," 35c.; "Sea Hath its Pearls," Tours, 40c.; "Shepherd Boy," Wilson, (four hands,) 50c. Published by DITSON & CO., No. 711 Broadway, N. Y.

POLITICAL.

FOURTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT REPUBLICAN ASSOCIATION.—A regular meeting will be held at No. 171 East Broadway, THIS (Monday) EVENING, April 13, at 8 o'clock. E. S. NEWINS, President.

DANIEL QUINN, Secretary.

THIRTEENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT REPUBLICAN ASSOCIATION.—Regular monthly meeting at No. 161 8th av., on THIS (Monday) EVENING, at 8 o'clock. CHAS. BLACKIE, President.

C. S. ARCHIBALD, Secretary.

SIXTEENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT REPUBLICAN ASSOCIATION.—Regular monthly meeting THIS (Monday) EVENING at 8 o'clock, at Headquarters, Demilt Hall, 2d av. and 23d st. WM. HENRY ANTHON, President.

ALFRED S. HUGHES, Secretary.

THE REAL ESTATE MARKET.

Business at the Exchange on Saturday last, April 11, was quite active, and the following sales were consummated: James M. Miller, under a Supreme Court foreclosure decree, E. S. Dakin, Esq., Referee, sold a four-story brown-stone front house, with lot 25.5 by 90, on Madison avenue, south-east corner of Sixtieth street, for $10,000 over and above mortgage, with interest, amounting to $34,275, making a total of $44,275, the purchaser being William Zschwetzke, plaintiff in the legal action. The same auctioneer also sold, under a similar court decree, same Referee, two three-story brick houses, with one lot 25 by 100, on East Fifty-second street, north side, 100 feet west of Fourth avenue, for $15,200, (incumbrances—$13,450—included,) to G. A. Canis, plaintiff; and the same auctioneer, in addition, under a similar court order, A. Jarvis Grey, Referee, disposed of a three story and basement yellow-stone front house, with lot 20 by 99.11, on East One Hundred and Thirty-second street, north side, 260 feet west of Fourth avenue, for $8,210, to William E. Clark, plaintiff. William Kennelly, under two Supreme Court foreclosure orders, Ambrose Monell, Esq., Referee, disposed of two Goelet leases as follows: One three-story and basement brown stone front house, with lease of lot 25 by 100.5, on East Forty-fourth street, north side, 200 feet east of Lexington avenue, (lease dated March 30, 1870, term twenty years, ground rent $550 per annum,) sold for $10,050, to C. & F. Derleth; one three-story and basement yellow-stone front house, with lease of lot 20 by 84.10, on East Fifty-sixth street, north side, 333 feet east of First avenue, (lease dated Nov. 15, 1870, term nineteen years and six months, ground rent $240 per annum,) sold for $7,240, to Thomas Duffy, second mortgagee. The total sales of the day reached the sum of $84,975.

LAST WEEK'S BUSINESS.

The sales during the past week have been quite numerous, and the market may be said to have given evidence of some little increased activity. The principal auction that has been held was that at the Exchange on Tuesday, conducted by E. H. Ludlow & Co., at which improved City property, belonging to the estate of Henry L. Maxwell, deceased, was sold for $234,600 in the aggregate. The sale was well attended, and most of the realty sold at a fair figure. The total value of City real estate sold during the week ending with Saturday, April 11, amounts to exactly $537,000, as against $170,975, the figures for the previous six business days. The auctions of each day have been fully reported, and further remark is therefore unnecessary.

Quimby & Bissell report having sold at auction in Brooklyn, on Thursday, April 9, the three-story brick house, 20.10 by 36, with lot 75 feet deep, No. [illegible] Greene avenue, for $6,700, and a similar property adjoining, No. 33 Greene avenue, for $7,300, both to E. R. Sheridan.

THIS WEEK'S AUCTIONS.

For the present week auctions are announced as noted below, all taking place at the Exchange, except where otherwise noted. We would call special attention to the proposed sale in Brooklyn on to-morrow, by Johnson, of the Kalbfleisch estate, and to the sale at the Exchange on Thursday, by Messrs. Muller & Son, of the Witthaus property.

To-day, (Monday,) April 13.

By Richard V. Harnett, public auction sale of the house with lot, 20 by 100.5, No. 340 East Fifty-fifth street, south side, 200 feet west of First avenue, and the house with lot, 20 by 67, No. 240 East Seventy-seventh street, south side, 213 feet west of Second avenue. Also public auction sale of the following Brooklyn real estate: Three brick stores, with plot of land 125 by about 46, on Fulton avenue, south side, the plot taking in the block front between Elm place and Fulton place.

By D. M. Seaman, Supreme Court foreclosure sale, George S. Sedgwick, Esq., Referee, of a house with lot 16.8 by 85, on Ninth street, north side, 300 feet east of First avenue.

By A. J. Bleecker, Son & White, Supreme Court foreclosure sale, Philo T. Ruggles, Esq., Referee, of a house, with lot 20 by 98.9, on West Twenty-first street, north side, 180 feet east of Tenth avenue.

By William Kennelly, Supreme Court foreclosure sale, J. P. O'Neil, Esq., Referee, of a house, with lease of lot, 21 by 55, on West Twenty-fourth street, south side, 154 feet west of Eighth avenue.

Tuesday, April 14.

By A. H. Muller & Son, Trustee's sale of the following City real estate: Four five-story brown-stone-front houses, with lots each 18.10 by 62.6, Nos. 930, 932, 934, and 936 Eighth avenue, north-east corner of Fifty-fifth street; one four-story brown-stone-front house, with lot 18.9 by 75.5, No. 257 West Fifty-fifth street, north side, 62.6 feet east of Eighth avenue, in rear of above; one three-story frame house, with lot 25 by 74, No. 27 Mulberry street, west side, 25 feet south of Park street; four lots, together forming a plot in size 86 by 100.4, on West Sixty-eighth street, north side, 100 feet west of Ninth avenue; four lots, each 25 by 100.11, on West One Hundredth street, south side, 200 feet east of Tenth avenue, and five lots, together in size 120.3 by 100.11, on East One Hundred and Twenty-third street, north side, 100 feet west of First avenue. Also, executor's sale, to close estate of M. Cummings, deceased, of a plot of land 50 by 99.11, with two frame buildings thereon, situate on West One Hundred and Thirtieth street, north side, 125 feet east of Twelfth avenue.

By E. H. Ludlow & Co., public auction sale of four lots, each 25.2 by 100, on Fifth avenue, north-east corner of Ninety-second street, to be sold in parcels; three lots, each 25 by 110, with two frame buildings thereon, on Fifth avenue, east side, 24.11 feet north of One Hundred and Twenty-seventh street, and the four-story brick store, with lot 19.1 by 75.7 by 23.4 by 73.3, No. 42 Beaver street, between Broad and William streets. Also, Trustee's sale of the following valuable property: Fifth avenue, No. 450, first-class four-story high-stoop brick dwelling, west side, 33 feet south of Fortieth street, lot 32.9 by 100 feet; Tenth avenue, south-west corner of Ninety-ninth street, five lots through to and including one-half of Bloomingdale road, plot 61.8 by an average depth of 113 feet; One Hundred and Ninth street, lot south side, 100 feet east of Second avenue, 25 by 100 feet; One Hundred and Ninth street, lot south side, 150 feet east of Second avenue, 25 by 100, and Grand, Remsen, and Leonard streets, Brooklyn, twenty lots, 23 by 60, 20 by 86, and 20 by 100 feet.

By Wm. Kennelly, Supreme Court sale, Wm. H. Leonard, Esq., Referee, of a plot of eleven lots, in size 101.1 by 261 by 99.11 by 246, with a two-story frame house and stable thereon, located on St. Nicholas avenue, north-west corner of One Hundred and Fifty-fourth street, and a two-story frame house, with lot 25 by 100.11, on West One Hundred and Twenty-fourth street, north side, 225 feet west of Sixth avenue. Also, Supreme Court foreclosure sale, R. F. Farrell, Esq., Referee, of a house, with lot 20 by 98.9, on West Thirty-fifth street, south side, 415 feet west of Fifth avenue. Also, Sheriff's sale of a house, with lot 26 by 51, on Delancey street, north-west corner of Norfolk street. Also public auction sale of two lots, each 25 by 99.11, on West One Hundred and Thirty-fourth street, north side, 385 feet west of Fifth avenue.

By A. J. Bleecker, Son & White, public auction sale of four-story high-stoop Mansard-roof brown-stone front house, 16.4 by 53, with lot 83 feet deep, No. 132 East Forty-fourth street, south side, between Lexington and Third avenues. Sale peremptory, under the direction of R. J. Henderson, Esq., attorney.

By James M. Miller, Supreme Court sale, G. A. Halsey, Esq., referee, of a four-story brown-stone front house, 22 by 65, with extension 12 by 15, and lot 100 feet deep, situate on Fifth avenue, east side, 78.5 feet north of Sixty-second street.

By Jere. Johnson, Jr., at Auction Exchange, Nos. 399 and 401 Fulton street, Brooklyn, Executor's sale to close estate of Martin Kalbfleisch, deceased, of 194 valuable and well-located Brooklyn building lots, viz.: Grand street, both sides, between Olive street and Morgan avenue, forty-seven lots; Catharine street, both sides, including entire front between Grand and Powers streets; Flushing avenue, south side, between Wyckoff and St. Nicholas avenues, fifteen lots; Flushing avenue and Gardner street, seven lots; Myrtle avenue and Stockholm street, gore lot; Jefferson avenue, north side, between St. Nicholas avenue and Wyckoff avenue, sixteen lots; Irving and Wyckoff avenues, Himrod and Harmon streets, entire block, fifty lots; Irving avenue, south-west side, between Stockholm and Harmon streets, twenty-four lots, including six corners; Stockholm street and Irving avenue, valuable gore, and a number of other lots as per maps. This sale is the most noteworthy of any attempted in Brooklyn this year, and one that should be attended with success.

By J. Cole, at the Commercial Exchange, No. 389 Fulton street, Brooklyn, legal sale of the three-story and basement brown-stone front house and lot No. 520 Henry street, the three-story and attic frame house and lot No. 243 Pearl street, and the two-story attic and basement frame house and lot No. 51 High street.

Wednesday, April 15.

By E. H. Ludlow & Co., public auction sale, by order of the Atlantic Savings Bank, of the property now occupied by the company, being the desirable four-story and basement (Mansard roof) banking building No. 185 Chatham street, covering entire lot running through to New-Bowery, with marble front on Chatham street, and Nova Scotia front on New-Bowery, with large fire-proof vault; lot being 28 feet front, 32.8 feet rear, by 55.5 feet deep on east side, and 76.8 feet west side. Also, Executor's sale to close estate of Robert H. Pearson, deceased, of the following leasehold property: Barclay Street—The lease of the lot with the five-story basement and sub-cellar brown-stone store, No. 29 Barclay street; lot 27.1 by 114.7 feet, leased from Columbia College twenty-one years from May 1, 1874, with two renewals of twenty-one years each, ground-rent $1,703 per annum and taxes. Warren street—The lease of the lot with the five-story basement and sub-cellar marble-front store, No. 45 Warren street; lot 25 by 75 feet, leased from Trinity Church, twenty-one years from May 1, 1873, with two renewals of twenty-one years each, ground-rent $1,500 per annum and taxes.

By Richard V. Harnett, Administrator's sale to close estate of S. L. Duryee, deceased, of a three-story and basement brown-stone front house with lot 22.6 by 100.5, on West Fifty-first street, north side, 122.6 feet east of Eighth avenue. Also, Supreme Court sale—John S. Lawrence, Esq., referee—of a three story and basement brick house with two-story extension and lot 20.6 by 97.6 by 23.8 by 81.4, on West Thirteenth street, north side, 327.6 feet west of Sixth avenue.

By D. M. Seaman, Receiver's sale, under the direction of John H. Platt, Esq., of five lots, each 25 by 100, on Tenth avenue, west side, 24.11 feet south of One Hundred and Thirty-second street.

By A. H. Muller & Son, Supreme Court foreclosure sale, Myer S. Isaacs, Esq., Referee, of three lots, together forming plot in size 72 by 100, with buildings, on Crosby street, east side, 42 feet south of Spring street.

By Dingee, Porter & Co., Supreme Court foreclosure sale, John B. Haskins, Esq., Referee, of a house, with lot 17.10 by 100.11, on East One Hundred and Twenty-first street, north side, 296.5 feet west of Avenue A.

By James M. Miller, public auction sale of the two-story and basement frame house, with lot 25 by 100, No. 209 Twenty-second street, Brooklyn, between Fourth and Fifth avenues, and the two-story frame house, with lot 25 by 100, No. 210 Twenty-first street, in rear of above. Also, Trustee's sale, under the direction of Geo. L. Schuyler, Esq., Referee, of a large stone dwelling-house, with twenty acres of improved land, located at Irvington, Westchester County, and situated on the bank of the Hudson River, between Irvington and Tarrytown Railway Stations. The land will be sold in three parcels, viz.: Plot No. 1, house, with 7 26-100 acres, having 325 feet of river front; Plot No. 2, 7 16-100 acres, with same river front, and Plot No. 3, 5 57-100 acres. Also, at William's Bridge, Westchester County, on the premises, at 12 M., Supreme Court sale, S. S. Marshall, Esq., Referee, of the following property: First avenue, south-west corner of First street, four lots, 300 by 348 by 308 by 280; First avenue, 100 feet north of First street, three lots, 226 by 540 by 471 by 300; First avenue, south-east corner of First street, one lot, 100 by 100; First avenue, 200 feet south of First street, one lot, 100 by 100, and First avenue, 400 feet south of First street, two lots, 100 by 208.

By Wood, Brady & Todd, at Melrose, (Twenty-third Ward,) on the property, at 2 o'clock, public auction sale of a lot 28 by about 160 feet, with a two-story frame store and dwelling and a two-story factory thereon, situate on Westchester avenue, south side, 253 feet east of Retreat avenue.

By J. Cole, at Commercial Exchange, Brooklyn, Supreme Court partition sale, F. Baker, Esq., Referee, of 130 Brooklyn lots, located as follows: Fulton street, thirty-eight lots; Herkimer street, fifteen lots, near Kingston avenue; Kingston avenue, sixteen lots; Decatur street, sixty-one lots and gores, and Pacific street, three lots, near New-York avenue.

Thursday, April 16.

By A. H. Muller & Son, public auction sale, by order of R. A. Witthaus, Esq., of twenty-eight very valuable lots, viz.: four lots on the Grand Boulevard, south-west corner of Sixty-ninth street, running from 109 to 161.8 feet in depth; four lots on Sixty-ninth street, in rear of above; eight full lots, Tenth avenue, east side, comprising the block-front between Seventy-sixth and Seventy-seventh streets, and twelve full lots, six each on Seventy-sixth and Seventy-seventh streets, in rear of above. This auction is one of special importance, and the result is waited for with interest by investors generally. The property is first class in every respect, and should sell well. Also, Supreme Court foreclosure sale, John Fowler, Jr., Esq., Referee, of the store, with lot 22 by 72, No. 112 Wall street, east side, between South and Front streets.

By A. J. Bleecker, Son & White, executor's sale of the following property: Premises No. 35 Murray street and No. 60 Church street, embracing a lot having a front of 25 feet on each street, forming an L, with a five-story and basement brick building covering same thereon. Premises No. 12 Union square, east side, between Fourteenth and Fifteenth streets, comprising a lot 24 by about 85, with a four-story brick building thereon. Also executor's sale of the four-story high-stoop brown-stone-front house 20.10 by 50, with lot 70 feet deep, No. 622 Lexington avenue, west side, between Fifty-third and Fifty-fourth streets. Also, Supreme Court foreclosure sale, Stephen J. Bidlack, Esq., Referee, of a house, with lot 16.8 by 86.3 by 17.2 by 81.7, on West Thirty-second street, north side, 425 feet west of Sixth avenue. Also, similar sale, John J. Thomasson, Esq., Referee, of one lot 25 by 100, on One Hundred and Forty-third street, north side, 156.6 feet east of Alexander avenue, Morrisania, (Twenty-third Ward.)

By E. H. Ludlow & Co., Supreme Court foreclosure sale, J. D. Stevenson, Esq., Referee, of four houses with lots, each 17 by 100.5, Nos. 232, 234, 236, 238, and 240 West Fifty-first street, south side, 204 feet east of Eighth avenue.

By William Kennelly, Supreme Court foreclosure sale, R. B. Roosevelt, Esq., Referee, of a house, with lot 25 by 75.3, (rear irregular,) on West Sixty-eighth street, north side, 99.9 feet west of Broadway.

By Dingee, Porter & Co., at Rye, Westchester County, on the property, at 12 M., Supreme Court sale, S. S. Marshall, Esq., Referee, of 400 lots, located near railroad depot, known as the "Halstead Estate."

Friday, April 17.

By E. A. Lawrence & Co., Supreme Court foreclosure sale, Edward D. Gale, Esq., Referee, of the store, with lot 15 by 52.10 by 15.4 by 51.10, No. 24 John street, south side, 22.2 feet east of Nassau street.

By A. J. Bleecker, Son & White, Supreme Court foreclosure sale, John J. Patterson, Esq., Referee, of a house, with lot 25.2 by 100, on First avenue, west side, 25.2 feet south of Eighty-eighth street.

By James M. Miller, New-Rochelle, Westchester County, at Sibery's Hotel, at 12 M., Supreme Court foreclosure sale, S. S. Marshall, Esq., Referee, of seventy-one acres of cleared and eleven and three-quarter acres of wood land, located in the town of New-Rochelle.

By Chas. H. Meeker, at Nyack, on the Hudson, at the York House, at 12 M., Supreme Court sale of the three-story stone house, with three acres of improved land, situate on Franklin street, north-west corner of Sickles avenue, Nyack, formerly owned and occupied by Mr. Sames J. Aspinwall, a desirable country residence.

Saturday, April 18.

By Benjamin P. Fairchild, Supreme Court foreclosure sale, Oliver W. West, Esq., Referee, of a lot 25 by 100, with a five-story brick store and tenement 25 by 50 upon the front thereof, and a five-story brick tenement-house 25 by 25 in the rear, situate on East Twenty-first street, north side, 300 feet west of First avenue.

By E. A. Laurence & Co., Supreme Court foreclosure sale, Edward D. Gale, Esq., Referee, of a house, with lot 22 by 100.5, on East Sixtieth street, south side, 100 feet east of Lexington avenue.

By Jere. Johnson, Jr., Supreme Court foreclosure sale of a house, with lot 25 by 90, at West Thirty-eighth street, south side, 200 feet west of Tenth avenue.

By Joseph McGuire, Supreme Court foreclosure sale, G. U. Reynolds, Esq., Referee, of a house, with lot 20 by 100.11, in East One Hundred and Eleventh street, south side, 140 feet west of Second avenue.

By E. H. Ludlow & Co., Supreme Court foreclosure sale, George W. Poncher, Esq., Referee, of a house, with plot 58 by 140, located at Tremont, (Twenty-fourth Ward,) and situate on Washington avenue, south-east corner of Eighth street.

EXCHANGE SALES, SATURDAY, APRIL 11.

NEW-YORK.

By James M. Miller.

1 four-story brown-stone front house and lot, Madison av., s. e. corner of 60th st., lot 25.5x90	$44,275
2 three-story and basement brick houses and 1 lot, East 52d st., n. s., 100 ft. w. of 4th av., lot 25x100	15,200
1 three-story and basement yellow-stone-front house and lot, East 132d st., n. s., 260 ft. w. of 4th av., lot 20x99.11	8,210
By Wm. Kennelly.	
1 three-story and basement brown-stone front house and lot, leasehold, East 44th st., n. s., 200 ft. e. of Lexington av., lot 25x100.5, Goelet lease, dated March 30, 1870, term, 20 years, ground rent $500 per annum	$10,050
1 three-story and basement yellow-stone-front house and lot, leasehold, East 56th st., n. s., 333 ft. e. of 1st av., lot 20x84.10, Goelet lease, dated Nov. 15, 1870, term, 19 years 6 months, ground rent $240 per annum	7,240

RECORDED REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

NEW-YORK.

Friday, April 10.

Leroy st., n. s., 167.1 feet e. of Houston st., 21.8x100	$18,500
Morton st., s. s., 125 ft. w. of Bleecker st., 25x90	12,500
Spring st., n. w. corner Brook st., 150x100, West Farms	2,500
Sheriff st., (Nos. 3 and 5,) w. s., 80 ft. n. of Grand st., 45x100	25,500
17th st., s. s., 310.6 ft. e. of 8th av., 17.6x84	7,800
29th st., n. s., 185 ft. w. of 3d av., 20x98.9	18,000
39th st., (No. 47 West,) n. s., 691.5 ft. w. of 5th av., 21.5x98.9	45,000
49th st., Nos. 338, 340, 342 East, s. s., 150 ft. w. of 1st av., 75x100.5	66,000
49th st., s. s., 222 ft. e. of 3d av., 42x100.5	64,000
51st st., n. s., 236 ft. e. of 6th av., 21x100.5	37,000
58th st., n. s., 120 ft. e. of 6th av., 50x100.5	28,710
76th st., n. s., 155 ft. e. of 3d av., 16.8x102.2	7,700
84th st., s. s., 415 ft. w. of 8th av., 20x102.2	20,000
115th st., s. s., 144.4 ft. e. of Riverside av., 125x100.11; Riverside av., e. s., 76.1 ft. n. of 114th st., 25x100	24,175
129th st., s. s., 560 ft. w. of 3d av., 20x99.11	8,500
Avenue A, s. w. corner 72d st., 100x100	19,000
Riversive av., s. e. corner 115th st., 101.1x150	42,750
1st av., e. s., 47 ft. n. of 17th st., 48x94, 1-9 part	3,000
Same property	6,000
Same property	3,000
Same property	3,000
5th av., South, No. 55, e. s., 150 ft. s. of Bleecker st., 25x100	19,250
8th av., s. w. corner 69th st., 25.5x100; 8th av., s. w. corner 91st st., 25.8x100	65,000
LEASES RECORDED.	
Broadway, Nos. 1,266 and 1,268, 20 years; 15 years, per year, $5,000; 5 years, per year	$6,000
Broadway, No. 1,396, 3 years, per year	1,200
Broome st., No. 201, 10 years, per year	1,050
Carmine st., No. 65, store, rooms, and basement, 2 2-12 years, per year	1,200
Franklin st., No. 41, 3 years, per year	1,200
Houston st., No. 124 West, 5 years, per year	1,500
Water st., No. 50, 6 years; 3 years, per year, $1,600; 3 years, per year	1,700
West Broadway, No. 73, 3 years, per year	2,800
14th st., s. s., 500 ft. w. of 5th av., 25x103.3, 21 years, per year	1,000
38th st., Nos. 504 and 506 West, 6 years, per year	3,000
LEASEHOLD CONVEYANCE.	
49th st., n. s., 529 ft. w. of 5th av., 22x100.5, Columbia College lease	$38,000

CITY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—FURNISHED OR unfurnished, the four-story brown-stone house, No. 20 West 31st st., between 5th av. and Broadway, 25x65 feet; lot 98.9; price very low. E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine st. and No. 35 East 17th st.

DWELLINGS AND STORE PROPERTY FOR SALE at prices to suit the times. Dwelling-houses with improvements at Harlem; east and west side accessible. DINGEE, PORTER & CO., No. 2,308 3d av., and No. 111 Broadway.

FOR SALE—ONE LOT ON 57TH ST., 25 FEET west of Madison av. If improved this season all the purchase money may remain on bond and mortgage for three or five years. Apply to R. T. AUCHMUTY, No. 61 University place.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—IMMEDIATE POSSESSION—Four-story brown-stone house, 25 feet wide, No. 130 West 42d st. Apply to A. JOURNEAY, No. 51 Lispenard st.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—CENTRALLY LOCATED, A LARGE and substantial extra-wide corner house, recently and thoroughly overhauled and expensively fitted up. Any one who desires a first-class house in a central location will do well to make inquiries in reference to this. Price, $65,000. Lot, 27x100 feet. Detached stable in the immediate vicinity can be had if desired.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO.,
No. 3 Pine st., and No. 35 East 17th st.

FOR SALE—BEAUTIFUL PLACE AT WASHINGTON HEIGHTS.
142d st., near Boulevard.
House, stable, &c., complete in every way.
A City residence, with advantages of pure air.
For particulars apply to
WM. H. RAYNOR,
No. 5½ Pine st.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN—THE THREE-story and attic high-stoop brick house in 12th st., just west of 6th av.; lot 25x103.3; neighborhood unquestionable; possession May 1; minimum price, $20,000. HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine st.

A BARGAIN.—$11,500; 35TH ST., NEAR 3D AV., A three-story, high-stoop brown-stone house, all improvements, $3,000 cash. RICHARD V. HARNETT, No. 111 Broadway, Room F, basement.

FOR SALE—THE THREE-STORY AND BASEMENT high-stoop brick house, No. 113 2d av. For particulars apply at No. 75 Warren st.

FOR SALE—FIRST-CLASS HOUSES NOS. 203 AND 207 West 45th st.; price, $21,000; also, No. 247 West 44th st.; price, $15,500. Inquire on premises.

AT HARLEM, FOR SALE—ON 123D ST., TWO small brown-stone houses, Nos. 9 and 11 West; terms easy. Apply on premises.

BROOKLYN REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE BEST WATER-FRONTS in New-York harbor, twenty-eight lots, on the Brooklyn shore, adjoining two ferries, with draught enough for any vessel entering New-York harbor; wharves and grounds in best condition; suitable for any heavy business; capitalists will find this a rare opportunity. Apply to E. R. WILLIAMS, No. 83 Colyer st., Brooklyn, E. D.

FOR SALE—ELEGANT TWO-STORY AND MANsard-roof residence, south-east corner Lee av. and Hewes st., Brooklyn, E. D.; lot 41.8x100; cheap, and terms easy.
A. P. MAN, No. 59 Pine st., New-York.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

CUT THIS OUT.

DANBURY, CONN.—For sale, Terrace Cottage, one of the best built and most convenient houses in the market for the price. Seeing is believing, and would result in buying. Gas in seventeen rooms, four halls, on rear piazza, and at entrance gate; six elegant marble mantles; Barry & Lane's range; two heaters; Kohanzie water, hot and cold; wash-tubs, bath-tubs, two water-closets with sewerage complete; also, well of excellent water a few feet from kitchen door. Reason for selling, imperative business elsewhere. Barn sheathed and clap-boarded, now filled with hay for purchaser; stables, shed, hennery, two acres of land—bounded on the rear by Still River. Sixty choice young fruit trees, twenty grape-vines, (five varieties,) small fruits, and other desirables not named. Come and see. Price, $20,000; $5,000 or more on bond and mortgage. Photograph of house can be seen at Smith & Crane's, House Carvers, Nos. 123 and 125 West 28th st. Address A. M. COLLARD, Danbury, Conn., Box No. 158.

$200 CASH AND BALANCE IN THREE years, for the most desirable building lots in the charming village of Flushing; ten churches; excellent public and private schools, academies and seminaries; public library, streets sewered, sidewalks paved, lighted with gas, and water in pipes now being introduced; population 8,000; only twenty-two minutes from 34th st., New York, and forty-five minutes from City Hall by James Slip Ferry; shade and ornamental trees, stone sidewalks and graded streets, without extra charge to purchasers. Persons of moderate means may pay by $10 monthly installments. Free excursions daily at 9:30 A. M. and 1:30 P. M., from store, No. 439 3d av. Maps free; ladies shown every courtesy. Call upon or address BENJ. W. HITCHCOCK, Real Estate Headquarters, No. 439 3d av., New York, (office opposite Main Street Depot, Flushing.)

FOR SALE OR TO LET—AT TARRYTOWN—A furnished house, built of brick by its former owner for his home; has all the conveniences of a City house, with four acres of land tastefully improved, with lawn, garden, trees, shrubbery, carriage drive, and walks. The house is 45x50 feet in dimensions, well arranged, with parlor, halls, bedrooms, closets, kitchen, and laundry. On the premises, convenient stables, coach-house, hennery, and gardener's cottage. In event of sale, a large portion of the purchase money can remain on mortgage for a term of years. Price, $40,000; rent, $3,000, furnished, per annum. For further particulars apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine st. or No. 35 East 17th st.

FOR SALE—A VERY DESIRABLE RESIDENCE both for Winter and Summer, situated on Broadway, sixteen miles from City Hall, New-York, and about one mile from City Hall, Yonkers. The house was built by the present owner for his own residence; has all the conveniences; hot and cold water through the house; bath, water-closet, two ranges, and gas from Yonkers Gas Company, all complete. The house is 40x40, with large piazza; barn 80x38, fish-pond, boat-house, &c. Will sell with all the improvements five, eight, or thirteen acres; or will exchange for first-class dwelling in good neighborhood in New-York City. Address SEAMAN, LOWERRE & CO., No. 307 Spring st., New-York.

FOR SALE—PLAINFIELD, N. J.

One of the most attractive places in the above city. House built in the best manner for owner's use four years since; commodious, with all improvements, and in complete order; grounds tastefully laid out, with fruit and shade trees; carriage-house, stable, billiard-room, &c., &c. Price reasonable. Terms to suit. Address PLAINFIELD, Box No. 102 *Times* Office.

AT IRVINGTON, ON THE HUDSON.—FOR sale—An elegant country residence, fifteen minutes' walk from depot, in vicinity of beautiful country seats of prominent New-York merchants; house built in most attractive style, seventeen rooms with every convenience; stable and carriage-house, from six to seven acres of land, abounding in all kinds of choice fruit and shade trees; location most healthy, and society all that could be desired; terms very favorable. Apply to HUGH N. CAMP, No. 106 Broadway.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—ON THE SOUND, AT Rye, Westchester County, N. Y., handsomely furnished cottage, with out-buildings and gardener's house, and three to four acres of good land attached; extensive view of the Sound and adjacent country; boating, bathing, and fishing; also several building sites for sale adjoining the above. Inquire of J. & W. GEDNEY, Milton, N. Y., or R. STUYVESANT, No. 72 Broadway, New-York.

COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE—A DELIGHTFUL situation about thirteen miles north from City Hall, New-York, in Westchester County, not far from Long Island Sound; easy walking distance to railroad or steam-boat; one hour's time to Fulton market; the place contains about ten acres; house thirteen rooms, water in all of them; plenty of shade and fruit trees; barn, and poultry-house. Apply at No. 52 East 10th st.

FOR SALE—153 ACRES OF LAND, WITH FARM house and large farm buildings; twenty miles from New-York, on the New-Jersey Railroad; the property is very suitable for dividing into plots, all the land being available for that purpose, and having a railroad station in the centre; the streets of Rahway, with paved side-walks, extend within one mile of the property. Apply to ELLIS POTTER, Room No. 45, No. 40 Broadway.

A SPLENDID MODERN-BUILT BRICK house at Tarrytown, within ten minutes of depot; has all improvements, and in complete order; piazzas surrounding the house; unsurpassed views of the river; fine lawn, with abundance of shade-trees and choicest fruit; stable and carriage-house. Possession immediately, and terms to suit. JOHN C. GRAFF, No. 294 Broadway.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.—FOR SALE, AT Scarsdale, on Harlem Road, nineteen miles, five minutes' walk from station, five acres, house, all modern improvements, hot and cold water, fine lawn, orchards, old forest-trees, all small fruits, hot-beds, &c.
F. J. BETTS, No. 53 Fulton st.

FOR SALE—IN SCARSDALE, WESTCHESTER County, delightful country home; twenty-two acres high land in lawn, garden, and wood; commodious modern house by City builder, occupying commanding site and beautifully approached; arranged for comfort and convenience. Particulars and photographs with ADAMS RAILEY, No. 55 Liberty st., Room No. 13.

FOR SALE OR TO LET LOW TO A GOOD tenant—A convenient house; thirteen rooms, furnished; about ten acres in lawn, garden, orchard, grove, and meadow; abundance of fruit and shade; thirty-eight minutes from 42d st.; ten minutes' walk from depot; twenty-five from steam-boat landing. Apply to
EDMUND COFFIN, No. 77 Cedar st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—IN THE VILLAGE OF Armonck, Westchester County, on the Harlem Railroad, twenty-six miles from Forty-second Street Depot, house and lot, well furnished; very healthy; good water; village quiet and retired; house situated near Kensico Station. Address H. R. C., No. 58 East 79th st., near Madison av., New-York.

FOR SALE—AT RYE, A VERY DESIRABLE PLOT of ground, with a fine orchard, convenient to railroad depots, situated on the corner of North st. and the New-Haven Railroad, containing over six acres; price, $4,000. Address
G. SIGEL, No. 141 East 110th st.

FOR SALE—LOTS IN JERSEY CITY, WITHIN TEN minutes' walk of the ferry; well situated in the finest part of the City, and ready for immediate improvement; builders with capital will find this a most favorable opportunity; terms easy.
SEWELL & PIERCE, No. 178 Broadway.

AT TARRYTOWN, ON THE HUDSON.—ONE hour from this City; handsomely furnished and unfurnished houses and cottages for sale and to let, with immediate possession at low prices. Full particulars with S. EMBERSON, No. 659 6th av.

HUDSON RIVER REAL ESTATE.—PARTIES desiring to purchase or hire real estate on the banks of the Hudson will find full particulars as to location and prices by applying to
S. EMBERSON, No. 659 6th av.

FACTORY FOR SALE, TO LET, OR ENGAGE in business, at junction two railroads, twenty-eight miles in New-Jersey; twenty-horse water-power, more if required. Address HILL, Fourth National Bank, New-York.

AT KING'S BRIDGE — (TWENTY-FOURTH Ward,) desirable residence for sale; house thirteen rooms; land, one acre; barn, &c.; neighborhood excellent. Will be sold very cheap, either furnished or unfurnished. HUGH N. CAMP, No. 106 Broadway.

A BEAUTIFUL HOME, AT A VERY LOW price, for sale at Morristown, N. J., three minutes' walk from depot; modern house; gas and water; carriage-house, &c.; lot 35x150; terms easy. SAMUEL EDDY, No. 1 Park place.

ORANGE, N. J.—COUNTRY HOUSES, LANDS, and village lots for sale; a great variety. Also, furnished and unfurnished houses to let for season or year, by WALTER E. SMITH, formerly Blackwell & Smith, Orange, corner Main and Cone sts.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.—HOUSES ON STATEN Island, within ten minutes' walk of Quarantine landing; desirably located, and with modern improvements; rent from $250 to $550. Inquire of CHAS. P. PERSUHN, No. 32 Broadway.

FACTORY PROPERTY FOR SALE OR TO lease at Hunter's Point, Long Island, fronting on the river; fifteen lots, with buildings and sheds. Inquire of A. JOURNEAY, No. 51 Lispenard st.

NYACK, THE FINEST RIVER TOWN; beautiful scenery; villas and cottages at bargains; several to let, furnished or unfurnished. C. H. OLIVER, No. 1 Park place.

ORANGE, N. J.—REAL ESTATE, SALE OR RENT, furnished and unfurnished. Also desirable property to exchange. I. H. GERRY, No. 30 Nassau st. Office hours, 1 to 3.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

SUITABLE FOR BUSINESS MEN.—FORTY-three minutes by best lines of travel; frequent and night trains; low fares, near depots; paved, lighted, and policed streets; roomy suburban residence and grounds; fourteen rooms, in good order; stable; best portion of Elizabeth; city and country conveniences combined; fruit and garden, with cow, chickens, &c. Will sell low, and make terms easy. Apply at West Elizabeth depot, (New-Jersey Central Railroad,) close by the premises, or address OWNER, Post Office Box No. 184, Elizabeth, N. J.

FOR SALE—HUDSON RIVER FRONT; THIRTY acres in lots to suit; house, fruits, bathing.
C. H. GREEN, Nyack, N. Y.

FOR SALE CHEAP—AT NYACK, TO CLOSE OUT an estate, four acres of land with house; 240 feet river front. Inquire of D. J. BLAUVELT, Nyack, N. Y.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

ATTRACTIVE SALE

OF

EIGHT VERY VALUABLE LOTS

ON

GRAND BOULEVARD AND SIXTY-NINTH ST.,

AND

TWENTY VALUABLE LOTS ON
10TH AV.,
76TH AND 77TH STS.,

BY ORDER OF R. A. WITTHAUS, ESQ.,

Adrian H. Muller & Son will sell at auction, on THURSDAY, April 16, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, the following-described real estate viz.:

GRAND BOULEVARD.

The four EXTRA-SIZED lots on the south-east corner of Grand Boulevard and 69th st., and also the four full-sized lots on south side of 69th st., in the rear of the Grand Boulevard lots.

10TH AV.

Eight lots, comprising the entire easterly front on 10th av., between 76th and 77th sts.

76TH AND 77TH STS.

Six lots on the north side of 76th st., and 6 lots on the south side of 77th st., in the rear of the 10th av. lots, and near

THE CENTRAL PARK.

Sixty per cent. may remain on bond and mortgage. Maps at office of auctioneer, No. 7 Pine st.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

TRUSTEES' SALE

OF

VALUABLE PROPERTY ON 8TH AV., 55TH, 68TH, 100TH, 123D, AND MULBERRY STS.

ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON will sell at auction on TUESDAY, April 14, 1874, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway.

BY ORDER OF JEREMIAH QUINLAN, JAMES LYNCH, AND JOHN E. DEVELIN, TRUSTEES:

8TH AVENUE—The four five-story brown-stone-front HOUSES, with STORES and LOTS, Nos. 930, 932, 934, and 936 8th av., commencing on north-east corner of 55th st.

55TH STREET—The four-story brown-stone-front HOUSE and LOT No. 257 West 55th st., 62.6 feet east of 8th av.

68TH STREET—Four LOTS, north side, 100 feet west of 9th av.

100TH STREET—Four LOTS, south side, 200 feet east of 10th av.

123D STREET—Five LOTS, north side, 100 feet west of 1st av.

MULBERRY STREET—Frame BUILDING and LOT No. 27 Mulberry st., west side, between Park and Worth sts.

Maps at office of Auctioneer.

RICHARD V. HARNETT, Auctioneer.

POSITIVE SALE OF BROWN-STONE HOUSES AND LOTS ON 58TH, 62D, AND 130TH STS., AND 8TH AV. BUSINESS PROPERTY.

RICHARD V. HARNETT will sell at auction on WEDNESDAY, April 22, 1874, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway:

62d st., 9th av. and Boulevard, three elegant new first-class four-story high-stoop brown-stone houses, finished complete throughout in hard wood, and containing all the modern improvements; size of houses 20x43x50.3.

The location is one of the finest up town, being close to Central Park.

No. 308 West 58th st., superior four-story brown-stone residence, replete with all the modern improvements, 21x54x100.5.

Nos. 981, 983, 985 8th av., near 58th st., leasehold, three two-story brick stores and shop on rear.

58th st., choice lot, north side, 200 feet west of 8th av., 20.6x100.5.

130th st., two lots, south side, 137 ft. east of 8th av., 18.6x99.11.

Sale absolute. Terms liberal. Parties in attendance to show houses. Maps at No. 111 Broadway.

NYACK, ON THE HUDSON.

REFEREE'S SALE AT AUCTION.

CHARLES H. MEEKER, Auctioneer, will sell at public auction on FRIDAY, April 17, at 12 M., at the York House in the village of Nyack,

The magnificent property lately owned and occupied by James S. Aspinwall, Esq., situate at the north-west corner of Franklin st. and Sickles av.

The house is of stone, three stories in height, and elegantly finished throughout in hard wood. The grounds (about three acres) are handsomely laid out in garden and lawn, with fruit, shade, and ornamental trees.

Suitable in every respect for a first-class country residence.

Seventy-five per cent. of purchase money may remain on bond and mortgage.

For particulars inquire of

CHAS. MORAN, Esq.,
No. 68 William st., New-York, or
PLATT, GERARD & BUCKLEY,
No. 45 William st.

JOHN H. WILSON, Auctioneer.

BY V. K. STEVENSON, Jr.

Real Estate at public and private sale. V. K. STEVENSON, JR., will give, as usual, special attention to the sale of Stocks and Bonds by auction.

TUESDAY, APRIL 21,

at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway,

Sale by order of B. A. Hegeman, Esq., executor of Charles Kelsey, deceased.

NO. 512 MADISON AV., NORTH-WEST CORNER 53D ST.,

opposite the Presbyterian Memorial Church, four-story high-stoop well-proportioned first-class hard-wood-finished brown-stone DWELLING, 20.5x65, lot 95 feet. This extra valuable property is situate in one of the most select, elegant neighborhoods in the City, and the avenue and streets adjoining are now elegantly improved with superb structures. The lot is in fee-simple, and the dwelling and appurtenances all strictly first-class. Possession in May.

For permits and particulars apply to
B. A. HEGEMAN, Executor,
No. 26 Exchange place;
or to V. K. STEVENSON, JR., Auctioneer.
No. 11 Pine st., New-York.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

PROPERTY ON 5TH AND 10TH AVS. AND 109TH ST., NEW-YORK, AND LOTS ON GRAND, REMSEN, AND LEONARD STS., BROOKLYN, BY ORDER OF WILLIAM H. MACY AND JOHN TOWNSEND, JR., TRUSTEES.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on TUESDAY, April 14, 1874, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway:

FIFTH AVENUE—No. 450, first-class four-story, high-stoop brick dwelling, west side, 33 feet south of 40th st., lot 32.9x110 feet.

TENTH AVENUE—South-west corner of 99th st., five lots, through to and including one-half of Bloomingdale road, plot 61.8x an average depth of 113 feet.

ONE HUNDRED AND NINTH STREET—Lot south side, 100 feet east of 2d av., 25x100 feet.

ONE HUNDRED AND NINTH STREET—Lot south side, 150 feet east of 2d av., 25x100.

GRAND, REMSEN, AND LEONARD STREETS, BROOKLYN—Twenty-two lots, 20x80 and 20x100 feet.

Maps and full particulars at the auctioneer's office.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

SALE BY ORDER OF THE ATLANTIC SAVINGS BANK, ABOUT REMOVING TO THEIR NEW BUILDING, NORTH-WEST CORNER OF BOWERY AND BOND STS.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on WEDNESDAY, April 15, 1874, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway:

CHATHAM STREET—The desirable four-story and basement (Mansard roof) banking building No. 185 Chatham st., covering entire lot running through to New Bowery, with marble front on Chatham st., and Nova Scotia front on New Bowery; large fire-proof vault; lot being 28 feet front, 32.8 feet rear by 55.5 feet deep on east side, and 76.8 feet west side.

Seventy-five per cent. can remain on bond and mortgage. Possession on delivery of the deed.

J. COLE, Auctioneer.

LARGE AND POSITIVE SALE.—IN PARTITION.—130 valuable lots on Fulton st. and the adjoining streets and avenues, part of the estate of Leffert Lefferts, deceased, by order of the court. Sale positive and a perfect title.

JAMES COLE'S SON will sell on WEDNESDAY, April 15, at 12 M., at the Commercial Exchange, No. 389 Fulton st., opposite the City Hall, Brooklyn, the following vacant lots:

Fulton st., 38 lots; Herkimer st., 15 lots; Kingston av., 16 lots; Decatur st., 61 lots. This property is some of the finest and most desirable, both for business and residence, that can be found on Fulton st.

Title perfect. Terms—Seventy per cent. may remain on bond and mortgage if desired.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE PROPERTY ON 5TH AV., AND 92D STREET, AT AUCTION.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on TUESDAY, April 14, 1874, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room,

FIFTH AVENUE, NORTH-EAST CORNER NINETY-SECOND STREET—Four lots, 100.8x100. These lots will be sold in one parcel.

FIFTH AVENUE—Three lots, east side, 24.11 feet north of 127th st., 75x110 feet, with two frame dwellings thereon.

Maps and full particulars at the auctioneer's office.

RICHARD V. HARNETT, Auctioneer.

WILL SELL AT PUBLIC AUCTION AT THE Merchants' Exchange Sales-rooms, No. 111 Broadway, at 12 o'clock on MONDAY, April 13, 1874, the houses and lots No. 246 East 77th st., and No. 340 East 55th st. For particulars apply to the Auctioneer at his office, room F, No. 111 Broadway; or to WM. & W. A. LOWERRE, Attorneys, No. 289 Greenwich st., New-York.

SUPREME COURT SALE.—THE THREE LOTS, (being 72 by 100 feet,) with the buildings thereon, situate on the east side of Crosby st., 42 feet south of Spring st., will be sold at auction,

On WEDNESDAY, April 15,

At 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, under direction of Myer S. Isaacs, Esq., Referee.

ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON,
Auctioneers.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

JAMES M. MILLER, Auctioneer.

OFFICE NO. 28 PINE ST.

TRUSTEE'S SALE

OF VALUABLE HUDSON RIVER PROPERTY AT IRVINGTON.

JAMES M. MILLER will sell at auction on WEDNESDAY, April 15, 1874, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, under direction of George L. Schuyler, Esq., Trustee, the large and substantial stone dwelling-house, and twenty acres of improved land, situated on the river bank, between Irvington and Tarrytown Railroad stations, and about 600 feet north of Sunnyside, estate of the late Washington Irving. The dwelling-house is suitable for a large family; has gas and water fixtures throughout, and will be sold with 7.26 acres, having 325 feet river front. Plot No. 2 contains 7.16 acres, with like river front. Plot No. 3 contains 5.57 acres. Seventy per cent. may remain on mortgage if desired. Particulars with the auctioneer, No. 28 Pine st.

A. J. BLEECKER, SON & WHITE, Auctioneers.

PEREMPTORY SALE BY ORDER OF R. J. HENDERSON, Esq., Attorney.

DESIRABLE RESIDENCE ON 44TH ST.

TUESDAY, April 14, at 12 M., at Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway.

Four-story high-stoop brown-stone Mansard-roof house and lot No. 132 East 44th st., south side, a few doors east of Lexington av.; size 16.8x86, exceedingly well built and in perfect order; all modern improvements. The house is open for inspection from 9 to 5. Maps at No. 35 Pine st.

A. J. BLEECKER, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF HANDSOME BROWN-STONE HOUSE.

A. J. BLEECKER, SON & WHITE will sell at auction on THURSDAY, April 16, at 12 M., at Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway:

LEXINGTON AVENUE—Four-story high-stoop brown-stone house and lot No. 622 Lexington av., west side, between 53d and 54th sts.; size 20.10x50; lot 70 feet. All modern improvements, and in fine order in every respect. Terms liberal. Maps at No. 35 Pine st.

ARTHUR B. ROSS, Executor.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY ON 130TH ST.

ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON will sell at auction, on TUESDAY, April 14, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, to close the estate of M. Cummings, deceased:

ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTIETH STREET.—The two lots of land, with the two-story frame building thereon, situate on the northerly side of 130th st., 125 feet east of 12th av., an excellent location for a large tenement-house. Lots together 50x99.11 feet.

DWELLINGS TO LET.

TRUCK GARDENERS.—TO LEASE FAVORably at GARDEN CITY, on Central Railroad of Long Island, eighteen miles distant, farms of fifteen to fifty or more acres each, with suitable buildings.

Apply to A. T. STEWART'S AGENT, Broadway and Chambers st., between 12 and 3 o'clock, or to D. S. DENTON, Garden City, adjoining Homestead Village.

TWELVE DWELLINGS AT GARDEN CITY, eighteen miles distant, on Central Railroad of Long Island; rents from $150 to $800; early and late trains and cheap commutation. Also, five brick stores, with dwellings attached.

Apply to A. T. STEWART'S AGENT, Broadway and Chambers sts., from 12 to 3 P. M., or to D. S. DENTON, Garden City, adjoining Hempstead Village.

LONG BRANCH COTTAGES

TO RENT AND FOR SALE.
Apply to F. G. & C. S. BROWN,
Broadway, corner Wall st.,
Agents for Long Branch property, or
THOMAS W. COOPER,
At Long Branch Depot.

AT KING'S BRIDGE, ON HARLEM RIVER, to let, furnished, a first-class residence containing seventeen rooms, handsomely frescoed; all modern improvements; carriage-house, stables, ice-house, and nine acres of land in fruit, lawn, and vegetables; 900 feet from depot; nine miles from 59th st. via Central Park, and adjoining residences of H. B. Claflin, Charles L. Anthony, and N. P. Bailey. Inquire of H. W. COATES, No. 80 Cedar st.

TO RENT.—$65 A MONTH FOR A THREE-STORY frame house, twenty two feet front by sixty deep, in good order; contains twelve rooms, front and back stairways, and all modern improvements, including furnace and fire-grates in parlors and chambers; neighborhood first-class; half hour from Fulton Ferry by Gates avenue cars; twenty minutes from South 7th st. Ferry by Nostrand and Lee avs. Inquire of OWNER, No. 459 Gates av.

A DELIGHTFUL SUMMER RESIDENCE at Tarrytown to let for the season furnished; large parlors, dining-room, sitting-room, six bedrooms, &c. The place is on the river bank and main road, contains thirteen acres, orchard, excellent garden, cows, poultry, stable, with four stalls, and gardener, (a careful driver and groom, with cottage apart.) Possession given any day this month or next. Inquire of
HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine st.

TO RENT—BY OWNER, IN THE FINELY-LOcated and growing town of Metuchen, N. J., on line of Pennsylvania Railroad, one hour from New-York, a dwelling-house, $240; a store and rooms, $500; excellent stand for grocery; also a place for shoe or clothing store, $260.

Inquire on premises or by letter of
C. W. MERRITT, near station.

TO RENT—FULLY FURNISHED, A VERY HANDsome four-story high-stoop house on Madison av., near the square; full size, with extension of two stories; all moderate conveniences, and everything in perfect order and repair. The owner, who is going abroad, is desirous of securing an unexceptionable tenant, to whom he would rent at a reasonable figure. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine st.

ORANGE, N. J.—LEASE IN LLEWELLYN PARK, (mountain side,) complete French-roofed cottage residence; modern conveniences, eleven rooms, one and a half acres, fine lawns, stable; excellent neighborhood; commanding fine views; will rent carpets, if desired, with the house. Apply to HAMILTON & WALLIS, No. 30 Pine st. Orange, N. J., and vicinity specialty.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET—AT BLOOMfield, N. J., near the village centre; eleven rooms; ample grounds; plenty of shade and shrubbery; ninety feet of piazza; all in good order; price, $1,000 for year; or would let for the Summer only. Apply to
PHŒBUS W. LYON,
No. 97 Thomas st., New-York, or at Bloomfield.

TO LET—WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION, A large mansion house, with all the modern improvements and seven acres of land, in the village of Portchester, one hour from Grand Central Depot by New-Haven Railroad; splendid Sound view; fruits, flowers, &c., in great abundance; rent low to a desirable tenant. Apply to W. K. PEYTON, Nos. 272 and 274 Bowery.

TO LET—A FOUR-STORY ENGLISH-BASEMENT house East 32d st., $1,400; three-story high-stoop basement East 32d st., $1,400; East 34th st., $1,400; East 35th st., $1,100; East 36th st., $1,400; East 39th st., $1,200; East 40th st., $1,800; East 41st st., $850, $900; Prospect place, $1,400, $1,200, $1,000, $900. Apply at No. 555 3d av.

TO RENT—AT SARATOGA SPRINGS, THE WALworth mansion, on Broadway, near the principal hotels and the springs; comfortable house, fully furnished; contains fourteen rooms, and has all conveniences; four piazzas; well shaded; good stable; rent reasonable to a good tenant for the season or year. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine st.

TO RENT—FURNISHED, AT SHEFFIELD, MASS., on Housatonic Railroad, a furnished house of about twelve rooms, stable and about two acres of ground, &c.; for the season or longer; rent for the season, $600; attractive scenery, desirable drives, trout and game abundant in the immediate vicinity. HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine st.

A NICE NEW BROWN-STONE HOUSE, No. 193 Lee av., Brooklyn; rent low; immediate possession; seen any time during the day or evening; only thirty minutes from Canal st. and Broadway; Lee av. cars pass the house. JOHN FOLEY, No. 2 Astor House, New-York.

VERY DESIRABLE FURNISHED AND UNfurnished houses, at moderate rents, at New-Brighton, thirty minutes from Wall st.; high, healthy location; hot and cold water, baths, gas, all modern improvements, gardens, &c. JAMES PENISTON, No. 1 Pine st.

TO LET, FURNISHED COMPLETE—THE ELEGANT brown-stone house No. 15 East 42d st.; all the modern improvements and conveniences; furniture first-class throughout. Can be seen from 11 to 4. Inquire of PETER BRUNER, Nos. 75 and 77 King st.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET OR FOR SALE—No. 5 Gramercy Park, the residence of the late Timothy G. Churchill; 27½x70; finished and furnished in the best manner. Apply to W. E. CHURCHILL, No. 55 White st.

TO LET — TWO NEAT FLOORS, BEING THE whole upper part of building No. 26 West Broadway, adjoining the new grocery building of Thurber & Co.; adapted for offices; rent $1,000. JOHN KAVANAGH, north-east corner 42d st. and 6th av.

TO LET—NEAR ENGLEWOOD, A LARGE STONE house with thirteen acres of land, water, gas and every City convenience; garden planted and ice-house filled; rent per year, unfurnished, $1,700; furnished, $2,000. Address Box No. 83 Englewood, N. J.

A FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET, 35TH ST., near Park av.—Four story brown stone, very completely furnished; location very fine; reduced rent; also others, furnished and unfurnished.
OGDEN & CLARK, Broadway and 17th st.

TO LET, AT MONTCLAIR, N. J.—A WELL-furnished cottage house, ten rooms, pleasantly located. Possession on or before 1st of May. Apply to GEO. M. CLEARMAN, No. 110 Wall st., New-York.

BEAUTIFUL COTTAGE, TWELVE ROOMS, WATER ON TWO FLOORS, FINE SHADE, SIX LOTS; FOREST AV., 165TH ST.; RENT, $600. F. H. NASH.

TO LET—FRENCH FLAT ON 49TH ST.; CENTRALly located; completely arranged and very comfortable; none but refined families accepted.
CHARLES ROPER, No. 3 Bible House.

$350.—TO LET—AT CRESKILL, N. J., NEAR depot, house containing nine rooms, barn, and three acres in garden. Apply to H. DEMAREST, at Relief Fire Office, No. 149 Broadway.

LEASE, TERM OF YEARS.—BEAUTIFUL place on Central Railroad; splendid location for boarders, near depot. Also, for sale, fine residence in Plainfield. JAQUES, No. 208 Broadway.

TO LET—FURNISHED, THE FIRST-CLASS FOUR-story and basement brown-stone house No. 37 West 39th st., between 5th and 6th avs.; to be seen from 12 to 3. Apply at No. 25 East 48th st.

A HANDSOMELY-FURNISHED BROWN-stone house to let, three-story and basement, 17x50, No. 147 East 55th st.; private family; rent, $200 per month. Apply on premises from 12 to 6.

FLATS TO LET—IN HOUSES NOS. 564 AND 570 Lexington av. Apply to owner,
ROBERT L. BROWN, No. 20 Nassau st.

DWELLINGS TO LET.

TO RENT—FOR THE SUMMER OR BY THE YEAR, one of the most charming residences on the Hudson River, twenty miles above Poughkeepsie; unrivaled mountain and water views, comfortable house, fully furnished, good garden and stable, extensive grounds; rent very moderate. Apply to S. V. R. CRUGER, No. 182 Grand st., New-York.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—AT PASSAIC, NEAR depot, house with eight rooms; rent, $30; also on Jersey City Heights, near Five Corners, French roof house, thirteen rooms; rent, $50. A. McLEAN, No. 256 West 22d st., New-York.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.—FURNISHED HOUSE TO let; all modern improvements, pleasantly located, near depot. Inquire of real estate agents there, or of owner, No. 379 Pearl st., New-York.

TO LET—TO A SMALL FAMILY, THE UPPER PART of house No. 42 Morton st., five rooms, with bath and gas; neighborhood first class; rent moderate. Call from 10 till 5 o'clock.

TO LET—TO A SMALL AMERICAN FAMILY, second floor and one or two rooms on third floor. Inquire at No. 63 Jane st., from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M.

TO RENT—HUDSON RIVER FRONT; FURNISHED house; horse, cow, fruits, bathing; $1,500.
W. J. GREEN, Nyack, N. Y.

TO LET, FURNISHED—BROWN-STONE-FRONT house, Columbia Heights, Brooklyn; fine view of the river. Address Box No. 1,339 Post Office.

STORES, &C., TO LET.

TO LET.

SPLENDID OFFICES,
in the
NEW UNION BUILDING,
No. 54 WILLIAM ST., adjoining New-York Bank.
Apply in the building to
W. GOUVERNEUR,
Or to the
JANITOR, FIFTH STORY.

10, 15, OR 20 YEARS' LEASE,

OF A1 BROADWAY PROPERTY,
BETWEEN 30TH AND 34TH STS.
Size, 42x100. Buildings poor.
Address PROPRIETOR, *Times* Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d st.

OFFICES TO LET IN TIMES BUILDING.

SPLENDID OFFICES TO LET IN THE FIRE-PROOF TIMES BUILDING.
Apply at TIMES COUNTING-ROOM.

TO LEASE, AT NO. 694 BROADWAY, CORner of 4th st., desirable offices on third floor, with good light and ventilation, suitable for studios or business.

Also, large room extending through to Lafayette place, size 45 by 137 feet.

Also, entire fourth floor from Broadway to Lafayette place, size 45 by 237 feet.

Also, first floor, basement, and subcellar, No. 11 Lafayette place, extending half way to Broadway, now occupied by John C. Ham; size 45 by 137 feet.

Apply to AUGUSTUS CRUIKSHANK, No. 9 Lafayette place, daily, from 9:30 to 11:30 A. M.; or WM. & E. A. CRUIKSHANK, No. 68 Broadway.

TO LET—STORES
No. 590 Broadway,
No. 18 Mercer st.,
No. 59 Duane st.,
and No. 6 Leroy place, Bleecker st., near Broadway.
Apply to ALEX. T. STEWART'S AGENT,
Broadway and Chambers st., between 12:30 and 3 P. M.

TO LET OR LEASE.—STORES NOS. 445 AND 447 Water st., four stories and basement, connected by archways; well suited for storage, or will be fitted with steam power, and other alterations made, as may be required by a satisfactory tenant. Apply to
F. WRIGHT & CO., No. 232 South st.

TO SAVINGS BANKS, INSURANCE COMPANIES, BROKERS, &c.—To let, a fine large office in basement of Knickerbocker Building, corner Broadway and Park place. Is on level with sidewalk, has large vault, safe, &c. S. EDDY, No. 1 Park place.

TO RENT—THE MOST ELIGIBLE OFFICES IN the National Shoe and Leather Bank building, on the second floor, suitable for an insurance company, (now occupied by the Berkshire Life.) Possession given May 1. For particulars inquire at above-named bank.

TO LET—ENTIRE OR DIVIDED STORE, NO. 12 Barclay st., with dry and light cellar and subcellar; also, subcellar No. 30 Vesey st. Apply to J. & J. W. MEEKS, No. 30 Vesey st., Room No. 6.

STEAM-POWER TO LET.—THE NEW BUILDing, 50x90, Nos. 188 and 190 West Houston st., either the whole building or in floors. Inquire on premises.

TO LET FOR A LIGHT BUSINESS—A FLOOR over North River Savings Bank, corner 8th av. and 34th st.
J. F. WILLIAMS & SON,
corner of 34th st. and 8th av.

TO LET OR LEASE—OFFICES IN FIRST AND second stories of Nos. 30 and 32 Cedar st., with lofts and cellarage. Apply to
JNO. WARREN & SON, No. 35 Pine st.

TO RENT.—THE STORE AND BASEMENT, NO. 193 Pearl st., near Maiden lane; extra depth; suitable for tobacco business; possession May 1 next. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine st.

TO LET OR LEASE—THE THREE-STORY STORE and dwelling, 20x85 feet, No. 32 West Houston st., near Broadway. Newly painted. Apply to H. DEMAREST, on the premises, from 10 to 12.

FOR LIGHT MANUFACTURING PURPOSE.—To let, the 100-feet-deep splendidly lighted four-story building, with store, in No. 85 Mercer st.

TO LET—THE FIVE-STORY STORE NO. 146 Front st. Apply to ZOPHAR MILLS, 144 Front st.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED—BY A RELIABLE, RESPONSIBLE party, the care of a gentleman's house; undoubted reference can be given. Address H. W., Box No. 59 *Times* Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d st.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED TO PURCHASE—A HOUSE ABOVE 34th st., between 5th and 6th avs. Price not over $35,000. Address HUNTINGTON, *Times* Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d st.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of THOMAS LYNCH and DANIEL J. BERNSTEIN, bankrupts.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said court by Thomas Lynch and Daniel J. Bernstein in said district, duly declared bankrupts under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all their debts, and other claims provable under said act, and that the 23d day of April, 1874, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the office of Mr. Henry Wilder Allen, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 152 Broadway, in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, on the 27th day of March, 1874.
mh30-1aw3wM GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of CHARLES C. RICHMOND, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—A warrant in bankruptcy has been issued by said court against the estate of Charles C. Richmond, of the County of New-York, of the State of New-York, in said district, adjudged a bankrupt upon the petition of his creditors, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt to him or to his use and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law. A meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy to be holden at the Bennett building, No. 129 Fulton street, in the City of New-York, in said district, on the 25th day of April, A. D. 1874, at 12 o'clock M., at the office of Edgar Ketchum, Esq., one of the Registers in bankruptcy of said Court.
OLIVER FISKE, Marshal—Messenger.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON THE 23D day of March, A. D. 1874, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of SYLVESTER F. BEST and CHARLES P. BEST of the City of Brooklyn, County of Kings, and State of New-York, who for the next six months immediately preceding the filing of their petition, carried on business in the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, who have been adjudged bankrupts on their own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupts to them or either of them or for their use, and the transfer of any property by them or either of them, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupts to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of their estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the office of the Register, No. 322 Broadway, in the city of New-York, Room No. 6, before Isaac Dayton, Register, on the 27th day of April, A. D. 1874, at 1 o'clock P. M.
OLIVER FISKE, United States Marshal, Southern District of New-York, as Messenger.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States, for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of WILLIAM L. ROBINSON, survivor of the firm of George A. Hunter & Co., bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—No. 4,630.—Before James F. Dwight, Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of William L. Robinson, survivor of the firm of George A. Hunter & Co., carrying on business in the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon the petition of his creditors by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York, the 3d day of April, A. D. 1874. WILLIAM H. VAN VORST,
Assignee, No. 271 Canal street, New-York City.
ap6-1aw3wM*

NO. 4,557.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of AUGUSTUS L. CLEMENTS, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—To whom it may concern.—The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of AUGUSTUS L. CLEMENTS, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York, the 28th day of March, A. D. 1874. JAMES P. FITCH, Assignee,
mh30-1aw3wM* No. 12 Warren street, New-York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the District of New-Jersey.—In the matter of EDWARD E. BROWN, bankrupt.—The said bankrupt having applied to the court for a discharge from his debts, by order of the court, notice is hereby given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, to appear on the 5th day of May, A. D. 1874, at 10 o'clock A. M., before the said court, at Trenton, N. J., and show cause, if any they have, why a discharge should not be granted to the said bankrupt.
ap13-1aw3wM R. C. BELVILLE, Clerk.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the District of New-Jersey.—In the matter of JOHN M. HALE, bankrupt.—The said bankrupt having applied to the court for a discharge from his debts, by order of the court, notice is hereby given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, to appear on the 5th day of May, A. D. 1874, at 10 o'clock A. M., before the said court, at Trenton, N. J., and show cause, if any they have, why a discharge should not be granted to said bankrupt.
ap13-1aw3wM R. C. BELVILLE, Clerk.

AUCTION SALES.

JUDICIAL SALE
OF THE
ALABAMA AND CHATTANOOGA RAILROAD.

BY ORDER OF THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE FIFTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT—SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF ALABAMA.

No. 40.—Daniel N. Stanton, Francis B. Loomis, and John C. Stanton, Trustees of the First Mortgage Bondholders of the Alabama and Chattanooga Railroad, Complainants vs. The Alabama and Chattanooga Railroad Company, Lewis Rice, A. C. Lippett, and D. N. Stanton, Trustees, &c., and Charles B. Wallace and others, Defendants.—In Equity.

In pursuance of the decree rendered in the above-entitled cause, pending in the Circuit Court of the United States for the Fifth Judicial Circuit, sitting in Mobile, in the Southern District of Alabama:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN by the undersigned, Master Commissioners appointed by the said court to conduct the sale, that by virtue of, and in obedience to the said decree, which was rendered by said court on the 23d day of January, 1874, we, Robert W. Healy and Nathaniel W. Trimble, Master Commissioners as aforesaid, will, on THE FIRST MONDAY OF MAY, 1874, which will be the 4th day of said month, in front of the Custom-house, in the City of Mobile, in the State of Alabama, proceed and sell at public sale to the highest bidder therefor, (such bidder in all things complying with the terms of sale herein declared,) all the following-described property and rights of property and franchises, that is to say: All and singular the entire railroad of the said "The Alabama and Chattanooga Railroad Company," lying, being, and extending from its terminus at Chattanooga, in the State of Tennessee, to and through Dade County, in the State of Georgia, to the State of Alabama, and through the State of Alabama, in a general south-westerly direction, passing through the town of York, in said State, to the State line of the State of Mississippi, and thence to its terminus at Meridian, in said Mississippi, with all its franchises, equipments, property, tolls, issues and profits, and all its lands, tenements, buildings, fixtures, machinery, goods and chattels connected with, or used in the running or operating of said railway, or appurtenant thereto, and all its rails, ties, fuel, and all fencing and erections, and all its rights of way and easements, and all cars, engines and tools, and all rents, reservations and reversions of every nature and kind whatever, including all the property between said terminal points, which the said "The Alabama and Chattanooga Railroad Company" owned or possessed on the 19th day of December, 1868, (the date of the mortgage or deed of trust described in the original bill of complaint filed in said cause, being the first mortgage upon said property,) or has acquired since the said date of said mortgage, either in law or equity of every kind whatever, pertinent thereto; also all other like estate, structures, superstructures and equipment and all matters and things pertaining or belonging to all or any of the same, that were thereafter acquired, constructed, or controlled by, or belonged to the said "The Alabama and Chattanooga Railroad Company," and also all other estate, real, personal, or mixed, of any of the foregoing description, or of any other kind which were thereafter acquired by the said "The Alabama and Chattanooga Railroad Company," and used or intended to be used in the construction and operation of the said railroad, not including and specially excepting from this sale any railroad lying outside of the aforesaid line of railroad and termini, and which the said "The Alabama and Chattanooga Railroad Company" may have, after the execution of said mortgage, acquired, and any property purchased with or excusively used in connection with the same, or the tolls and profits derived therefrom, and likewise excepting any lands which the said "The Alabama and Chattanooga Railroad Company" owned at the date of said mortgage, or thereafter acquired, and which are not necessary for the management or operation of said railway, or the repair thereof, or for the business of said railroad company, being the property, rights and franchises, described in the said decree, and therein and thereby ordered to be sold, and described in the first mortgage or deed of trust, excuted by the said Alabama and Chattanooga Railroad Company, and thereby by said company conveyed to Seth Adams, Francis Dane, and John Demeritt, and their successors in the trust, upon the trusts therein specified and declared for the security of the bonds issued in accord, and with said mortgage, with all accessions thereto at the time of sale.

In making the said sale the undersigned Master Commissioners will sell all of the said described property, rights, and franchises, in one entire parcel, as an entirety, upon compliance by the purchaser or purchasers with the terms of the sale, and the payment by him or them of the purchase money, and the confirmation by said Circuit Court of the United States of such sale, the undersigned Master Commissioners will convey the property, rights, and franchises herein described, in fee simple forever, as directed by the said decree, freed and barred of all claim and right by the said "The Alabama and Chattanooga Railroad Company," and of all and every person claiming, or to claim, the same, or any part thereof, under the said "The Alabama and Chattanooga Railroad Company."

The said Commissioners will not, at said sale, receive any bid for said property, rights, and franchises herein advertised to be sold, for any sum less than five million, two hundred and twenty thousand dollars.

The purchaser or purchasers of said property, rights, and franchises, will be required, upon the acceptance of his or their bid, to pay in cash to the undersigned Commissioners not less than two hundred thousand dollars, to be taken as payment in part of the purchase money for said property, rights, and franchises, when the said sale shall be confirmed by the court, but to be forfeited in case said purchaser or purchasers fail to comply with the terms and conditions of the sale.

The purchaser or purchasers will be required within sixty days after the sale, or upon confirmation thereof by the court, to pay into court, or to the said Commissioners, the remainder of the purchase money bid by him or them for said property, rights and franchises, in cash; but this balance may at the option of the purchaser or purchasers, to the extent of one million two hundred thousand dollars, be paid in Receiver's certificates bona fide issued by the Receiver of said railroad, and property under authority of the decretal orders heretofore made in the cause by Hon. Joseph P. Bradley, Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, bearing date Aug. 26, 1872, and amended Sept. 30, 1873, provided such certificates so tendered in payment shall at the date of their tender have received the sanction of the said Circuit Court, as directed in its said decree of said 23d January, 1874; or said balance may be paid in the first mortgage bonds of the said "Alabama and Chattanooga Railroad Company," which were bona fide issued under and secured by its said first mortgage executed the 19th December, 1868, provided the said first mortgage bonds so tendered in payment shall, at the date of their said tender, have received the sanction of the said Circuit Court, as directed in its said decree of 23d January, 1874. In case the payment of said balance of the purchase money is made in Receiver's certificates, or in first mortgage bonds, or in either or in both, in whole or in part, such Receiver's certificates and such bonds will be received in payment, each and respectively, as and for such an amount of money as will equal the dividend to which they, each and respectively, will be entitled under the terms of the said decree, rendered as aforesaid in said cause on the 23d January, 1874, by the honorable the said Circuit Court of the United States; and said Receiver's certificates and first mortgage bonds so paid in and accepted in payment of, or on account of said balance, will, on confirmation by the court of such sale, be canceled.

ROBERT W. HEALY,
NATHANIEL W. TRIMBLE,
Master Commissioners.

JAS. Q. SMITH,
JOHN A. ELMORE,
Solicitors of Complainants.

ISLE ROYALE MINING COMPANY, No. 44 EXCHANGE PLACE, NEW-YORK, April 11, 1874.

BY ORDER OF THE DIRECTORS, AND ACcording to law, delinquent shares in the Isle Royale Mining Company will be sold at auction at the company's office, No. 44 Exchange place, on Wednesday, May 13, 1874, at 2 o'clock, excepting such as may be previously relieved by payment of the final installment of capital, namely, $4 50 per share, with interest from July 25, 1872, and costs.

The delinquent shares are represented as follows, and they include all shares which stand in the names of the parties described, viz.:

	Shares.		Shares.
Bunge, Burlage & Co., in trust	275	Henry S. Howe	50
W. H. Black	155	Allan Hay	50
Benner & Brown	150	Ralph King	50
Guy R. Brown	300	R. Lienhardt	100
George Bliss	700	C. G. Landon	225
Philo Brown	475	S. S. Martin	16
Christ, Jay & Co.	805	A. Nottebohm	200
Joseph K. Cheesmon	100	Joshua H. Putnam	50
Joseph Carr	50	Edward L. Parsons	100
A. A. Drake	100	James L. Pynchon	25
Henry R. Evans	100	L. L. Smith	25
W. H. Field	25	John Simpkins	275
A. L. Gleason	8	George B. Tobey	50
J. P. Gordon	17	G. C. Vose	50
		William Varnum	100

F. W. CAPEN, Treasurer.

AUCTION SALE.

OFFICE ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER GENERAL,
HOUSTON ST., CORNER GREENE,
NEW-YORK CITY, April 8, 1874.

Will be sold at public auction, at the Government stables, No. 13 West 13th st., May 8, at 12 o'clock M.: Seven (7) draught horses; condition good.
Terms cash. RUFUS INGALLS,
Colonel and Asst. Quartermaster General,
Brevet Major General U. S. A.

AUCTION NOTICE. AUCTION NOTICE.

$15,000 WORTH OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, at residence No. 21 East 20th st., near Broadway, commencing THIS DAY, 10:30 o'clock A. M., viz.: 7¼-octave piano-forte, four round corners; rich, inlaid, and gilt parlor suits; complete bedroom suits, dressing-case, bedstead, spring and hair mattresses; oil-paintings, mirrors, carpets, &c., and every article necessary for house-keeping. All furniture in first-class condition, and only ten months in use. HENRY ZINN, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF OLD FIRE APPARATUS, &c.

Notice is hereby given that certain OLD FIRE APPARATUS, &c., will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder, for cash, on THURSDAY, April 16, 1874, at 12 o'clock noon, at the repair shops of the Fire Department, Nos. 19 and 21 Elizabeth st. For full information see the *City Record*. Copies for sale at No. 2 City Hall.

EDWARD M. BROWN, Auctioneer.

BY BROWN & SECCOMB.—THIS DAY, (MONday,) April 13, at 12 o'clock, within their store, fresh Palermo Oranges and Lemons, cargo Maria Adelaide; can be seen on Pier No. 13 East River. Also, fresh Palermo Oranges and Lemons, cargo Tell; can be seen on Pier No. 7 East River. Also, 140 cases Valencia Oranges, J. B. P. brand; can be seen on Piers Nos. 20 and 21 North River.

DINGEE, PORTER & CO., AUCTIONEERS, give their personal attention to the auction sales of household furniture, horses, carriages, &c., at the premises of owners only; no connection with auction salesroom; first-class references to our patrons. Office No. 2,308 3d av., and No. 111 Broadway.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

New-York, April 1, 1874.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS DAY FORMed a copartnership under the firm name of SOUTHARD & CO., and will continue business as Commission Merchants and Dealers in TIMBER AND LUMBER.

Office, No. 121 Front st., New-York.

CHARLES C. SOUTHARD,
Formerly foot of West 13th st., New-York.
GEORGE H. SOUTHARD,
Formerly of J. Bigler & Co., Newburg, N. Y.
FRANCIS E. SOUTHARD,
Formerly of Henry Souther & Co., Boston.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST OR STOLEN—ON MONDAY, 6TH INST., A calf-skin pocket-book containing a small sum of currency, and a note for $6,000 dated Feb. 10, 1874, payable one day after date, favor of Haswell & Dings. All persons are cautioned against negotiating the same. The finder will be suitably rewarded on returning it to the office of Hay Cutting and Baling Company, No. 383 11th av., near 34th st.

LOST.—A CIGAR-HOLDER, WELL COLORED, IN A case, with name of F. J. Kaldenberg on the inside of the case; $10 reward will be paid for the recovery of this holder. Address A. B., Box No. 157 *Times* Office.

SHIPPING.

INMAN LINE.

NOTICE.

The course laid down for these steamers, and followed by them for several years, is fixed to pass 250 miles south of Cape Race. Although the voyage is thus lengthened about 100 miles, better weather is met with, and there is much greater freedom from fogs and floating ice, and the danger of navigation consequent thereon.

Royal Mail Steamers are appointed to sail as follows:

FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.

CITY OF MONTREAL........Saturday, April 18, 2 P. M.
CITY OF RICHMOND........Saturday, April 25, 1 P. M.
CITY OF BROOKLYN........Saturday, May 2, 2 P. M.
CITY OF BRUSSELS........Saturday, May 9, 12 M.
CITY OF PARIS...........Saturday, May 16, 2 P. M.

and each succeeding SATURDAY and THURSDAY, from Pier No. 45 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

CABIN, $70, $80, and $90, gold, according to accommodation. Round trip tickets at low rates.

STEERAGE, to Liverpool, Queenstown, Glasgow, Londonderry, London, Bristol, Cardiff, Belfast, Havre, or Hamburg, $30. Prepaid certificates, $32, currency.

Passengers are forwarded to Sweden, Norway, Denmark, and Paris, at reduced rates.

Drafts issued at lowest rates.

For Cabin Passage and general business apply at the Company's office, No. 15 Broadway.

For Steerage Passage, at No. 33 Broadway, or Pier No. 45 North River. JOHN G. DALE, Agent.

O'DONNELL & FAULK, No. 402 Chestnut st., Philadelphia.
M. S. CREAGH, No. 102 State st., Boston.
F. C. BROWN, No. 32 South Clark st., corner Lake st., Chicago.
WM. INMAN, Liverpool, and No. 9 Rue Scribe, Paris.

CUNARD LINE.

NOTICE.

With the view of diminishing the chances of collision, the steamers of this line take a specified course for all seasons of the year.

On the outward passage from Queenstown to New-York or Boston, crossing meridian of 50 at 43 latitude, or nothing to the north of 43.

On the homeward passage, crossing the meridian of 50 at 42, or nothing to the north of 42.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAM-SHIPS, BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

FROM NEW-YORK.	FROM NEW-YORK.
Abyssinia, Wed'y, April 15	*Scotia, Wednesday, May 6
Parthia, Saturday, April 18	Algeria, Saturday, May 9
*Russia, Wed'day, April 22	*Cuba, Wednesday, May 13
China, Saturday, April 25	Java, Saturday, May 16
Calabria, Wed'day, April 29	Abyssinia, Wed'y, May 20

And every following WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY from New-York.

Steamers marked thus * do not carry steerage passengers.

Rates of passage—Cabin, $80, $100, and $130, gold, according to accommodation. Return tickets on favorable terms. Steerage, $30, currency. Steerage tickets from Liverpool and Queenstown, and all parts of Europe, at lowest rates. For freight and cabin passage apply at the company's office, No. 4 Bowling green; for steerage passage, No. 111 Broadway, Trinity Building.

CHAS. G. FRANCKLYN, Agent.

ANCHOR LINE.

NEW-YORK AND GLASGOW.

STEAMER EVERY ALTERNATE DAY.

Tuesday steamers proceed via Londonderry.
Thursday steamers proceed via Queenstown.
Saturday steamers proceed direct to Glasgow.

From company's piers, 20 and 21 North River, N. Y.

Elysia, Tuesday...April 14	Anglia, Saturday..April 25
Macedonia, Thurs...April 16	California, Tues....April 28
Bolivia, Tuesday....April 21	Castalia, Thursday.April 30
Trinacria, Thurs...April 23	Australia Saturday...May 2

RATES OF PASSAGE—PAYABLE IN CURRENCY.

TO GLASGOW, LIVERPOOL, LONDONDERRY, QUEENSTOWN OR BELFAST.

Cabin, $65 to $90, according to steamer and accommodations. Return tickets issued at reduced rates. Intermediate, $35. Steerage, $30.

Drafts issued for any amount at lowest rates.

Send for circulars, giving further information, to Company's offices, No. 7 Bowling Green.

HENDERSON BROTHERS, Agents.

WHITE STAR LINE.

FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL, CARRYING UNITED STATES MAIL.

NEW AND FULL-POWERED STEAM-SHIPS.

Sailing from New-York on SATURDAYS, from Liverpool on THURSDAYS, calling at Cork Harbor each way.

BALTIC..........SATURDAY, April 18, 7 A. M.
OCEANIC.........SATURDAY, April 25, 12:30 P. M.
REPUBLIC........SATURDAY, May 2, at 3 P. M.
CELTIC..........SATURDAY, May 9, at 11 A. M.

From White Star Dock, Pavonia Ferry, Jersey City.

Passenger accommodations (for all classes) unrivaled, combining

SAFETY, SPEED, AND COMFORT.

Saloon, State-rooms, Smoking-room and Bath-rooms in MIDSHIP section, where least motion is felt. Surgeons and stewardesses accompany these steamers.

Rates—Saloon, $80, gold; return tickets, $140, gold; steerage, $30, currency. Those wishing to send for friends from the old country can now obtain steerage prepaid certificates, $32, currency.

Passengers booked to or from all parts of America, to Paris, Hamburg, Norway, Sweden, India, Australia, China, &c.

Drafts from £1 upward.

For inspection of plans and other information apply at the Company's offices, No. 19 Broadway, New-York.

R. J. CORTIS, Agent.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAM-SHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST.

The splendid vessels on this favorite route for the Continent, (being more southerly than any other,) will sail from Pier No. 50 North River, as follows:

ST. LAURENT.......LACHESNEZ.......Saturday...May 2
PEREIRE...........SURMONT.........Saturday...May 16
AMERIQUE..........ROUSSAU.........Saturday...May 30

PRICE OF PASSAGE IN GOLD, (including wine,) TO BREST OR HAVRE:

First Cabin, $125.......Second Cabin, $75.

Superior accommodations for a few steerage passengers at $35.

Excursion tickets at reduced rates.

American travelers going to, or returning from the Continent of Europe, by taking this line, avoid both transit by English railway and the discomforts of crossing the Channel, besides saving time, trouble, and expense.

GEORGE MACKENZIE, Agent, No. 58 Broadway.

NOTE.—In June and thereafter, the departures will be on Thursday of every week.

GREAT WESTERN STEAM-SHIP LINE.

NEW-YORK TO BRISTOL, ENG., DIRECT.

Taking goods and passengers for London, Cardiff, Newport, Gloucester, and all ports in Bristol Channel.

The steamers of this line will sail from Pier No. 18, East River, as follows:

GREAT WESTERN, STAMPER..........Tuesday, April 14
CORNWALL, GIBSON................Saturday, May 2
ARRAGON, WESTERN, to follow.

Cabin passage, $70 currency; intermediate, $45 currency; steerage, $30 currency. Parties wishing to send for their friends can obtain prepaid certificates. Drafts for £1 and upward. For freight or passage apply to

E. E. MORGAN'S SONS, No. 70 South st., New-York.

NATIONAL LINE.

NOTICE.—This Company takes the risk of insurance (up to $500,000 in gold) on each of its steamers, thus giving passengers the best possible guarantee for safety and avoidance of danger at sea.

The most southerly route has always been adopted by this company to avoid ice and headlands.

From Piers Nos. 44 and 47 North River.

TO QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.

Greece. Wed., Apr. 15, 3 P. M. | Spain. Wed., Apr. 25, 12 M.
Italy..Sat., Apr. 18, 3 P. M. | The Queen.Sat., May 2, 3 PM

FOR LONDON DIRECT.

FRANCE, THOMPSON.......Tuesday, April 21, at 9 A. M.

Cabin passage, $70 and $80, currency. Steerage, $29, currency. Return tickets at reduced rates. Prepaid steerage tickets from Liverpool at the lowest rates. Apply at the company's office, No. 69 Broadway.

F. W. J. HURST, Manager.

EAGLE LINE.

UNITED STATES MAIL STEAM-SHIPS TO PLYMOUTH, CHERBOURG, AND HAMBURG.

The elegant Clyde-built steam-ship GOETHE, Capt. J. A. WILSON, will sail on TUESDAY, May 5, LESSING, Capt. F. A. TOOSBUY, May 19, from Eagle Line Pier, foot of 1st st., Hoboken.

RATES OF PASSAGE:

PLYMOUTH, LONDON, CHERBOURG, and HAMBURG, Cabin, first saloon, $120, gold; second saloon, $72, gold. Steerage to Plymouth and London, $30, currency; steerage to Cherbourg and Hamburg, $30, gold. Prepaid tickets from Hamburg, $36, currency. For freight apply to FUNCH, EDYE & CO., No. 27 South William st. For passage apply to KNAUTH, NACHOD & KUHNE, General Agents, No. 113 Broadway.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

(VIA QUEENSTOWN.)

CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAILS.

THE LIVERPOOL AND GREAT WESTERN STEAM COMPANY will dispatch one of their first-class full-power iron screw steam-ships from PIER NO. 46 NORTH RIVER, EVERY TUESDAY, as follows:

IDAHO, Capt. MOORE..........April 21, 9:30 A. M.
WISCONSIN, Capt. FREEMAN....April 28, 3 P. M.
...........................May 5, at 3 P. M.
...........................May 12, at 2 P. M.
...........................May 19, at 3 P. M.
...........................May 26, at 2 P. M.

Cabin passage, $80, gold.

Steerage passage, (Office No. 29 Broadway,) $30, currency.

For freight or cabin passage apply to WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 63 Wall st.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD STEAM-SHIP CO.

FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND BREMEN.

The steam-ship MINISTER ROON, Capt. H. ERDMANN, will sail on WEDNESDAY, April 15, at 2 P. M., from Bremen Pier, foot 3d st., Hoboken, to be followed by the steam-ship RHEIN, Capt. E. BRICKENSTEIN, on SATURDAY, April 18.

RATES OF PASSAGE TO LONDON, HAVRE, AND BREMEN, payable in gold or its equivalent in currency:

First cabin	$120
Second cabin	72
Steerage	30

For freight or passage apply to OELRICHS & CO., Agents, No. 2 Bowling green.

ATLAS MAIL LINE.

BI-MONTHLY SERVICE TO HAYTI, VENEZUELA, CURACOA, MARACAIBO, JAMAICA, AND COLOMBIA.

First-class full-powered English-built iron screw steamers, from Pier No. 12 North River.

For HAYTI, CURACOA, VENEZUELA, and PORTO RICO.

CLARIBEL..........April 27
CORINTH...........May 15

For JAMAICA AND COLOMBIA.

ETNA..............April 29
ATLAS.............May 15

First-class passenger accommodation.

PIM, FORWOOD & CO., Agents. Nos. 56 Wall and 59 Pine sts.

FOR HAVANA.

NASSAU, HAVANA, PROGRESO, AND VERA CRUZ. New-York, Havana, and Mexican Mail Steam-ship Line, Leaving Pier No. 3 North River, at 3 P. M.

CITY OF MERIDA, (Havana direct)..........April 9
CITY OF HAVANA, (Havana via Nassau)......April 16
CITY OF NEW-YORK, (Havana direct)........April 23
CITY OF MEXICO, (Havana and Mexico)......April 25

For freight or passage apply to F. ALEXANDRE & SONS, No. 33 Broadway.

SHIPPING.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAM-SHIP LINE.

GREAT REDUCTION IN RATES, PASSAGE AND FREIGHT.

To California via Panama.

The magnificent steam-ships of this line will be dispatched from Pier No. 42 North River, New-York, as under:

Saturday, April 18, at 12 M., CITY OF GUATEMALA, Capt. J. B. HILDRETH. Freight and way passengers.

Saturday, April 25, at 1 P. M., HENRY CHAUNCEY, Commodore A. G. GRAY. Passengers and freight.

Saturday, May 21, at 12 M., CITY OF PANAMA, Capt. J. M. DOW. Freight and way passengers only.

And every fortnightly Saturday thereafter, connecting at Panama with all steamers for Central America, Mexican coast, and South Pacific ports.

Passenger steamers will call at Kingston, Jamaica, both on their outward and homeward trips, arriving at that port on Friday, the sixth day after leaving New-York, and leaving Saturday P. M. for Aspinwall.

Extra steamers for freight, &c., will be dispatched on intermediate Saturdays, whenever the necessities of transportation may require it.

TO JAPAN AND CHINA.

The splendid steamers of this line, carrying United States mails, leave San Francisco for Yokohama, Hong Kong, and Shanghai as follows:

ALASKA..........................April 18
CHINA...........................May 2
................................May 16

Tea will be brought from San Francisco to New-York, fast, in twenty-eight days, at $40, gold, per ton of 2,000 pounds.

RATES OF PASSAGE,

(Including berth, meals and all requisites for the trip.)

New-York to San Francisco, $50, $100 or $110 currency, according to location.

New-York to Kingston, $25 or $50, gold, according to location.

San Francisco to Yokohama, $150, gold.
San Francisco to Hong Kong, $200, gold.

For freight and passage or other information apply at the Company's office, Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal st., New-York.

H. J. BULLAY, Superintendent.
RUFUS HATCH, Vice President and Managing Director.

CARDIFF LINE.

NEW-YORK TO CARDIFF.

The South Wales Atlantic Steam-ship Company's New, First-Class, Full-Powered Clyde-Built Steam-ships

Will sail from Pennsylvania Railroad Wharf, Jersey City, as follows:

ANDES...........................April 18
GLAMORGAN.......................May 2
PEMBROKE........................May 16

Carrying goods and passengers at through rates from all parts of the United States and Canada to ports in the Bristol Channel, and all other points in England.

These steam-ships, built expressly for the trade, are provided with all the latest improvements for the comfort and convenience of

CABIN AND STEERAGE PASSENGERS.

First Cabin	$75 and $80 currency.
Second Cabin	$55 currency
Steerage	$30 currency.
Prepaid steerage certificates from Cardiff	$33

Drafts for £1 and upward.

For further particulars apply in Cardiff at the Company's Offices, No. 1 Dock Chambers, and in New-York to ARCHIBALD BAXTER & CO., Agents, No. 17 Broadway.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.

THE FLORIDA PORTS, AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST.

GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA, AND ATLANTIC AND GULF RAILROAD.

WEDNESDAYS AND SATURDAYS.

THE STEAM-SHIPS

LEO, Capt. DEARBORN, WEDNESDAY, April 15, from Pier No. 16 East River, at 3 P. M.
MURRAY, FERRIS & CO., Agents, Nos. 61 and 62 South st.

SAN JACINTO, Capt. HAZARD, SATURDAY, April 18, from Pier No. 43 North River, at 3 P. M.
WM. R. GARRISON, Agent, No. 5 Bowling green.

HUNTSVILLE, Capt. CROWELL, WEDNESDAY, April 22, from Pier No. 13 North River, at 3 P. M.
R. LOWDEN, Agent, No. 93 West st.

SAN SALVADOR, Capt. NICKERSON, SATURDAY, April 25, from Pier No. 43 North River, at 3 P. M.
WM. R. GARRISON, Agent, No. 5 Bowling green.

Insurance by this line ONE-HALF PER CENT.

Superior accommodations for passengers.

Through rates and bills of lading, in connection with Central Railroad of Georgia, to all points.

Through rates and bills of lading in connection with the Atlantic and Gulf Railroad and Florida steamers.

GEORGE YONGE, Agent Great Southern Freight Line, No. 409 Broadway.

GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE,

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C., THE FLORIDA PORTS, AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST.

SAILING SEMI-WEEKLY AT 3 P. M., from Pier No. 29 North River.

SOUTH CAROLINA, Capt. J. T. BECKETT, Wednesday, April 15.

CHARLESTON, Capt. JAS. BERRY, Saturday, April 18.

Superior accommodations for passengers.

☞ Insurance by this line ONE-HALF PER CENT.

Goods forwarded free of commission.

Passage tickets and bills of lading issued and signed at the office of

JAMES W. QUINTARD & CO., Agents, No. 177 West st., (corner of Warren,)
Or W. P. CLYDE & CO., No. 6 Bowling green.

Through freight tariffs. Passage tickets by all routes and to all points in the South and South-west, and further information can be obtained at the office of

BENTLEY D. HASELL, General Agent Great Southern Freight Line, No. 317 Broadway.

FOR ST. THOMAS AND BRAZIL.

THE UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL MAIL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY.

Regular mail steamers SAILING 23D OF EVERY MONTH, making close connections at RIO DE JANEIRO with the English and French Mail Steam-ships for MONTEVIDEO and BUENOS AYRES.

The splendid steam-ship MERRIMACK, Capt. W. WEIR, will sail from PIER No. 43 NORTH RIVER, on THURSDAY, April 23, at 3 P. M., calling at ST. THOMAS, PARA, PERNAMBUCO, BAHIA, and RIO DE JANEIRO, going and returning.

First cabin passage to St. Thomas, $100; to Para, $150; to Pernambuco, $200; to Bahia, $210, and to Rio de Janeiro, $225, gold. Steerage half price. EXCURSION TICKETS, good for six months, at three quarters of above rates. Freights greatly reduced.

Apply to WM. R. GARRISON, No. 5 Bowling green.

NEW-YORK AND HAVANA DIRECT MAIL LINE.

These first-class steam-ships will sail every TUESDAY, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 13 North River, (foot of Cedar st.,) for Havana direct, as follows:

COLUMBUS, Capt. E. C. REED, April 14.
MORRO CASTLE, Capt. THOS. H. MORTON, April 21.
CRESCENT CITY, Capt. T. S. CURTIS, April 28.

For freight or passage (having magnificent accommodations) apply to WM. P. CLYDE & CO., No. 6 Bowling-green.

D. McKELLAR, Agent in Havana.
March 31, 1873.

BERMUDA MAIL STEAMERS,

Under contract with Br. Government, and carrying United States mails.

FREIGHT AND PASSENGER OFFICE,

No. 2 Broadway. A. E. OUTERBRIDGE, Agent.

COOK'S TOURIST TICKETS TO EVERY PART of the world issued at reductions from ten to forty-five per cent. below ordinary fares. They are available by every line of steamers. They are printed in English and in the language of the country where used. They allow passengers to stop en route, which ordinary tickets do not.

They can be used by single travelers and in any series of combinations.

Cook's hotel coupons guarantee best accommodations at 300 first-class hotels at uniform and reduced rates.

"Cook's Excursionist" for April now ready. Price, ten cents. Contains fares and expense for over 1,000 European tours.

Cook's next personally-conducted party to the south of France and Italy sails by Egypt May 9. Price, $650, gold, for 100 days' accommodations, all first-class.

Address COOK, SON & JENKINS, No. 261 Broadway, New-York.

NOTICE TO TRAVELERS.

Families or gentlemen going to travel on the Continent of Europe, who can afford the expense of a courier, should never leave Paris without one. Their services are invaluable in relieving the traveler from multiplicity of cares and troubles respecting passports, examination and conveyance of luggage, in securing the best accommodation, in protecting the traveler from imposition, and an infinity of annoyances to which they are exposed in various parts of the Continent. Competent and trustworthy couriers and traveling servants may always be obtained by applying to the COURIER SOCIETY, No. 3 Rue d'Alger, near the Tuilleries Garden, Paris.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—United States passports, indispensable to travelers, issued by J. B. NONES, Passport Agent, No. 91 Duane st., corner Broadway.

STEAMBOATS.

SEA BIRD.

For Red Bank and intermediate stations. Pier No. 35, North River.

Thurs., 9th	12:00 M.	Fri., 10th	12:00 M.
Sat., 11th	3:00 P. M.	Mon., 13th	2:00 P. M.
Tues., 14th	3:00 P. M.	Wed., 15th	7:00 A. M.
Wed., 15th	3:00 P. M.	Thurs., 16th	7:00 A. M.
Thurs., 16th	3:00 P. M.	Fri., 17th	7:00 A. M.
Fri., 17th	3:30 P. M.		

FALL RIVER LINE FOR BOSTON.—SPECIAL Notice.—On and after Monday, April 20, the world-renowned steamers Bristol and Providence, will resume their place on the line, leaving Pier No. 28 North River, at 5 P. M.

CITIZENS' LINE FOR TROY—FARE $1 50.—Elegant steam-boats daily, Saturdays excepted, at 6 P. M. From Pier No. 49 North River, foot Leroy st., connecting with railroads for all points north and west.
JOSEPH CORNELL, Superintendent.

RONDOUT AND KINGSTON, LANDING AT Cozzens', Cornwall, Newburg, Marlborough, Milton, Poughkeepsie, and Esopus—The steam-boats THOMAS CORNELL and JAMES W. BALDWIN leave Harrison st., Pier No. 34 North River, daily, at 4 o'clock P. M.

PEOPLE'S LINE FOR ALBANY.—THE SPLENDID steamers DREW and ST. JOHN leave Pier No. 41, foot Canal st., daily, (Sundays excepted,) at 6 P. M.

FOR BRIDGEPORT AND ALL POINTS ON Housatonic and Naugatuck Railroad.—Fare, $1. Steamers leave Catharine-slip at 12 noon.

NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD, AND THE NORTH.—Steamers leave Peck-slip for New-Haven at 3:15 and 11 P. M., (except Sundays,) connecting with road.

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

THE GREAT TRUNK LINE AND UNITED STATES MAIL ROUTE.

Trains leave New-York, from foot of Desbrosses and Cortlandt sts., as follows:

Express for Harrisburg, Pittsburg, the West and South, with Pullman palace cars attached, 9:30 A. M., 5 and 8:30 P. M. Sunday, 5 and 8:30 P. M.

For Williamsport, Lock Haven, Corry, and Erie, via Philadelphia and Erie Railroad, 7 P. M. For Williamsport, 9:30 A. M., connecting at Philadelphia.

For Baltimore, Washington, and the South, at 8:40 A. M., 3 and 9 P. M. Sunday, 9 P. M.

Express for Philadelphia, 8:40, 9:30, A. M., 12:30, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8:30, 9 P. M., and 12 night. Sunday 5, 6:10, 8:30, and 9 P. M. Emigrant and second class, 7 P. M.

For Trenton at 7:20 A. M., 2, and 3:10 P. M. Sunday 6:10 P. M.

For Newark at 6, 6:30, 7:20, 7:40, 8, 9, 10, 11 A. M., 12 M., 1, 2, 2:30, 3:10, 3:40, 4:10, 4:30, 5, 5:20, 5:40, 6, 6:10, 6:30, 7, 7:30, 8:10, 10, 11:30 P. M., and 12 night. Sunday 5:20, 6:10, and 8:10 P. M.

For Elizabeth, 6, 6:30, 7:20, 7:40, 8, 9, 10, 11 A. M., 12 M., 1, 2, 2:30, 3:10, 3:40, 4:10, 4:30, 5:20, 5:40, 6, 6:10, 6:30, 7:30, 8:10, 10, 11:30 P. M., and 12 night. Sunday 5:20, 6:10, and 8:10 P. M.

For Rahway, 6, 6:30, 7:20, 8, 10 A. M., 12 M., 1, 2, 2:30, 3:10, 3:40, 4:10, 4:30, 5:20, 5:40, 6:10, 6:30, 8:10, 10 P. M., and 12 night. Sunday 5:20 and 6:10 P. M.

For Woodbridge, Perth Amboy, and South Amboy, 6 and 10 A. M., 2:30, 4:10, and 6 P. M.

For New-Brunswick, 7:20 and 8 A. M., 12 M., 2, 3:10, 4:30, 5:20, 6:10, 7 P. M., and 12 night. Sunday 6:10 P. M.

For East Millstone, 12 noon, 3:10 and 4:30 P. M.

For Lambertville and Flemington, 9:30 A. M. and 4 P. M.

For Phillipsburg and Belvidere, 9:30 A. M., 2 and 4 P. M.

Accommodation for Bordentown, Burlington, and Camden, 7:20 and 9:30 A. M., 12:30, 2, 3:10, 4, and 7 P. M.

For Freehold, 7:20 A. M., 2 and 4 P. M.

For Farmingdale and Squan, 7:20 A. M. and 2 P. M.

For Pemberton and Camden, 6 A. M. and 2:30 P. M.

Trains arrive as follows: From Pittsburg, 6:50 A. M., 12:35 and 7:35 P. M., daily; 11:55 A. M. daily, except Monday. From Washington and Baltimore, 6:05 A. M., 5:15 and 10:27 P. M. Sunday 6:05 A. M. and 10:27 P. M. From Philadelphia, 5:10, 6:20, 6:50, 10:15, 11:55 A. M., 2:15, 5:15, 6:05, 8:44, 10:27 P. M. Sunday 5:10, 6:20, 6:50, 11:55 A. M. and 10:27 P. M.

Ticket-offices, Nos. 526, 435, 271, and 944 Broadway, No. 1 Astor House, and foot of Desbrosses and Cortlandt sts. Emigrant Ticket-office, No. 8 Battery place.

A. J. CASSATT, General Manager.
D. M. BOYD, Jr., General Passenger Agent.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY.

ALLENTOWN LINE TO THE WEST.

Passenger and Freight Station in New-York, foot of Liberty st. Connects at Somerville, with South Branch Railroad; at Hampton Junction with Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad; at Phillipsburg with Lehigh and Susquehanna Division; also with Lehigh Valley Railroad. Direct line to Harrisburg, Pittsburg, and the West; also to Central Pennsylvania and New-York State.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

Commencing Dec. 1, 1873.—Leave New-York as follows:

5:15 A. M.—News Train for Easton, Bethlehem, Bath, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

6 A. M.—Way Train for Plainfield.

7 A. M.—Way Train for Flemington, Easton, Belvidere, Mauch Chunk, Wilkesbarre, Pittston, Mahanoy City, Mount Carmel, Hazleton, Tunkhannock, Towanda, Waverly, &c. Connects at Junction with Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad.

9 A. M.—Morning Express, daily, (except Sundays,) for Easton, Allentown, Harrisburg, and the West. Connects at Somerville for Flemington, at Easton for Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c., with through cars to Danville, Williamsport, &c.

10:30 A. M.—Way Train for Somerville.

12:40 P. M.—Express for Flemington, Easton, Bath, Allentown, Mauch Chunk, Mahanoy City, Hazleton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Reading, Columbia, Lancaster, Ephrata, Pottsville, Harrisburg, &c.

2:30 P. M.—Way train for Easton, Allentown, and Belvidere.

3:30 P. M.—Way train for Plainfield.

4 P. M.—Way train for Easton, Allentown, and Mauch Chunk. Connects at Junction with Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad.

4:30 P. M.—Way train for Somerville and Flemington.

5 P. M.—Way train for Somerville.

5:15 P. M.—Way train for Plainfield.

5:30 P. M.—Evening Express, daily, for Easton, Belvidere, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Pittsburg, Chicago, &c.

6 P. M.—Way train for Somerville.

6:40 P. M.—For Plainfield.

7:30 P. M.—(Emigrant)—For Easton.

9:15 P. M.—Way train for Somerville.

11:45 P. M.—For Plainfield.

For Elizabeth at 5:15, 6, 6:40, 7, 7:30, 8, 8:45, 9, 9:30, 10:30, 11:15 A. M.; 12 M.; 12:40, 1, 2, 2:30, 3, 3:30, 3:45, 4, 4:15, 4:30, 4:45, 5, 5:15, 5:30, 5:45, 6, 6:20, 6:40, 7:15, 7:30, 8:15, 9:15, 10:30, 11:45 P. M.

R. E. RICKER, Superintendent and Engineer.
H. P. BALDWIN, General Passenger Agent.

NEW-YORK CENTRAL AND HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—After Nov. 2, 1873, through trains will leave Grand Central Depot:

8:00 A. M., Chicago and Northern Express, with drawing-room cars through to Rochester and St. Albans.

10:30 A. M., special Chicago Express, with drawing-room cars to Rochester, Buffalo, &c.

10:45 A. M., Northern and Western Express.

3:40 P. M., Albany and Troy Express, Saturday only.

4:00 P. M., Montreal Express, with sleeping cars from New-York to St. Albans.

6:00 P. M., Express, daily, with sleeping cars for Watertown and Canandaigua.

8:00 P. M., Pacific Express, daily, with sleeping cars for Rochester, Buffalo, and Niagara Falls; also for Chicago, via both L. S. and M. C. Railroads.

11:00 P. M., Express, with sleeping cars for Troy and Albany. Way trains as per Local Time Table.

C. H. KENDRICK, General Passenger Agent.

NEW-YORK, NEW-HAVEN AND HARTFORD RAILROAD.

After Jan. 1, 1874, trains leave Grand Central Depot (42d st.) for New-Canaan Railroad at 8:05 A. M., 1, and 5:10 P. M.; Danbury and Norwalk Railroad at 8:05 A. M., 3 and 4:38 P. M.; Naugatuck Railroad at 8:05 A. M., 12 M., and 3 P. M.; Housatonic Railroad at 8:05 A. M. and 3 P. M.; New-Haven and Northampton Railroad at 8:05 A. M. and 3 P. M.; New-Haven, Middletown and Willimantic Railroad at 8:05 A. M. and 3 P. M.; Boston and Albany Railroad at 8:05 and 10 A. M., 3 and 8:10 P. M., (7 P. M. on Sunday;) Boston (via Shore Line) at 1 and 9:10 P. M., (9:10 P. M. on Sundays.)

Way trains as per local time tables.

J. T. MOODY, Superintendent New-York Division.
R. M. REED, General Superintendent, New-Haven.

SOUTH-SIDE RAILROAD.

NOTICE.

On and after March 2, 1874, trains will leave South 8th st., Brooklyn, as follows, Sundays excepted:

For Patchogue, and intermediate stations, at 9:30 A. M. and 4 P. M.

For Islip, an intermediate stations, at 9:30 A. M., and 4 and 5 P. M.

For Babylon, and intermediate stations, at 9:30 A. M., and 1:30, 4, 5, and 6 P. M.

For Merrick, and intermediate stations, at 9:30 A. M., and 1:30, 5, 6, and 7 P. M.

For Hempstead, Rockaway, and intermediate stations, at 9:30 A. M., and 4, 5, and 6 P. M.

Sunday trains leave Bushwick for Islip at 9 A. M.

GEO. F. CARMAN, Superintendent.

INSTRUCTION.

CHARLIER INSTITUTE FOR BOYS AND YOUNG GENTLEMEN, NOS. 126 AND 128 EAST 24TH ST. BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL.

PROF. ELIE CHARLIER.

GROVE HALL, NEW-HAVEN, CONN.

SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES.
Established 1820.
Summer term opens April 9.
For circulars address
E. A. KINGSLEY, M. A., Principal.

MISSES PORTER & CHAMPNEY'S

HOME SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, OLD HADLEY, MASS.

The Summer term will commence on WEDNESDAY, APRIL 8, 1874.

For circulars and testimonials address the Principals.

RARE CHANCE FOR BOYS.—A GOOD HOME in the country and a first-class military, classical, and commercial school, in New-Haven, Conn.—A clergyman, who will give his personal attention to boys out of school, living in Fair Haven, Conn., will receive a limited number into his family, and have them attend the Russell Military School in New-Haven, distant one mile by horse-cars. For further information apply to the Collegiate and Commercial Institute, New-Haven, Conn., or to WILLISTON, KNIGHT & CO., No. 76 Worth st., New-York.

PAINE'S COLLEGE, NO. 62 BOWERY; UP-town, No. 1,282 Broadway.—Young men taught book-keeping, arithmetic, business forms; foreigners, English; backward persons—all ages—rapidly advanced; twenty-four writing lessons, $2 50.

ST. PAUL'S SCHOOL, LEWISBORO', WEST-chester County, N. Y., Rev. and Mrs. ROBERT BOLTON, Principals.—A home for young boys and girls throughout the year; terms, $300 per annum. Address Principal.

FAMILY SCHOOL FOR BOYS—STRATFORD, Conn., pleasantly located, and aiming at thorough intellectual and moral culture. Term opens April 16.
Rev. E. B. EMERSON.

TARRYTOWN YOUNG LADIES' SEMINARY.—Spring term of ten weeks opens April 20. The most approved facilities of culture are offered on most reasonable terms. Rev. W. H. KINGSBURY, Principal.

EDWARDS PLACE SCHOOL FOR BOYS, Stockbridge, Mass.—Term opens April 7. For particulars address F. HOFFMAN and R. C. FLACK, Associate Principals.

JACKSON MILITARY INSTITUTE,

Tarrytown, N. Y. Established 1857.
Address Rev. F. J. JACKSON, M. A., Principal.

RYE SEMINARY, RYE, N. Y.—TWO YOUNG ladies may be admitted immediately. For particulars address the Principal, Mrs. S. J. LIFE.

NEWBURG INSTITUTE, NEWBURG, N. Y.—A family school for boys. For circulars address HENRY W. SIGLAR.

FAMILY SCHOOL FOR BOYS, CAMBRIDGE, Mass.—Boys fitted for college and scientific school. JOSHUA KENDALL.

FLUSHING (N. Y.) INSTITUTE BOARDING School for boys; room for one more.
E. A. FAIRCHILD.

ANTHON GRAMMAR SCHOOL,

No. 252 Madison av.

CLAVERACK College and H. R. Inst., at Claverack, N. Y. 20 instructors. ALONZO FLACK, Ph. D., Pres.

$250 PER YEAR.—INSTITUTE FOR YOUNG Boys, Hempstead, L. I. E. HINDS, A. M.

LITTLE BOYS ADMITTED TO YONKERS MILITARY INSTITUTE. Box No. 654 Yonkers, N. Y.

MILITARY BOARDING-SCHOOL, WHITE Plains, N. Y. O. R. WILLIS, Ph. D., Principal.

TEACHERS.

PRIVATE TUTOR.—A THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED teacher in all branches, including French and music, desires pupils. Address V. CONSTANT, No. 101 East 25th st.

ANTHON GRAMMAR SCHOOL.—MALE teacher wanted May 1.

STORAGE.

MORRELL'S NEW FIRST-CLASS STORAGE warehouses, from 102 to 114 East 32d st., extending to 4th av., built expressly for the purpose. Storage for furniture, pianos, mirrors, trunks, baggage, and other packages of extra value. The public are invited to examine.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

ADVERTISEMENTS ARE RECEIVED FOR THE NEW-YORK TIMES

At the Times Up-Town Office,
No. 54½ West 32d st., junction Broadway and 6th av.,
And the Times West-Side Office,
No. 308 West 23d st., corner of 8th av.
NO EXTRA CHARGE WHATEVER.

A GENTLEMAN WANTS A SINGLE HORSE or span for light family use in the country, for the Summer, for their keep; good care guaranteed. Address LEXINGTON, *Times* West Side Office, No. 308 West 23d st.

FOR SALE.—A GENTLEMAN GOING TO EUROPE wishes to dispose of a pair of good family carriage horses; perfectly gentle and kind in single and double harness. Apply at private stable No. 17 East 27th st.

TO LET—THE NEATEST AND MOST COMplete stable to let in 44th st., between 5th and 6th avs. Apply to owner, JOHN KAVANAGH, north-east corner 42d st. and 6th av.

WANTED—A HANDSOME TEAM, CARRIAGE, AND harness, worth from $2,000 to $3,000, in exchange for a small stable well rented. Apply to the owner, F. ELDER, No. 20 Nassau st., Room No. 5.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF LIGHT wagons, my own manufacture, to be sold at bargain to close out the business. Apply to ISAAC LOCKWOOD, corner of 127th st. and 3d av.

A.—FOR SALE—COUPE AND MAIL PHAETON by Brewster & Co.; also a well-bred saddle-horse and harness. Apply at No. 128 West 18th st.

A BAY HORSE, OVER 15.3 HANDS HIGH; gentle and quiet in single or double harness; will be sold cheap. Apply at No. 128 West 18th st.

A PAIR OF LARGE HORSES, AND A LANdau, all in excellent order, are offered very low. Apply at No. 100 East 22d st.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A CITY-BUILT TOP WAGON, in good order. Apply to J. W. WILSON, No. 249 West 28th st., near 8th av.

FOR SALE—T CART, IN PERFECT ORDER; Brewster, of Broome st. Private stable, No. 7 East 19th st.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

ADVERTISEMENTS ARE RECEIVED FOR THE NEW-YORK TIMES

At the Times Up-Town Office,
No. 54½ West 32d st., junction Broadway and 6th av.,
And the Times West-side Office,
No. 308 West 23d st., corner of 8th av.
NO EXTRA CHARGE WHATEVER.

A SMALL FAMILY, HAVING MORE ROOM than they want, would like to let their third floor, which has all modern improvements, to a party of gentlemen or a gentleman and wife. The location is the finest in the City, on West 42d st., between 5th and 6th avs., opposite the Park. Address OWNER, *Times* Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d st.

FOURTH FLOOR FRONT—LARGE AND SMALL room and back parlor, elegantly furnished, in one of the finest private houses in the City, near Madison square; will be let with board to gentlemen of undoubted reference, who desire an elegant home, and are willing to pay liberally. Address OWNER, Box No. 2,398 New-York Post Office.

NO. 248 LEXINGTON AV.,

Between 34th and 35th sts.

A second floor, of three rooms, to rent from the 1st of May to a family or party of gentlemen; also one hall room. House entirely first-class.

NO. 138 MADISON AV.

Arrangements can be made by the year for parlor and second floor, elegantly furnished, with private table and attendance. House and appointments thoroughly first class.

NO. 124 EAST 24TH ST.,

Near 4th av., handsomely furnished second floor to let, separately or together; also a small room on fourth floor, with first-class board; references.

FIFTH AV.—A PARTY OCCUPYING VERY HANDsome apartments will let the same to a first-class party, with private table, for a few months while absent from the City. Address TRAVELER, Box No. 149 *Times* Office.

FOURTEENTH ST., WEST, NO. 253—TO rent, with board, on moderate terms, to permanent parties on the 1st of May, or sooner if required; a large room on the second floor; also rooms on the third floor; reference required.

OFFICE TO LET, WITH BOARD.—LARGE reception-room for a physician, with room on second or third floors, if desired; ample pantries and water facilities; location excellent. Apply at No. 51 West 36th st.

NO. 76 IRVING PLACE, (GRAMERCY PARK.)—Extra large, handsomely-furnished room, third floor, all improvements; special inducements for season or year; more comfortable and economical than the country; house and table first-class.

NO. 41 WEST 35TH ST.—WILL BE VACANT May 1; two suites, consisting each of three large, high, and airy rooms; arrangements can be made for the Summer or for the year; with or without private table; references exchanged.

NO. 29 WEST 31ST ST.

English-basement house, reception-room and adjoining-room, suitable for physician; also small room on third floor to gentleman, without board; references.

FOURTEENTH ST., NO. 239 WEST.—SUITES OF rooms or singly to let, with board; rooms large and well furnished; table good; family select; no moving. Arrangements for the Summer on reasonable terms.

TWENTY-THIRD ST.—DESIRABLE ROOMS for gentlemen and wives, or gentlemen; board first-class; no moving. Nos. 200 and 202 West 23d.
JOHN P. WORSTELL.

STEVENS BUILDING.—5TH AV., BROADWAY, and 27th st.; elegant apartments to let at reasonable rates. First-class board at a fixed price in the restaurant.

NO. 150 WEST 21ST ST.—A LARGE OR small room on second floor, with all modern conveniences, to rent to gentlemen, without board; family private; references required.

WE OFFER ELEGANTLY FURNISHED ROOMS, single and in suites; prices moderate, at Grand Union Hotel; first-class in all appointments. Park av. and 41st st. G. F. & W. D. GARRISON, Managers.

THREE APARTMENTS IN A FOUR-STORY private house, near 5th av., with or without board. Address M. B., *Times* Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d st.

FIFTH AV., NO. 288.—A PRIVATE FAMILY having more room than they require will let the second floor, en suite or singly, to a party of gentlemen, without board; first-class attendance.

A LARGE HANDSOMELY-FURNISHED second story front and hall room, with good board. No. 36 East 12th st., between University place and Broadway.

TO LET, FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED—Floor desirably located; also single rooms. Apply to E. A. DAILEY, No. 588 6th av., Everett Library Rooms.

PHYSICIAN'S OFFICE AND BEDROOM TO let, handsomely furnished; location and neighborhood first class; immediate possession. Apply at No. 210 West 43d st., near Broadway.

NO. 114 EAST 25TH ST.—A PRIVATE FAMILY having more room than they require, will let second story front room; also smaller rooms to gentlemen; reference.

A PRIVATE FAMILY, OWNING HOUSE, will rent one or two furnished rooms to gentlemen, with or without board; first-class location. No. 107 West 41st st.

NO. 46 EAST 31ST ST.

Handsome suite, with or without private table; permanent board at moderate terms for gentlemen.

NO. 13 PARK AV.,

Desirable rooms from May 1, with board; references.

NOS. 18 AND 20 EAST 28TH ST., BETWEEN Madison and 5th avs., good rooms on second and third floors, with board; table d'hote. H. LEFLER.

FIFTH AV., NO. 295.—MRS. HALL HAS FURnished apartments en suite, arranged for families, to let with private table only, by the season or year.

NO. 12 EAST 17TH ST., NEAR 5TH AV.—TO let, with first-class board, a second floor, with or without private table; references exchanged.

TO LET—IN A PRIVATE FAMILY, LARGE FRONT room, second floor, furnished, southern exposure, with or without breakfast. Call at No. 23 East 24th st.

NO. 16 WEST 24TH ST.—A HANDSOMELY-furnished room on second floor, in a private family of adults, without board, or with breakfast.

TO LET, WITH BOARD—LARGE FRONT ROOM on third floor. No. 155 Madison av.

SUMMER RESORTS.

AT MORRISTOWN, N. J.—GRANDVIEW HOUSE, delightfully situated on the Watuong Mountain, twenty minutes' drive from depot, reopens May 1. This location is unsurpassed for its purity of atmosphere, picturesque scenery, fine drives, and all the advantages of country living. Rooms and cottages can be secured by applying at No. 45 5th av.

A FAMILY RESORT.—BEAUTIFUL LANDSCAPE, groves, drives, gymnasium, &c. "Paradise of America."—*Jenny Lind*, A. D. 1852. Send stamp for "Tourist's Guide" to ROUND HILL HOTEL, Northampton, Mass.

GREAT NECK HOUSE, GREAT NECK LANDing, Long Island, between Whitestone and Sands Point, sixteen miles from City, is now open for permanent and transient guests. Call or address as above.

BOARD AT GLEN RIDGE, CORNWALL, N. Y.—House open from May 1. JAMES G. ROE.

COUNTRY BOARD.

RIVERDALE ON HUDSON—THIRTY-FIVE minutes from Forty-second or Thirtieth Street Depot—To rent, with unexceptionable board, desirable suites of rooms, for the Spring or Summer season; house contains modern improvements, situated on high ground commanding a fine view, with seven acres of land, fine shade-trees and large piazzas. Reference given and required. For particulars apply at No. 135 Madison av., New-York.

AT BUDD'S LAKE.—FIRST-CLASS BOARD IN elegant private house; healthy and delightful location, no mosquitos, beautiful grounds, mountain air, boating, fishing, bathing, and pleasant drives; two hours by Morris and Essex Railroad. Photographs at A. G. DARWIN'S, No. 10 Pine st.

A FAMILY OR GENTLEMAN CAN HAVE fine accommodations, half hour from City; near water, upon high ground, with fine lawns, fruit and shade; stabling if desired. For particulars refer to COLES & HUBBARD, No. 1,292 Broadway.

ELIZABETH, N. J.—HANDSOMELY-FURNISHED rooms within twelve minutes from depot; terms moderate. Apply on premises, Grove st., first house east of Broadway.

PERSONS WISHING COUNTRY BOARD can learn of desirable accommodations by addressing Post Office Box No. 92 Blooming Grove, Orange County, N. Y.

GOOD BOARD AND PLEASANT ROOMS for the season, at Madison, N. J. Address Post Office Box No. 37.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATRE. 14TH ST. AND 6TH AV.

CHAS. CHAMBERLAIN, Jr.........Lessee and Manager

SECOND WEEK of the GRAND PARISIAN FOLLY.
Pantomime—Ballet—Variety.
New features—New faces.

MONDAY EVENING, April 13, and every evening during the week, a new comic pantomime, entitled

THE PHANTOMS.

New tricks by TOM LOVELL and the ALMONTES.

DIANA AND HER PET SATYR;

a new ballet, composed by and produced under the direction of MONS. L. ESPINOSA.

ESPINOSA.....................as the.....................SATYR
His original creation.

MLLE. MARIE BONFANTI as DIANA.

New ballet by MLLE. FREDERIKA and MONS. ELLIOTT.

THE SKATATORIAL DANCERS.

HEER SCHULZE, the MAN OF MASKS AND FACES.

England's CHAMPION SWIMMER, MR. J. B. JOHNSON, three minutes under water.

THE MAN-FLUTE, DON FERRAYRA, in his wonderful vocalisms without the use of any instruments.

SIGNOR CARLO BENEDETTI, the wonder of 1874.

MONS. BECKMANN, the JUGGLER, in new specialties.

THE ROUSSELLS AND ALMONTES in new acrobatic feats, And the

ENTIRE BROWN VELOCIPEDE COMBINATION, including eight lady riders and Prof. Brown in new feats of daring.

The GROUP OF BEAUTY—A TOILET ON THE ROAD.

All in the FOLLY.

Popular prices. Reserved seats, $1 50.

SPECIAL.

Matinées WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS at 1:30 o'clock.

MISS CHARLOTTE CUSHMAN.

MORNING AND EVENING READINGS.

Miss CUSHMAN will have the pleasure to give a series of SIX READINGS AT THE ACADEMY OF MUSIC, as follows:

WEDNESDAY MORNING, APRIL 22.
KING HENRY VIII.

1. Council scene. 2. Trial scene. 3. Downfall of Wolsey. 4. Death of Queen Katharine.

SATURDAY MORNING, APRIL 25.
Miscellaneous selections.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, APRIL 29.
Part 1. Selections from "Macbeth."
Part 2. Miscellaneous.

MONDAY EVENING, MAY 4.
Part 1. Selections from "Romeo and Juliet."
Part 2. Miscellaneous.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, MAY 6.
Part 1. Selections from "Merchant of Venice."
Part 2. Miscellaneous.

SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 9.
Part 1. Selections from "Much Ado About Nothing."
Part 2. Miscellaneous.

Morning readings at 2. Evening readings at 8.

Reserved seats, $1; reserved seats for the series, $5. The sale of seats for the series will commence on MONDAY MORNING, April 13, at 9 o'clock, at Carrillo's stationery store, No. 825 Broadway, near 12th st., and will continue two days. The sale for any of the single readings will commence WEDNESDAY, April 15.

A full programme of the readings may now be had at the store.

GRAND PROMENADE CONCERT

for the benefit of the

NEW-YORK CITY MISSIONS,

Academy of Music, TUESDAY EVENING, April 14, at 8 o'clock. Programme includes Grafulla's Seventh Regiment Band, the Liederkranz Society, and several distinguished artists.

Tickets may be obtained of any of the following-named ladies:

Mrs. Arthur Amory,	Mrs. A. Gracie King,
Mrs. E. M. Archibald,	Mrs. A. R. Lawrence,
Mrs. John J. Astor,	Mrs. W. B. Lawrence,
Mrs. William Astor,	Mrs. Wm. P. Lee,
Mrs. Dr. Barker,	Mrs. E. A. Livingstone,
Mrs. S. L. M. Barlow,	Mrs. Robt. E. Livingston,
Mrs. F. A. P. Barnard,	Mrs. Pierre Lorillard,
Mrs. Jas. H. Beekman,	Mrs. Dr. Montgomery,
Mrs. G. F. Betts,	Mrs. Jas. E. Montgomery,
Mrs. J. W. Chanler,	Mrs. Dr. Morgan,
Mrs. Dr. Cooke,	Mrs. Jame Morris,
Mrs. J. M. Cooper,	Mrs. Wm. H. Morris,
Mrs. S. V. R. Cruger,	Mrs. L. P. Morton,
Mrs. John C. Cruger,	Mrs. E. Oothout,
Mrs. Fred. J. De Peyster,	Mrs. G. W. Pell,
Mrs. W. Butler Duncan,	Mrs. J. Hampden Robb,
Mrs. Wm. M. Evarts,	Mrs. W. Alex. Smith,
Mrs. G. G. Gray,	Mrs. John Steward, Jr.,
Mrs. Dr. Haight,	Mrs. W. Pinckney Stewart.
Mrs. M. Rowland,	Mrs. Paran Stevens,
Mrs. W. A. Hammond,	Mrs. J. Stone,
Mrs. Samuel Irvin,	Mrs. E. W. Stoughton,
Mrs. Richard Irvin, Jr.,	Mrs. F. W. Satterlee,
Mrs. Colford Jones,	Mrs. John Sherwood,
Mrs. Mason Jones,	Mrs. Frederick Sheldon,
Mrs. James L. Jones,	Mrs. L. Tuckerman,
Mrs. Edward R. Jones,	Mrs. Alex. Van Rensselaer,
Mrs. John T. Johnson,	Mrs. W. P. Wainwright,
Mrs. Edward King,	Mrs. Gouv'r M. Wilkins,
Mrs. Lawrence Kipp,	Mrs. Edward Woolsey.

Or, of the managers:

Mr. Arthur Amory,	Mr. Richard Irvin, Jr.,
Mr. James H. Beckman,	Mr. G. L. Kingsland,
Mr. J. Wm. Beekman, Jr.	Mr. W. G. Langdon,
Mr. S. V. R. Cruger,	Mr. Wm. P. Lee,
Mr. F. J. De Peyster,	Mr. C. E. Strong.
Mr. Wm. P. Douglas.	

Mr. JAMES E. MONTGOMERY, Chairman.

For boxes apply to Mr. J. E. Montgomery, No. 74 West 36th st., or No. 202 Broadway, or any of the managers.

CHURCH MUSIC ASSOCIATION.

THURSDAY EVENING, April 16,
FIRST PUBLIC CONCERT,
Given complimentary to their Conductor,
Mr. C. E. HORSELEY,

when his grand cantata of COMUS, with full orchestra, vocal soloists, and the grand chorus of THE CHURCH MUSIC ASSOCIATION, will be given, for THE FIRST TIME IN AMERICA, with selections from his miscellaneous works, including "The Bridal Cantata." Vocal soloists:

Mrs. P. D. GULAGER, Miss SARAH BARRON,
Mr. W. S. LEGGAT, Mr. F. REMMERTZ.

Tickets for the concert, $1; reserved seats, 50 cents extra.

WEDNESDAY, at 3, PUBLIC REHEARSAL.

Admission tickets, 75 cents. Tickets and reserved seats at all the principal music stores, and at the hall day and evening.

ROBINSON HALL. ITALY.

16th st., between Union square and 5th av.
PROF. CROMWELL
has the honor to announce
ITALY, THE ART LAND
as the subject of his grand opening
ART ENTERTAINMENT
TO-NIGHT, APRIL 13, 1874,
beginning at 8 o'clock.
GERMANY TO-MORROW NIGHT.
MATINEE SATURDAY.

THE NEWEST MUSIC.

"Watching," "Darling," and "Longing," three songs by Millard, each 50 cents; "Sailing on the Lake" and "Idol of My Heart," both by Jennie Yeamans, each 40 cents; Mulligan Guard Quadrille, 50 cents; Corn-stalk Galop, Wm. A. Pond, Jr., 50 cents; "Old Black Joe," by Foster, (new edition, with beautiful picture,) 40 cents. WM. A. POND & CO., No. 547 Broadway; branch store, No. 39 Union square.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE.

UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE SPECIAL TAXES, MAY 1, 1874, TO APRIL 30, 1875.

The law of Dec. 24, 1872, requires every person engaged in any business, avocation, or employment which renders him liable to a special tax, to procure and place conspicuously in his establishment or place of business a stamp denoting the payment of said special tax for the special tax year beginning May 1, 1874, before commencing or continuing business after April 30, 1874.

The taxes embraced within the provisions of the law above quoted are the following, viz.:

Rectifiers	$200
Dealers, retail liquor	25
Dealers, wholesale liquor	100
Dealers in malt liquors, wholesale	50
Dealers in malt liquors, retail	20
Dealers in leaf tobacco	25
Retail dealers in leaf tobacco	500
And on sales of over $1,000, fifty cents for every dollar in excess of $1,000	
Dealers in manufactured tobacco	5
Manufacturers of stills	50
And for each still manufactured	20
And for each worm manufactured	20
Manufacturers of tobacco	10
Manufacturers of cigars	10
Peddlers of tobacco, first class, (more than two horses)	50
Peddlers of tobacco, second class, (two horses)	25
Peddlers of tobacco, third class, (one horse)	15
Peddlers of tobacco, fourth class, (on foot or public conveyance)	10
Brewers of less than 500 barrels	50
Brewers of 500 barrels or more	100

Any person, so liable, who shall fail to comply with the foregoing requirements will be subject to severe penalties.

Persons or firms in the First, Second, and Fourth Wards of the City of New-York, liable to pay any of the special taxes named above, must apply to MARSHAL B. BLAKE, Collector of Internal Revenue, at No. 83 Cedar st., and pay for and procure the special-tax stamp or stamps they need, prior to May 1, 1874, and without further notice.

J. W. DOUGLASS, Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

OFFICE OF INTERNAL REVENUE, WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 16, 1874.

NOTICE.

UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE SPECIAL TAXES, MAY 1, 1874, TO APRIL 30, 1875.

Twelfth, Eighteenth, Nineteenth, Twentieth, Twenty-first, and Twenty-second Wards, City of New-York.

The law of Dec. 24, 1872, requires every person engaged in any business, avocation, or employment which renders him liable to a special tax, to procure and place conspicuously in his establishment or place of business, a stamp denoting the payment of said special tax for the special-tax year beginning May 1, 1874, before commencing or continuing business after April 30, 1874.

The taxes embraced within the provisions of the law above quoted are the following, viz.:

Rectifiers	$200
Dealers, retail liquor	25
Dealers, wholesale liquor	100
Dealers in malt liquors, wholesale	50
Dealers in malt liquors, retail	20
Dealers in leaf tobacco	25
Retail dealers in leaf tobacco	500
And on sales of over $1,000, fifty cents for every dollar in excess of $1,000	
Dealers in manufactured tobacco	5
Manufacturers of stills	50
And for each still manufactured	20
And for each worm manufactured	20
Manufacturers of tobacco	10
Manufacturers of cigars	10
Peddlers of tobacco, first class, (more than two horses)	50
Peddlers of tobacco, second class, (two horses)	25
Peddlers of tobacco, third class, (one horse)	15
Peddlers of tobacco, fourth class, (on foot or public conveyance)	10
Brewers of less than 500 barrels	50
Brewers of 500 barrels or more	100

Any person so liable who shall fail to comply with the foregoing requirements will be subject to severe penalties.

Persons or firms liable to pay any of the special taxes named above must apply to me, at No. 927 Broadway, and pay for and procure the special-tax stamp or stamps they need, prior to May 1, 1874, and without further notice.

CHAS. R. COSTER, Collector.

OFFICE OF INTERNAL REVENUE, FOURTH DISTRICT NEW-YORK, April 13, 1874.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY. STRAKOSCH OPERA.

SIX (6) FAREWELL REPRESENTATIONS of the STRAKOSCH GRAND ITALIAN OPERA COMPANY, Commencing NEXT MONDAY EVENING, April 20, at 8 o'clock.

The greatest Operatic Combination in the world.

MME. CHRISTINE NILSSON. MME. PAULINE LUCCA.

Their final appearance before their positive departure.

Prime Donne Soprani,
Mlle. OSTAVA TORRIANI, Mlle. ALICE MARESI.
America's greatest Contralto,
Miss ANNIE LOUISE CARY.
Primo Tenori,
Signor ITALO CAMPANINI, Mr. TOM KARL,
M. VICTOR CAPOUL.
Baritoni,
Signor DEL PUENTE, Herr BLUM.
Bassi,
Signor NANNETTI, Signor SCOLARA, COLETTI.
GRAND CHORUS AND ORCHESTRA.

Musical Director and Conductor..........Signor E. MUZIO

MONDAY EVENING, April 20, at 8 o'clock, FIRST (1st) SUBSCRIPTION NIGHT of this season.

Subscription for six (6) representations will be received this Monday, commencing at 9 A. M., at Academy of Music Box-office, on 14th st.

On Thursday, the 16th, the sale of single nights will commence same place.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC. MURSKA.

ILMA DI MURSKA.
ITALIAN OPERA COMPANY.
POSITIVELY LAST WEEK.
THIS EVENING, (Monday,) April 13,
ILMA DI MURSKA.
LAST NIGHT BUT TWO.
By special request and only time.
LUCIA DI LAMMERMOOR.
ILMA DI MURSKA
in her unrivaled rôle of Lucia.
Signors VERATI, MARI, REINA, &c.
WEDNESDAY, LAST NIGHT BUT ONE.
BENEFIT OF ILMA DI MURSKA.
POSITIVELY LAST TIME OF DINORAH.
FRIDAY, POSITIVELY LAST NIGHT.
SATURDAY, FAREWELL MATINEE.
POPULAR PRICES.

Admission, $1 50; reserved seats, 50 cents and $1 extra, according to location; boxes, $12; family circle, 50 cents; reserved seats, 50 cents extra.

The sale of tickets and seats will commence THIS MORNING at the Academy, Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway, and Rullman's, No. 114 Broadway.

GILMORE'S TWENTY-SECOND REGIMENT BAND.

Armory, 14th st., near 6th av.
WEDNESDAY EVENING, APRIL 15, 1874.
GRAND EXTRA CONCERT.

At the close of the full-dress inspection of the Twenty-second Regiment, which takes place on the above evening, a grand Promenade Concert and soirée dansante will be given by

GILMORE'S TWENTY-SECOND REGIMENT BAND OF SIXTY-FIVE DISTINGUISHED PERFORMERS.

The following programme will be performed DURING INSPECTION.

Gilmore's "Twenty-second Regiment" March to play the companies in line. Appropriate music during the reception of colors. A selection from Wagner's "Lohengrin" during inspection. "Tete de l'Armee" March, dedicated to the Twenty-second Regiment, by H. B. Hart, when passing in review. Also, the "Southern Life" Galop for the double quick. The march "Salute to New-York," by Gilmore, during dress parade, and Helmsmuller's Twenty-second Regiment March to play the companies to quarters.

PROMENADE CONCERT PROGRAMME,

in which the regiment, their friends, and the patrons of the concerts are invited to participate.

1. Overture, "Fra Diavolo"..........Auber
2. Operatic Selection, "Reminiscences"..........Rossini
3. Solo for Cornet, "Leviathan Polka"..........Levy
4. Selection, "La Fille de Mme. Angot"..........Lecocq

SOIREE DANSANTE PROGRAMME.

1. Lanciers, "18th"..........Wiengarten
2. Waltz, "One Thousand and One Nights"..........Strauss
3. Galop, "22d Regiment"..........Hertsh
4. Lanciers, "Perichole"..........Wiegand
5. Waltz, "New Wien"..........Strauss
6. Galop, "Cascaden"..........Parlow
7. Lanciers, "Constellation"..........Wiegand
8. Waltz, "Manuscript"..........Strauss
9. Galop, "En Avant"..........Gung'l

CONDUCTOR..........P. S. GILMORE.

Tickets $1 each—of the members of the regiment and at the door.

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.

PARK THEATRE.
Broadway, between Madison and Union Parks.
Mr. Stuart has the honor to announce that, owing to the
ELABORATE PREPARATIONS
imperative for the preparation of the mise en scène,
the opening of this theatre will be on
MONDAY, APRIL 13,
LOVE'S PENANCE,
adapted from the French by
CHARLES FECHTER.

Seats secured for Thursday, 9th, will be available on Monday, 13th. Those for dates following the 9th will be available for dates following 13th in their respective order.

WALLACK'S.

Proprietor and Manager..........Mr. LESTER WALLACK
Doors open at 7:30. Commences at 8 o'clock.
EVERY EVENING UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE
and
SATURDAY MATINEE,
will be presented Mr. Lester Wallack's Military Drama, in six tableaus, entitled
THE VETERAN.
Mr. LESTER WALLACK
will appear in his original character of
LEON DELMAR.

Mr. JOHN GILBERT, Mr. JOHN BROUGHAM, Mr. E. ARNOTT, Mr. J. B. POLK, Mr. J. W. CARROLL, Mr. E. M. HOLLAND, Mr. G. F. BROWNE, Miss JEFFREYS-LEWIS, Miss EFFIE GERMON, Mme. PONISI, Miss DORA GOLDTHWAITE.

NEW SCENERY, NEW COSTUMES, AND APPOINTMENTS, exceeding in completeness and beauty anything ever produced in this theatre.

BOX-BOOK OPEN TWO WEEKS IN ADVANCE.
CARRIAGES MAY BE ORDERED AT 10:45.

MUSICAL FESTIVAL IN BOSTON.

THIRD TRIENNIAL FESTIVAL OF THE HANDEL AND HAYDN SOCIETY,
May 5 to 10, 1874.
Principal Vocalists:
Miss EDITH WYNNE, Miss ADELAIDE PHILLIPS,
Miss ANNIE L. CARY, Mr. NELSON VARLEY,
Mr. MYRON W. WHITNEY,
AND OTHER EMINENT ARTISTS.
THEODORE THOMAS' SUPERB ORCHESTRA,
and the Society's chorus of
SIX HUNDRED VOICES.

Handel's "Messiah" and in "Judas Maccabæus."
Bach's "Passion Music."
Beethoven's "Ninth Symphony."
Haydn's "Seasons."
Mendelssohn's "Christus" and "Hear My Prayer."
J. K. Paine's "St. Peter."
Dudley Buck's "God is Our Refuge," 46th Psalm, and other celebrated choral and orchestral works.
Nine Concerts, Six of Oratorio, and Three of Symphony.
CARL ZERRAHN, Conductor of the Festival.
B. J. LANG, Organist.

Season Tickets at $15 each, for sale April 9, and single tickets to Oratorios, $1 50 to $2 50; and to Symphony Concerts, $1 to $1 50, for sale April 25.

Orders, accompanied by the money, may be addressed to Mr. A. P. PECK, at the Boston Music Hall.

A. P. BROWNE, Secretary.

FINE ARTS.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.
GREAT EXHIBITION
of
FINE OIL PAINTINGS,
WATER COLORS,
and other
ART WORKS,
belonging to Mr. JOHN SNEDECOR, of this City, now
ON EXHIBITION DAY AND EVENING
at the
SOMERVILLE GALLERY.
ROBERT SOMERVILLE, Auctioneer.

METROPOLITAN MUSEUM OF ART,

No. 128 West 14th st.

Open daily (Sunday excepted) from 10 A. M. until 5 P. M., and on Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday evenings from 7 to 10.

Admission 25 cents. Monday free.

EXCURSIONS.

TO CHARTER FOR EXCURSIONS.—SALOON steamer Wyoming; barges Chicago, Republic, J. B. Baldwin, Sarah Smith, and Caledonia; Oriental Grove, Eagleswood, Excelsior Park, Raritan Beach, and Cold Spring Groves to let. Office, No. 384 West st., opposite Hoboken (upper) Ferry. Open evenings.
H. B. CROSSETT.

BOARD WANTED.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—FROM MAY 1, and not more than one hour from Wall st., for gentleman, wife, and five children, aged four, six, eight, ten, and twelve years; terms must be moderate, and where there are no other boarders preferred. Address, with full particulars, to J. C., Post Office Box No. 359 New-York.

WANTED—FROM THE 1ST OF MAY, TWO large lighted rooms, with board, for gentleman and wife; house must be well located; small family preferred; price not to exceed $25 a week. Address M. M. M., *Times* Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d st.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—BOARD IN A farm-house among the Berkshire Hills for two persons; references given and required. Address, stating price of board, situation, &c., A., Box No. 3,893 New-York Post Office.

BOARD WANTED IN A PRIVATE FAMILY, where lessons in French and music would be taken in partial payment; references. Address A. B., No. 54½ West 32d st.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

SONGS of GRACE & GLORY

The very best Sunday-School Song Book. By W. F. SHERWIN and S. J. VAIL. 160 pages Splendid Hymns, Choice Music, Tinted Paper, Superior Binding. Price in Boards, 35c.; $30 per 100. A Specimen Copy in Paper Cover mailed, (*as soon as issued,*) on receipt of Twenty-five Cents. ☞ Orders filled in turn. READY MAY 1. HORACE WATERS & SON, No. 481 Broadway, New-York.

TOPOGRAPHICAL ATLAS OF THE CITY OF New-York, showing old water courses, and including annexed territory, for sale at No. 284 Broadway.

SAFES.

ONE OF HERRING'S $300 SAFES, IN PERfect order, for sale low. Apply second floor, front of No. 15 Broad st., City.

AMUSEMENTS.

FIFTH AVENUE THEATRE.

28TH ST., NEXT BROADWAY. BEGINS AT 8.
Carriages may be ordered for 10:30. Box-sheet open from 8 A. M. till 10 P. M.
Mr. AUGUSTIN DALY..........Proprietor and Manager.

MONDAY, APRIL 13,
LAST PERFORMANCE
of
CHARITY and MY UNCLE'S WILL.

TUESDAY NIGHT,
April 14,
FIRST TIME IN AMERICA
of
MONSIEUR ALPHONSE,

the reigning sensation in Paris, and the crowning work of ALEXANDER DUMAS, the famous author of CAMILLE. MONSIEUR ALPHONSE has already been acted 150 nights in Paris, and is still the chief dramatic incident in the French capital. It will be produced, after weeks of preparation, with

THE MOST ELABORATE DETAIL
of
SCENERY, TOILETTE, GARNITURE, and CAST.

Capt. MONTAGLIN, one Man in Ten Thousand..........Mr. CHARLES FISHER
Monsieur OCTAVE, one Man of Many..........Mr. GEORGE CLARKE
IOVIN, on the trail of Monsieur Alphonse..........Mr. JAMES LEWIS
REMY, an old hulk, laid up for coast duty..........Mr. FRANK HARDENBERG
RAYMONDE, an old man's Darling and a young man's Slave..........Miss ADA DYAS
Mme. GUICHARD, "Born So"..Miss FANNY DAVENPORT
MANON, a peasant..........Mrs. G. H. GILBERT
BONETTE, her daughter..........Miss NINA VARIAN
ADRIENNE, one of the Nameless..........BIJOU HERON

Act I. Noon! M. Alphonse abducts the little savage, and Captain Montaglin gives her a home.

Act. II. Afternoon! The truth is revealed! Shall he Kill her, or shall he Pardon her?

Act III. Evening! Mme. Guichard places herself on the public records, and is deceived for the last time by M. Alphonse!

A MATINEE
of
MONSIEUR ALPHONSE
on
SATURDAY AT 1:30.

UNION SQUARE THEATRE.

Begins at 8; over at 11. Saturday Matinee at 1:30.
Proprietor..........Mr. SHERIDAN SHOOK
Manager..........Mr. A. M. PALMER

THIS WEEK.

130th to 137th

PERFORMANCE AND UNDIMINISHED SUCCESS of the new play,

LED ASTRAY,

By Octave Feuillet and Dion Boucicault.

There is no DIMINUTION in the interest of the public in this MOST CHARMING PLAY, the house being crowded to the doors at every performance.

SATURDAY, April 18, at 1:30,
20TH MATINEE
OF LED ASTRAY.

Wednesday evening, April 15, an entirely new and elegant scene, painted by Mr. Marston, for the fourth act of this play, will be set for the first time.

Seats may be secured two weeks in advance.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE. FLORENCES.

Admission, 50 cents; reserved seats, 50 cents and $1 extra; family circle, 30 cents.

FOR THE WEEK ENDING APRIL 18,

☞ EILEEN OGE, ☜

and the

☞ TICKET-OF-LEAVE MAN, ☜

on alternate nights,

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. FLORENCE

appearing in the characters which have so greatly contributed to their renown.

EILEEN OGE—MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, and FRIDAY EVENINGS, and SATURDAY MATINEE.

TICKET-OF-LEAVE MAN—TUESDAY, THURSDAY, and SATURDAY EVENINGS.

BOOTH'S THEATRE. Lessee, J. B. BOOTH.

POSITIVELY LAST SIX NIGHTS OF THE ENGAGEMENT OF THE UNIVERSAL FAVORITE, THE PEERLESS LOTTA, WHO WILL APPEAR EVERY EVENING THIS WEEK AND SATURDAY MATINEE AT 1:30, AS ZIP! ZIP! ZIP!

In F. Marsden's comic drama in four acts entitled ZIP, OR POINT LYNDELIGHT!

NEW SCENERY AND STARTLING EFFECTS.

ON MONDAY EVENING, APRIL 20, 1874,
MISS NEILSON
Will commence a brief engagement for
TWO WEEKS ONLY,
And will appear in her great rôle of
JULIET.

Seats secured in advance at the theatre, and at the music store of C. H. Ditson & Co., No. 711 Broadway.

728 B'WAY. GEO. L. FOX'S BROADWAY THEATRE. 730 B'WAY.

J. A. SWALM..........Proprietor
GEO. L. FOX..........Manager
Acting Manager..........GEO. H. TYLER
Treasurer..........M. L. SUTTON

GLORIOUS SUCCESS. HOUSES CROWDED.
SHOUTS OF LAUGHTER. THUNDERS OF APPLAUSE.
The Great Grimaldi,
GEO. L. FOX,
in his Great Comic Trick Pantomime of
HUMPTY DUMPTY AT HOME,
Introducing his
WORLD OF WONDERS.

EVE. at 8. MAT's at 2.

LADIES' and CHILDREN'S MATINEES
TUESDAYS at 2. THURSDAYS at 2. SATURDAYS at 2.

WOOD'S MUSEUM. E. L. DAVENPORT.

MONDAY and TUESDAY, APRIL 13 and 14.

EVENING AT 8. MR. AND MRS. E. L. DAVENPORT, in the romantic Drama of ST. MARC, the SOLDIER OF FORTUNE.

AFTERNOON AT 2. Dramatization of the celebrated *Ledger* story, entitled THE HIDDEN HAND. Cast to the strength of entire Company.

Wednesday and Thursday. } The great sensation Drama
Saturday Matinee } OLIVER TWIST.

FRIDAY EVENING, Benefit of Mr. E. L. DAVENPORT. Comedy of A NEW WAY TO PAY OLD DEBTS.

SIR GILES OVERREACH..........Mr. E. L. DAVENPORT

SATURDAY NIGHT, Shakespeare's tragedy of MACBETH.

NIBLO'S GARDEN. MAYO.

LAST NIGHTS. LAST NIGHTS.
FRANK MAYO..........as..........DAVY CROCKETT
FRANK MAYO..........as..........DAVY CROCKETT

"A comparison picture to Rip Van Winkle."

Miss ROSA RAND..........as..........ELEANOR VAUGHN

SATURDAY MATINEE AT 1:30.

THURSDAY EVENING, April 16, Grand Charity Benefit, under direction L'Union Francaise Lodge, No. 17, F. and A. M.

COLOSSEUM. COLOSSEUM.

Broadway and 35th st. 35th st. and Broadway.

This is the LAST WEEK OF PARIS BY NIGHT, that wondrous illusion which has been declared by 300,000 visitors to be the most perfect in the world.

The building is open from 1 to 5 and from 7 to 10 P. M.

LONDON IN 1874 will be produced April 20.

Broadway and 35th st. 35th st. and Broadway.
COLOSSEUM. COLOSSEUM.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.

ADMISSION, 30c. and 50c.; reserved seats, $1.

AND FAMILY AMUSEMENTS EVERY EVENING at 8 o'clock, and WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY MATINEES at 2 o'clock.

BEWILDERING VARIETY EASTER WEEK.

Twenty-five new Novelty, Specialty and CHARACTER ARTISTS.

Old favorites in new scenes, sketches and novelties. Box-book open.

Wonders of the Novelty World!

DAN BRYANT'S MINSTRELS 23D ST.

Every evening at 8. Saturday matinee at 2. Crowded with fashionable and delighted audiences. Two hours' fun. All new acts. Dan Bryant, Unsworth, Eugene, Hart, Reed, Seymour.

SINGIN SKULE

OF YE OLDEN TIME.
AUNT POLLY BASSET,
Ye Skule Marm,

will be at ye McDougall Street Baptist Meetin House on ye 14th of April, 1874, with a goodlie companie of boys and girls, young men and maidens, in ancient costumes.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.

THE VETERAN POLKA and THE LOVE WALTZ, both by Thomas Baker, played with great success. Price, (with picture titles,) 55 cents.

WM. A. POND & CO., No. 547 Broadway, New-York.

Branch store No. 39 Union square.

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN, CORner 23d st. and 4th av.—Forty-ninth Annual Exhibition of Paintings and Sculptures, now open day and evening. Admission, 25 cents.

MEETINGS.

NOTICE.

To the Master Mechanics of New-York.

An adjourned meeting of the master mechanics of all branches interested in the construction of buildings will be held at the Mechanics' and Traders' Exchange, No. 26 Murray st., on TUESDAY, April 14, 1874, at 2 P. M. All are invited, as business of vital importance to the building interests will be transacted.

JOSEPH SMITH, Chairman.
CHARLES E. HUME, Secretary.

LECTURES.

TWO LECTURES.—ON MONDAY EVENING, April 13, 1874, by Rev. JOSEPH BARKER, (the once famous infidel leader and debater,) at the Hall of the Young Men's Christian Association, corner Fulton and Gallatin place, Brooklyn. Subject—FROM CHRISTIANITY TO INFIDELITY AND BACK AGAIN. Also, WEDNESDAY EVENING, April 15, at the same place. Subject—ATHEISM; WHAT CAN IT SAY FOR ITSELF? Doors open at 7, lectures at 8 o'clock. Admission to each lecture, 50 cents. Mr. Barker also lectures at the Association Hall, New-York, on THURSDAY, April 16.

THE CHURCHES YESTERDAY.

PULPIT DISCOURSES IN BRIEF.

THE TRUE SPIRIT OF CHRISTIANITY—SERMON BY REV. HENRY WARD BEECHER.

Rev. Henry Ward Beecher preached yesterday morning at Plymouth Church from the familiar text taken from St. Luke, "Behold the kingdom of God is within you." The same declaration, he observed, ran through the whole of the New Testament, and in a different form the truth was known in the Old Testament. The power of life did not lie in external things, but in the internal natures and dispositions of men, and there was great emphasis laid upon this by Christ and the apostles. The apostle says that the kingdom of God was not the mere instrument of worship, but that righteousness and right living which was peace and joy in the Holy Ghost. And then, as if with an eye to the thousand and one sects which prevail, each one claiming everbody, and asserting that no one will be saved outside of it, he says, "He that in these things serveth Christ is acceptable to God and approved of men." He, then, that had this right inward disposition was orthodox, put him in whatever sect you please. Place the diamond in whatever settings fancy suggests, and it is still a diamond, and put that man who has the spirit of Christ predominant in him in any sect, he did not care by what it was termed, and it was not the sect, but the Christ-like disposition, which made him approved by men and accepted by God. The kingdom of God was not in the belief, though it may be ministered by it, but it was in the power; it was in the living force of a living man. When the living force was inspired by God and moved according to the divine disposition, then that was the kingdom of God, and that was the power in which the kingdom consisted. There was something in this declaration of the apostle, namely, the localization of the individual. We were accustomed to hear that the kingdom of God was in the Church; he hoped it was, but the Church was not the kingdom. No association of good men was exclusively and distinctively a kingdom. The kingdom of God established itself in the individual, and when a person possessed joy and love and peace there was the kingdom of God. They would observe how, without ostentation, in the New Testament the unit was shifted. In the times of the Hebrews and Romans the family was a unit, and all were obliged to suffer for the guilt of an individual member of it; but the New Testament taught each one for himself, and in the language of the Apostle, "every one of us shall give an account of himself unto God." So each man was looked upon as an emperor, each individual was a kingdom, and, when rightfully constructed and disposed, was the kingdom of God and the kingdom of heaven. This kingdom did not exist in any man by nature, but was the result of discipline, instruction, and influences of a thousand kinds, which were begun and carried forward in this life, but only perfected in the life to come. Men were taught that they inherited, among other things, from the fall of their great ancestor a want of righteousness. Whatever Adam had to do with it, that was true, but it was also true man was born devoid of all physical and mental excellences. They begin right below, and then quietly develop and rise up, step by step, not merely in righteousness, but in all physical qualities. Men developed differently because there was a potential force that was different proportionately in different individuals, and in this work of building up the kingdom of God, each man was required to develop and establish that kingdom in himself. In the spiritual development there was a distinctive peculiarity, namely, that there was given to us in our higher nature a central and sovereign disposition, which, when applied, regulated and controlled all other elements. This was the great central element of love, of which the Scripture was so full and theology so empty. The true work of life was the development of those divine dispositions of the soul, and we do not come to them by chance, but by choice. If any man supposed that men were born into life absolutely good, he knew nothing about human nature. Morality was indispensable to spirituality, but of itself it was only an external standard. Love was the great moving force in material and spiritual things, and was productive of the greatest and best good. He felt they were approaching a new dispensation, not a new sect. If there was anything he abhorred it was a sect bearing his own name, for all sects were subservient to the name of Jesus. His own life was quickly passing, his years were few and mostly spent, and he was not far from seeing Him whose name was the beacon star of his life, and he fervently prayed that in the Heavenly Kingdom they would all meet to enjoy eternal peace and rest.

ST. ANN'S ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH—REV. THOMAS PRESTON ON RESURRECTION.

During the high mass celebrated at St. Ann's Roman Catholic Church, on East Twelfth street, yesterday morning, Rev. Father Preston, the pastor, preached from the gospel of the day on the Resurrection. The resurrection of the body, he said, had been denied by some of our philosophers. Those men say that when we die that is the end of our mortal frame. There were even many members of the Christian faith who entertained vague and uncertain views about this mystery. It was, therefore, important that we should know and understand what we are to believe with regard to the resurrection of our bodies. By the resurrection of the body we mean the restoration of the body which dies, resurrection meaning to restore it again, in all that relates to its identity. There are those who say that there is a natural body and a spiritual body. But if there could be a spiritual body in that meaning it would involve a contradiction of terms. There could not be any such thing as a spiritual body. No doubt the body will be spiritualized, but it will not be by such a change as will destroy that body; for, if God is to restore our bodies at all, He must restore all the particles that make up our identity. We know that our souls are spiritual, because they can think and reason, and matter cannot do either. But our reason goes still further. God does not punish sin nor reward virtue adequately in this life, and if the body has been the companion of the soul in its guilt or in its virtuous actions, it is reasonable to conclude that it must also share with it an eternal reward or punishment. We are not all spirit, but consist of a double nature, and we not only sin with the soul, but with the body also, the members of which become the instruments of our sin. We can never, therefore, be rightly rewarded or rightly punished, except in that body which has been the companion of our sinful or virtuous actions. Job spoke clearly of the resurrection when he beheld his own body turned into a mass of corruption: "I know that I have a Redeemer, and I know that my Redeemer liveth, and that He shall stand up in the last day, and that in my flesh I shall see God." And St. Paul, in his Epistle to the Corinthians, says that "if there be no resurrection from the dead then is Christ not risen." But we had still clearer proof of the resurrection of the body in the example of those who were raised from the dead by the apostles and by Christ himself, and that they were raised with the same bodies there could be no doubt, since their friends knew them. Nothing, then, was more certain than that we should all rise again with the same bodies we had in this life. "But," says the philosopher, "You assert an impossibility. I assert that that body never continues the same, that during this life it is continually changing, and that after several years it will not contain one particle it had, and that when it shall die it will not be the same body it was when it came into the world." In answer he would say that science knew very little, and that of all its reasonings, however luminous they may be to the philosopher, they were as nothing when compared to the plain word of God. He denied in the name of science, as well as in the name of reason, that any changes the body might undergo would destroy its identity. Our bodies may change in various ways, but they are to ourselves and to others still the same as they always were. God has said that we shall rise again, and if He is not able to take care of the essential particles of which our bodies are composed, He is not God.

CHURCH OF THE MESSIAH—SERMON BY REV. W. H. CUDWORTH.

Rev. W. H. Cudworth, of Boston, preached yesterday morning at the Church of the Messiah, on the subject: "Yearning for God the universal instinct of mankind." He took his text from Psalms, xlii, 1: "As the hart panteth after the water brooks, so panteth my soul after thee, O God." There was, he said, an intensity of feeling expressed in the verse mentioned, which proved that it was not an utterance of spiritual inspiration but a common conviction. Unless there had been a conviction, there could have been no inspired action. It was the expression on the part of the Psalmist, of an intense longing for God. It was the universal expression of His children. It exists now in every nation; wherefore, we conclude by analogy that it will exist until the end of time. We conclude that in Him we live, and move, and have our being. Prof. Tyndall had said that he could follow a beam of light until it struck the retina, but no further. How that light was transferred to the brain was beyond his reasoning. And God alone could explain how that ray of light could reach the brain. It was a mistake to suppose that the ancients worshiped idols of wood and stone, and metal, for themselves alone. There were men of intelligence in those days, as at the present time. They worshiped them because they embodied something that represented a power. It was not the idols that they worshiped. Among the ancient Greeks was the same perception of the Divine power. St. Paul said to the men of Athens, "For as I passed by I found an altar with this inscription, 'To the unknown God, whom, therefore, ye ignorantly worship, Him declare I unto you.'" These people did not worship the altar for itself; it was because, after all the forms that had been embodied, it was realized that there was something beyond, that an altar was erected to an unknown God. When St. Paul came with his wisdom he preached to them, "Whom ye therefore worship ignorantly I declare unto you." Scarcely anything could be found more applicable than that sentence, "God in whom we live, and move, and have our being." We are so constituted that we cannot look at God in the same manner, and we must reconcile ourselves to the different ideas and conceptions which people have of Him. As an instance, if a visit were made to our public libraries we should find a number of men reading. On glancing over the shoulders of each we should find one reading poetry—another history—a third would be engaged in the perusal of some philosophical work. What folly it would be to take the books of their own selection from them, and compel them to read a work repugnant to their tastes because we liked it better. When Summer comes and a general exodus from the City takes place, one party seeks recreation at the sea-side, another in the mountains, and others travel in foreign lands. Would it not be an act of injustice to compel all to seek amusement in our way? These illustrations would apply to religion. It would be just as reasonable to expect all people to seek their amusement in one spot, or to read the same book, as to expect them to believe in one particular form of religion. Yearning for God is common to all. To this God responds in a manner suited to the instinct of that yearning. The preacher had often, when standing on the sea-shore in the evening, observed the ray from some distant light-house as it danced over the waves until it reached a point at his feet. On looking toward his companions on either side, he had observed that they were apparently in darkness. And yet on approaching them, he would find a ray of light from the same source extended to them. Thus it occurred to him that this illustration would apply to religion. While we should be faithful to our own consciences, we should at the same time be charitable toward our brethren of a different belief. Reflection had taught the preacher that there were five different forms of religion, equally entitled to consideration. Those who long for God through His attributes, these were Radical; those who saw God in His work, or the Naturalists; those who worshiped Him through Christ, the Christians; those who love Him for the impressions His spirit produces upon them is illustrated in the Quakers and the Pietists, when no effect is produced but rhapsody. Yearning for God was next manifested in the study of His works by those who see Him in Nature and in the laboratory—that class of people who were always busy carrying on a study of the heavens or the earth. The preacher next related a story of the late Prof. Agassiz, who was once in a boat on Lake Champlain, when a storm arose, during which, while rapidly returning to the shore, he discovered a "specimen," which he retained in his hand. Shortly afterward his boat was overturned, and some difficulty was experienced by his companions in rescuing the old gentleman from the water. During the excitement he clung tightly to his treasure, and his first exclamation on reachidg *terra firma* was one of joy that he had not lost his "specimen." Such was the religion of the naturalist, who loved the works of God, above all things else. Prof. Agassiz, said the preacher, never commenced a new research without first invoking the blessing of God upon his labors. To the mind of the preacher the most satisfactory religion was Christianity. He felt that his whole being was with God. The Sermon on the Mount produced in him the most exquisite delight. He felt as did the apostles when Christ was near them, and they knew Him not. The apostles said: "Did not our hearts burn within us" at the words he spoke? One of the reasons why Christianity was the true religion was shown in the fact that wherever it was acknowledged and practiced, there would be found the most talented and cultivated people; people of ascetic tastes, and possessing the highest standard of morality. In conclusion, the preacher exorted his hearers to keep their lights burning clear and bright, that the people of the country might see their good works, and glorify their Father who was in heaven, until the world should become enlightened and they should say, we are brothers; we are sisters; all differences are forgotten; we have become one in God.

ST. JOHN'S M. E. CHURCH—CONFERENCE SERVICES—SERMON BY BISHOP PECK.

The services at St. John's M. E. Church, yesterday, in connection with the session of the New-York Conference, commenced at 9 A. M., with a "love-feast," after which, at 10:30, Bishop Jesse T. Peck delivered a sermon, making his text Psalms ciii., 1: "Holiness becomes Thy house, O Lord, forever." We may raise three questions, he observed, in connection with the holiness of the church, and these questions of its constitution were fitness, privilege, and power. The requisites of fitness he defined as a keeping of the words of God Himself. "Love the Lord, thy God, with thy whole strength and thy whole mind, and thy neighbor as thyself for the love of God," or, in other words, a love of man for man, and a holy purpose of benevolence, such as will arise from a heart thoroughly imbued with divine love, and not that merely included in social equity. The powers and privileges were the facts and principles to be used by man in the government of the church. For the proper exercise of this discretionary power left to man by God it is necessary that pure motives should accompany the actions of its officers in the methods of administering its laws.

At the conclusion of the sermon, the ordination of the deacons elected at Saturday's session of the conference took place. The ceremony although short, was very impressive. The candidates, nine in number, were placed in a line facing the pulpit, and after the usual solemn questions the Bishop placed his hands upon the head of each in turn, at the same time pronouncing the ordination by saying, "Take thou authority to execute the office of deacon in the Church of God, in the name of the Father, and in the name of the Son, and in the name of the Holy Ghost, Amen." The newly-ordained deacons then knelt at the foot of the altar while the bishop offered up a heartfelt prayer for their spiritual and temporal welfare.

The anniversary of the New-York Conference Temperance Society was held last evening in St. John's Methodist Episcopal Church. The building was completely filled. The speakers were Rev. W. P. Abbott, Rev. C. D. Foss, D. D., Mrs. Wittenmeyer, and the Secretary of the society, who prefaced the proceedings with a recital of the work of the past year. The society now numbers 270 members, composed almost exclusively of ministers of the Church. Three conventions were held during the year, one at Ellenville, one at Cold Spring, and one at Pine Plains. At the Ellenville Convention resolutions were adopted asking for the organization of auxiliary societies in all the churches, which has been done to a great extent. Rev. Mr. Abbott, after dwelling upon the universal misery and crime caused by intemperance, said he felt assured that a successful overthrow of the cause could not be effected as long as the Government upholds the traffic in alcoholic drinks. But if human effort failed he trusted that God, in His infinite mercy, would, in His own good time, strike the blow for the total destruction of intemperance. Dr. Foss spoke upon the despair and hope attendent upon temperance reformation; the despair based upon the almost incurable appetite of some men for drink and the pecuniary interest of others, and the hope based upon the helps that we are to look at to put these down. For this purpose law has attempted to come to the aid of the temperance cause, moral suasion has been employed, and the great power of the press has been invoked, but with little avail. The great hope must be in God, for His seal is set on the movement as His seal was set on Christianity on the day of Pentecost. In regard to the woman's movement in the West, he thought that it was at least a great revival, whatever may have have been its failures and faults. For his part, if the same measures should be adopted here by the women, he would not put a straw in their way. Mrs. Wittenmeyer spoke, confining her remarks to the discussion of the woman's movement. She had heard of repeated instances of noble self-sacrifice in woman, but never was it recorded in the history of the world where women stood alone with God in the work of humanity. She believed that great results would come out of the present agitation.

THE NEW-YORK EAST METHODIST CONFERENCE—ORDINATIONS AND SERMONS.

Yesterday the Simpson Methodist Episcopal Church, Willoughby avenue, was densely crowded at the morning and evening services, not only by residents of the "City of Churches," but New-Yorkers as well. Indeed, a considerable time before service began it was hard to procure a seat. In the morning the following gentlemen were admitted as deacons: Brothers J. L. Langley, T. W. Bethel Howe, W. S. Parkington, Marnick, Nelson, Parker, Matthews. An appropriate sermon was delivered by Bishop Wiley, on the duties of the ministry and missionary work. In the evening the Pastor, Rev. R. W. Davis, introduced Rev. Dr. Eddy. He said the missionary cause was a great one; that it was a gratification to look into the Old and New Testament, and see the outline posts pointing out what should be done and avoided. When the Lord shall be satisfied, what a grand, splendid world it would be! How one would like to witness the millions multiplied by millions of men who will all know God. Then, he said, Christ shall complete His great work by coming and slaying death. When the world of human beings shall stand on the edge of eternity, and at that almighty word, the trumpet's sound, all shall be precipitated into eternity. This, he said, will not occur until all are brought to God. There are three stages in Christianity: toleration, equalization, and spiritualation. In Christ's time he had to ask for toleration, and in every development of Christianity it was required. Methodists, he said, in the old country were obliged to seek for it, for there they were not recognized by the law. The one granted, the others follow. The Church is not yet fit to grasp the sceptre of earthly rule, but will yet. Then the wisdom and understanding which is characteristic of it, and the foundation on which society should rest, will be paramount. Christianity to man is as the light of heaven to the eye. He depends on revelation and religion, and they develop the latent faculties of the soul and mind. How grand it would be to see Christianity ruling, and there is evidence to prove it must and will. God favers it, his finger is there, and the success of missionaries, notwithstanding all difficulties, proves it. The opportunity for carrying it on depends on the ability and willingness of the individual. Here he entered into the necessity of good intentions and the mind keeping together. The missionary who went forth at the command of his Master, with the promise that He would be with him all days, encourages him to rebuke, entreat, and exhort all men in all places, for Christ died for all. God does not require impossibilities, and men are ready to worship when their hearts are touched. The trouble, he said, was not with infidels, but with those who, through superstition and ignorance, had too many gods. The work must be carried on, and the same power which helped the Apostles is still in our midst. The Church will not want. It supplies its agents, and if necessity required, what was done without colleges, missionary societies, &c., would again be renewed.

The influences of Christianity make men walk more secure, sober, industrious. Commerce cannot extensively exist where Christianity is not. The man who does not encourage it is no man, as he lives on it. If justice were done, every such man should pay for Christianity. This he illustrated by stating that a family becoming Methodists became wealthy.

Prof. Butts was next introduced, and said that true religion was the simple Gospel of Jesus Christ. He urged the necessity of Christians supporting their church. The heathens of China paid $150,000,000 toward their religion. He pointed out the labors, persecutions, and martyrdom apostles of religion underwent, and instanced Bishop Coke's life and sacrifices, who cared only for souls.

The next speaker was Chaplain McCabe, who spoke on missionary labors.

EASTER IN THE GREEK CHURCH—SERMON BY FATHER BJERRING.

Yesterday was Easter Sunday according to the chronology of the Orthodox Greek Church, and the joyous festival was celebrated with imposing ceremonies at the Greek Chapel, on Second avenue, near Fifty-first street. At the termination of the forty days' fast, which is observed with extreme rigor, the Greek Church prepares herself for the celebration of Easter by a series of services during Holy Week. On Thursday and Saturday the Holy Liturgy was celebrated, and on Friday evening, corresponding with Good Friday, a service in remembrance of the death of the Redeemer was performed. Long before the hour announced for the commencement of service yesterday, the little chapel was filled to overflowing, many persons being unable to obtain admittance to the room. A large number of those present, including several ladies, stood all through the long service. The absolute necessity for a more commodious house of worship was more than ever manifest from the manner in which the chapel was yesterday packed. On ordinary Sundays the "holy door," which separates the holy place from the choir and congregation, opens and shuts alternately during certain portions of the service, but yesterday it remained open all day, and will so continue during this week. At the opening of the services Father Bjerring, bearing in his hands a golden crucifix, a censer, and a triple candelabrum, containing lighted tapers, proceeded, amid clouds of incense from the altar toward the congregation, swinging the censer and repeating the joyful greeting, "Christ is risen," the choir responding, "Truly risen!" The Gospel of the day was taken from the first chapter of St. John, from the first to the seventeenth verses. The choir, consisting of six Russian gentlemen, under the leadership of Mr. Peroff, the reader, sang the Creed, the "Cherubim Hymn," and a number of psalms in the Sclavonic tongue with very fine effect. The numerous responses during the service were admirably chanted. Father Bjerring took as his text for his Easter discourse the first verse of the Gospel of the day: "In the beginning was the word, and the word was with God, and the word was God." After alluding to the joyful festival of the Resurrection which the church that day celebrated, and explaining the doctrine of the Trinity, he urged his congregation to benefit by the light which the risen Lord so abundantly sheds upon them. "Let your festive joy," he said, "be spiritual, pure, peaceful, and exalting to your souls. When, learning from the wise virgins, the people in Russia at midnight with lighted tapers surround and fill their churches; when they devote to glorification the early hours of the morn taken from their sleep, then, indeed, they show a sign of pure and spiritual joy. When they offer each other the kiss of peace, then have they a sign of peaceful joy. When the lips and ears of all resound with the names of Christ and the Resurrection, then is this an expression of joy which elevates the soul where the risen One reigns. He alone possesses the perfect gladness of Christ's resurrection who is risen himself inwardly with Christ. A festive gladness, which grows forgetful of the cross and death of Christ, calling upon us to crucify the flesh with its desires and lusts, is in danger to end in the flesh that which was begun in the spirit. Your feast should resemble that of the angels. He who celebrates it with love to God and to the risen Christ, and in a spirit of brotherly love to his neighbor, celebrates it in communion with the church of heaven. He who merges his spiritual gladness and buries it in carnal joy, no longer celebrates it with the angels. Oh, Christ our Savior! grant us to glorify Thee upon earth with a pure heart and mind. Amen!"

ANNIVERSARY OF THE M. E. CHURCH EDUCATION SOCIETY.

The anniversary meeting of the New-York Education Society of the Methodist Episcopal Church was held yesterday in the Free Tabernacle, Thirty-fourth street, near Eighth avenue. Mr. Oliver Hoyt presided. After the singing of "Coronation" by the congregation, and prayer by Rev. Mr. Smith, the report of the Secretary, Rev. A. D. Vail, was presented. The report stated that the society was composed of ministers and lawyers in the New-York Conference, and is designed to aid young men preparing for the ministry in their collegiate education. There are now sixteen young men pursuing their studies in the different colleges under the auspices of this society. A rule of the society obliges the young men to stand in the first half of their class in order to receive aid from the society, and during their time of studies notes for the money lent them are taken from these students, on the understanding that when they enter the ministry the notes are canceled by that act. During the past year $874 was raised by the conference for the use of the society.

Rev. Dr. J. H. Hurst, President of Drew Theological Seminary, made an address on "The Preacher of the Future." Dwelling upon the knowledge which the coming preacher needs, he said that more than half of the young men in the Methodist Church who are looking toward the ministry are poor, and have no means to educate themselves, and it was very necessary that they should be well qualified for their duties.

Rev. E. O. Haven, Secretary of the Board of Education of the Methodist Episcopal Church, said that humanity in the mass is now far superior to what it ever has been. Whole races have been raised from bondage, not by science alone, but by the Gospel, and the men in the pulpit are the leaders of thought. The priesthood, therefore, should be cultivated. It is true that nearly all the young men studying for the ministry are poor; but nearly all young men are poor, and it is a very insignificant minority of them who have anything beyond what they earn. The young men do not go into the ministry as junior preachers with a senior associate, but on being taken on trial are immediately sent out as pastors to congregations. These young men are not paupers, but they simply ask that the wealthy churches help them prepare for the life-long work.

The meeting concluded with devotional services.

UNITED STATES COAST SURVEY.

IMPORTANT TO MARINERS—A SHOAL SPOT DISCOVERED IN SAN FRANCISCO BAY.

In the detailed survey of San Francisco Bay, by assistant Gershom Bradford, a ridge having less than seven fathoms of water upon it has been developed. The ridge stretches in an irregular curved line frm the north-west point of Alcatraz Island to the eastern end of the Presidio Shoal, and has an average width of 700 yards within the seven fathom line. The depth of water upon it is not regular, and the shoalest spot yet discovered has but four fathoms of water, over gravelly bottom, at the mean of the lowest tides; but at the lowest spring-tides there will be only twenty-two feet upon it. This spot lies in the regular track of vessels, and is a danger to those of large draught. It is about 100 yards long, and the water around it deepens gradually to six fathoms south by west and north by east. It lies south 59° east (south-east by east ¼ east) by compass, distant 790 yards from Bird Rock; and south 62° west (south-west by west ½ west) by compass, distant 1,260 yards from Alcatraz Light. The following ranges also locate it: Shag Rock on with the eastern tangent of Peninsula Point; and Boneta Light over the first small rise back of the brow of Point Diablo. The range Boneta light and the extremity of Point Diablo passes one-fifth of a mile south of the shoal spot. Work upon this locality has not yet been completed by the Survey Commission.

LABOR TOPICS.

Under the auspices of the German Working Men's Central Organization a mass-meeting of the German-speaking branches of the trades was held at the Germania Assembly Rooms yesterday. The object of the meeting was to devise means to give a new impulse to German trades organizations, and nearly all branches of the trades were represented. Addresses were delivered by Messrs. Homrichhausen, Burk, Vogt, and others, in which the present condition of the trades was briefly reviewed.

The names were taken of those present who desired to join any of the existing trade organizations, and further action was referred to a committee appointed for that purpose. The German machinists held a quarterly meeting and the manager of the Machinists' Exchange reported that only one member was at present out of employment. The receipts of the society during the past quarter amounted to $336, of which amount $290 was paid out in aid of members out of employment during the Winter. The funds remaining in the hands of the society amount to $1,416.

At a meeting of the Custom Tailors' Union it was reported that all the firms have returned to the old rate of wages, which, owing to the financial crash last Fall, was somewhat reduced during the Winter season.

The cloth hat and cap makers, who a few months since had a hard struggle to obtain an increase in their wages, complain that their pay has been reduced even below the old standard, and they are making efforts to effect a reorganization of their trades-unions. The wages of these men are much lower than is paid other trades.

CITY AND SUBURBAN NEWS.

NEW-YORK.

Isaac Goldbrusch's bathing establishment, No. 46 Division street, was damaged $100 by fire yesterday.

Prof. R. Ogden Doremus has consented to make an analytical examination of the remains of Nathaniel C. Bishop free of charge.

The Womens' Temperance Union of New-York will hold a mass-meeting in the parlors of the Young Mens' Christian Association at 3 P. M. to-morrow.

President Watson, of the Erie Railway Company, arrived last night from Europe on the Abyssinia. A special tug-boat brought him from Quarantine to the City.

The Cunard steam-ship Abyssinia, which left Liverpool on March 28, and Queenstown on March 29, reached this port last evening with mail news later by two days.

Isaac Duffy, of No. 112 Lewis street, was run over by a truck at the corner of Lewis and Rivington streets, yesterday, and seriously injured. Taken to Bellevue Hospital.

Theresa Bremer was struck on the head last night by her husband, Andrew, at their residence, No. 70 East Twelfth street, and severely wounded. She was taken to Bellevue Hospital.

The grand fair which was opened on the 7th inst., by the ladies of St. Ann's Roman Catholic Church, in Ferreo's Assembly Rooms, to assist in paying the debt upon the church, will continue until the 23d inst.

A series of exercises were given yesterday evening by the children of the Morning Star Union Mission No. 169 West Twenty-sixth street, in the presence of a large number of visitors. Rev. G. H. Ball and Rev. D. H. Miller delivered short addresses to the children.

William Ford, residing in Eighty-ninth street near Madison avenue, was committed in default of $1,500 bail by Justice Kilbreth at the Jefferson Market Police Court yesterday, charged with perjury, on complaint of Adison Alger, of No. 24 Cheever place, Brooklyn, who states that Ford committed perjury in testifying in a case before a Referee between Alger and one Vanderpoel, of No. 607 Fifth avenue.

BROOKLYN.

On Saturday afternoon William Moran, a little boy, fell from the second story window of his residence, No. 497 President street. His injuries are supposed to be fatal.

Yesterday afternoon a fire broke out in the Homeopathic Hospital, in Carlton avenue. It was promptly extinguished by the occupants before any appreciable damage was done.

To-morrow evening a literary and musical entertainment will be given at Styles' Buildings, corner of Bedford avenue and Fulton street, by the Acanthus Division, No. 7, Sons of Temperance. The programme includes a lecture by F. J. Gedney.

On Saturday evening, Catharine Dailey, a girl of twenty-one, who resides in Hudson avenue, near Myrtle, attempted to commit suicide by taking a quantity of laudanum, which she procured at Wm. Knight's drug store. She was taken to the City Hospital.

A military reception and promenade concert in aid of local charities will be given by a battalion of the Forty-seventh Regiment, N. G. S. N. Y., to a battalion of the Seventy-ninth Regiment of Highlanders, N. G. S. N. Y., in full Scottish costume, at the armory, on Thursday evening.

Harry Adams, who resides in Columbia street, was thrown from a light wagon, at 6 P. M. yesterday, on the corner of Fourth avenue and Seventeenth street. When taken up by the Police he was insensible, but eventually recovered consciousness, and was held on a charge of intoxication. At 8 o'clock application was made at the Third Precinct by Mr. Daniel Boyha for a lost horse and wagon, giving a description of Adams as the thief. This was telegraphed to the Head-quarters, and Mr. Boyha was in return informed of the arrest.

LONG ISLAND.

Two seals were seen in Long Island Sound, near Captain's Island, yesterday afternoon, the first since 1859.

The Presbytery of Long Island will meet at East Hampton to-morrow at 7 o'clock P. M. The session will be opened with a sermon by the Moderator, Rev. Andrew Shiland.

The North Classis of the Reformed Church on Long Island will meet in Astoria, on Tuesday, the 21st inst. The South Classis will meet in the Middle Reformed Church, of Brooklyn, to-morrow.

The Board of Auditors of the town of Jamaica met on Saturday afternoon, and appointed Henry S. Lott, of Woodhaven, Justice of the Peace in place of John H. Brinkerhoff, elected Supervisor at the recent town election.

On complaint of certain Connecticut fishermen, the Secretary of the Treasury has appointed Mr. W. Z. King to inquire into alleged annoyances practiced toward them by the East Hampton authorities in the waters of the Sound.

The Queens County Circuit Court and Court of Oyer and Terminer, Judge Barnard presiding, will convene at North Hempstead to-day. The civil calendar numbers some 125 cases. The trial of Gilligan, for the murder of Philip Reid Howard, is set down for Wednesday.

A meeting was held in Huntington last week, and another is to be held in Wheatley, Queens County, to-day, to confer regarding a project for the construction of a new railroad to connect Huntington with the City of New-York. Edward Carll, Henry G. Scudder, and Charles S. Street, of Huntington, have been appointed a committee to consult with others as to the route and other preliminaries.

STATEN ISLAND.

The Young Men's Christian Association of the North Shore, will give a reception at their rooms at Factoryville this evening.

The village Assessors of Port Richmond have completed their assessment rolls, and will sit at the village hotel on the 20th inst., to hear any complaints which may be made by the tax-payers.

A telegraph office will soon be opened by the Western Union Telegraph Company at the Clifton landing, which will be used exclusively for communicating shipping news to the Associated Press.

At the annual meeting of the Richmond County Board of Health, held at Richmond on Saturday, the following officers were unanimously reelected for the ensuing year: Dr. Wm. Anderson, President; Dr. David Edgar, Vice President; Dr. O. Dea, Clerk.

NEW-JERSEY.

Charles Evans, who had given bail in New-York to answer a charge of obtaining goods under false pretences, sought to avoid the responsibility by escaping to New-Jersey. He was arrested in Jersey City yesterday by Detective Howard. His bondsman surrendered him, and he was delivered to the New-York authorities.

County Physician Buck says that his investigations satisfy him that the two mutilated bodies taken in one box to Snake Hill the other day for burial, had been dissected. He knows that Drs. McGill and Watson, who gave the certificate for burial, have dissecting rooms in the stables of Undertaker Rowland, who removed the bodies to Snake Hill.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Rev. George W. Woodruff, D. D., will deliver his lecture, entitled, "Bright Days Abroad," this evening, in New-Rochelle.

ARRIVAL OF THE UNITED STATES SLOOP-OF-WAR SHENANDOAH.

The United States steam sloop-of-war Shenandoah, Capt. Thomas Scott Fillebrown commanding, arrived in this port Saturday morning, after a cruise of three years and eight months. The vessel ranks as a second-rate, carries eleven ten-inch guns, one heavy gun *en pivot*, and a crew of 236 officers and men. She is a perfect model of naval architecture and a splendid specimen of an American second-rate frigate. She went into commission in August, 1869, at Boston, and sailed from that port Sept. 4, 1870, under command of Capt. C. H. Wells. Proceeding on her intended cruise, she arrived in Lisbon, Portugal, on the 12th of October following. After being for a time stationed on the Spanish coast, protecting American interests in that country during the troubles in Spain, and having visited all the principal ports on the European sea-board of the Atlantic and Mediterranean, her boilers were discovered to have suffered to such an extent as to necessitate her return home. Accordingly, on the 12th December last, she commenced her voyage westward, and touched at St. Thomas and Key West, at which latter port Capt. Wells left and Capt. Fillebrown took command. The Shenandoah left Key West April 4, and made the trip to this port in about seven days. There is but one of the officers who left Boston in the ship now attached to her, the old crew was from time to time sent home, and the present hands are of all nationalities. The following are the officers of the Shenandoah: Thos. Scott Fillebrown, Captain; Geo. R. Martin, Paymaster; David Smith, Chief Engineer; Charles McGregor, Lieutenant Commander, (executive officer;) G. D. B. Glidden, Lieutenant Commander, (navigating officer;) C. J. Habighorst, Passed Assistant Engineer; Wallace Graham, O. W. Farenholt, and E. T. Strong, Lieutenants; T. C. Heyl, Assistant Surgeon; D. H. Mahan and J. H. C. Coffin, Masters; Benjamin R. Russell, Second Lieutenant Marines; A. A. Crandall, J. C. Freeman, J. C. Cresap, C. B. T. Moore, and A. J. Dabney, Midshipmen; R. A. Williams, Carpenter; Andrew Milne, Boatswain; George P. Cushman, Gunner; Chas. C. Freeman, Jr., Acting Sail-maker; J. H. Wetmore, Paymaster's Clerk; Julian Howard, Captain's Clerk.

A NEW "RELIGION."

CURIOSITIES OF "SCIENTIFIC" PREACHING.

The first Metropolitan congregation of "The New Catholic Church" had their morning services yesterday, at 10:30 o'clock, at De Garmo Hall, corner of Fourteenth street and Fifth avenue. The disciples of the new creed do not appear to be very enthusiastic, for when the services commenced there were only about thirty persons present, although that number subsequently increased to about sixty. "The New Catholic Church" appears to be much given to "ologies" and "isms," but religion pure and simple doesn't seem to sway it to any embarrassing extent. Mr. Stephen Pearl Andrews is seemingly its chief prophet and apostle, and yesterday he discoursed to his followers concerning "universology," "integralism," and other things difficult of understanding. First of all he hung up four large maps covered with the most embarrassing kind of "ologies," but they did not apear to have any bearing on his discourse, as he never once referred to them. There were such simple words on these maps as "abio-scoptology," which is another word for "promorphology;" "abio-platmorphology," which means neither more nor less than geography; "bio-developmentology," which is a synonym for evolution, and about a couple of score besides. Mr. Andrews talked about man and the lower animals, and in illustrating the reasoning faculty of man, afforded the valuable information that no other animal had ever written a treatise on logic, or was capable of reflecting on the process of its own thoughts. Then he found analogues in the social fabric for conditions as they existed in the individual, and committed himself to what he said was a heresy by observing that, as between man and woman, man was the spiritual and woman the material being. A lady in the audience (there were only about a dozen of the female sex present) was evidently a believer as to the heresy, for she indicated her disapproval of the proposition by vigorous shakings of her head of an emphatically dissentient kind. At the end of the discourse, which was called "A Scientific Sermon," a collection was taken to defray the expenses of the room. There were further exercises in the afternoon and evening.

ICELAND.

THE MILLENNIAL ANNIVERSARY OF ITS COLONIZATION—A GIFT FROM AMERICA.

The King of Denmark has recently granted to his Icelandic subjects a constitutions which places the control of the island in the hands of a legislature chosen chiefly by the people. The new fundamental law goes into force the 1st of August. The following day has been selected for the general celebration of the millennial anniversary of Iceland's colonization, which was begun by some Norwegian families just a thousand Summers ago. These two incidents will naturally make the August jubilee one of peculiar interest. In connection with these festivities, and as a token of American sympathy with these remote islanders, who have always been distinguished both for love of liberty and love of letters, several gentlemen, including Mr. H. W. Longfellow, and Mr. G. W. Curtis propose to present to the principal public library of Iceland a small collection of American books. This library, known as the "Stiptisbókasafn," contains some 10,000 volumes and is situated at Reykjavik, the capital and seat of the Icelandic college. The matter in this City is in charge of the American Geographical Society in the Cooper Union, with which authors, publishers and others who desire to participate in the project, can communicate.

DECISION OF THE NEW-JERSEY COURT OF ERRORS REGARDING ASSESSMENTS.

The Court of Errors and Appeals of New-Jersey rendered a decision some days ago affecting important and large interests in several parts of the State, and one which is regarded by lawyers as one of the most important rendered for several years past. Its probable effect will be to set aside many of the assessments at present lying against property in the State. The Legislature in 1868 passed an act authorizing the Newark Common Council to charge two-thirds of the cost of repaving streets upon a majority of the owners of the frontage on such street when they should apply to have the paving done. Not many months afterward twenty four of the forty-nine owners of property on Broad street, between the canal and Market street, signed a petition asking the Council to pave that section of Broad street with Nicolson pavement. Many of these signatures were procured by Councilman Lord upon the representation that about two-thirds of the cost of the contemplated improvement—amounting in all to $37,500—would be borne by a horse railroad company running their cars through the street. When the assessments, which were levied under the law of 1868, were made, the property-owners discovered that they were obliged to pay a very much larger sum than they had expected to pay. They joined hands with those of the property-owners who had protested against the laying of a wooden pavement, to resist the payment of the assessments. The matter was argued in 1870 before Judges Depue, Van Syckel and Woodhull, who rendered a decision in favor of the City. The property-owners appealed the case to the Court of Errors, and that court reversed the decision of the lower court and gave judgment for the property-holders. The court in its decision held that the Legislature had no constitutional power, arbitrarily, to assess benefits for improvements, as they assumed to do in the act of 1868, by imposing on the property owners two-thirds of the costs of a repaving; that the Legislature cannot impose upon the owners of property adjacent to a public improvement more of the cost of such improvement than is the measure of the benefit such property derives therefrom, and that all the costs and expenses in excess of such benefits must be borne by the public at large.

The immediate effect of this decision is to vacate the assessment for the Broad street pavement, and in similar cases to vacate assessments levied in other parts of the State.

THE WILLIAMSBURG CHURCH CASE.

Nothing of importance has transpired in the Grand Street Church case since the appeal of Mr. Kendrick from the verdict against him to the New-York Conference, (which meets next October,) published in THE TIMES on Saturday. In accordance with the resolution of the Board of Trustees no regular services were held yesterday, an arrangement to which Mr. Kendrick cheerfully acquiesced. Sunday-school, at which the Pastor was present and participated, was held at the regular hour, 2 o'clock in the afternoon. Mr. Kendrick informed a TIMES reporter that his case in coming before the conference would be passed upon by Rev. J. J. Smith, of the Investigating Committee at the late trial. In case the latter refused to entertain his appeal, he had the further right of bringing the whole matter before the conference itself. It is understood that the popular feeling in the immediate neighborhood sides strongly with Mr. Kendrick. It will be remembered that he is Chaplain of the Forty-seventh Regiment, National Guard, and it is said the members of the regiment generally side with him, and, with others, denounce the verdict of the Trial Committee as unjust, and utterly irreconcilable with the evidence. The action of the committee in going off to Carnasie with the verdict, and endeavoring to withhold it after it had been decided upon, is commented on with especial severity. A meeting of the church will be held during the week to determine whether to adopt or reject the decision arrived at.

FIRE DEPARTMENT STATISTICS.

The Fire Department report 106 fires for the month of March, involving a loss of $62,400, on which there was an insurance of $1,100,375. The loss on buildings was $20,600, insured for $313,000. The loss on stock was $41,800, on which there was an insurance for $787,375. The amount of uninsured loss was $8,200. There were sixty-six fires in which the loss was less than $100; twenty-nine fires in which the loss was between $100 and $1,000; six fires in which the loss was between $1,000 and $5,000; four fires in which the loss was over $5,000; and only one fire in which the loss was over $10,000. Compared with the corresponding month in the year previous, there was a decrease of twenty-three fires. The total loss by fires during the month of March, 1873, was $381,295, thus showing a decrease, during the past month, of $318,895. This gives thirty-one per cent. of a decrease in the number of fires during the month of March in the present year, as compared with the same month in 1873, while the average loss per fire in that year was $2,743, against $588 in the present year. The total number of fires for the month ending March 31, 1873, was 319, involving a loss of $530,091, on which there was an insurance of $3,670,549. There were 22.57 per cent. more fires during the first quarter of 1874, and 138.27 per cent. greater loss than in the present year.

BURGLARY IN NEW-JERSEY.

Within the last two or three days the residence of Edward Tunis, No. 165 Fourth street, Jersey City, has been entered by burglars and robbed of goods valued at $100. The residence of Wm. Annes, No. 167 Henderson street, was also entered and robbed of a quantity of valuable goods. The matter was put into the hands of the Police, and Capt. Van Riper, of the Second Precinct, discovered all the goods in the house of Patrick Lee. Officer Kerigan arrested Lee at midnight of Saturday, and he was yesterday committed for trial.

THE SCHOOL-SHIP MERCURY.

The school-ship Mercury, the reformatory vessel under charge of the Commissioners of Charities and Correction, returned yesterday from her Spring cruise in the West Indies, after an absence of five months. The ship is commanded by Capt. Giraud, and has on board 217 boys from the institutions. She has touched at Barbadoes, Martinique, and St. Thomas during her absence, leaving the latter port on April 2. While there she was visited by Rear Admiral Wellesley, commanding the British West India squadron, and the officers of the iron-clad flag-ship Bellerophon. She remains in the Lower Bay for a day or two. All her officers and crew are well, and there have been no deaths nor casualties during her voyage.

PLANNING FOR PENDLETON.

GUESSES AS TO THE POSSIBLE RESULT OF HIS LATE RECEPTION.

A Columbus correspondent of the Cincinnati *Times* has been anxious to find out what was meant by Hon. George H. Pendleton's reception to the members of the Ohio Legislature and State Constitutional Convention. He writes about the matter thus: "It is now stated that there is a deep and dark and deadly scheme on foot, and the first move in the game has been made. This is the 'owre-true tale' that is told: The scheme is laid to lay out Thurman both as Senator and as a possible Presidential candidate, and to erect Geo. H. Pendleton upon the ruins. This is to be done through the Constitutional Convention. A distinguished gentleman declared yesterday that the scheme was perfected, and would shortly be presented. The Constitutional Convention is to provide for the termination of the present General Assembly and the election of a new Legislature under the new Constitution. The law provides that the United States Senator must be elected by the last General Assembly before the beginning of his Congressional term. Such an action as is on the slate for the Constitutional Convention would of course vacate the election of Mr. Thurman to the United States Senate, and necessitate a new election. Of course the man who would be elected is Geo. H. Pendleton, and that is the small game. Then it is Pendleton Senator and Pendleton President in 1876. To this scheme those who are inside the ring are pledged, and that little party at Mr. Pendleton's is the first move in the long game that is to seat him in the Presidential chair. Hardly a Democrat can be found in this House to-day who would vote for Thurman again were it necessary to hold a new election. But Thurman is elected, and to obtain a new election this body must have its political life terminated, so that all things may be done lawfully and in order. With the present feeling among the members they could all be safely returned to their seats under the new Constitution. This would give them all three years of legislative glory instead of two, enable them to elect Pendleton, and so we would all be happy yet. Geo. L. Converse is on the high road to Congress, in place of Mr. Jewett, and is hand and glove in this movement. He was present at the reunion. John G. Thompson wants to go to Congress, too, and so is not in this scheme. He was not present. Gov. Allen wants to be President, and the success of this scheme to oust the whole General Assembly would be the death knell of his hopes. He did not attend the reception. Just now the promoters of this plan and the friends of Mr. Pendleton have reason to feel hopeful. The feeling against Thurman, which has been carefully cultivated and intensified by every means in the Assembly, Mr. Thurman's course upon the currency question, and the trenchant attacks the *Enquirer* has made upon him, and the results of the last elections throughout the State, all make the situation such as to encourage the friends of Mr. Pendleton. Of course every nerve will be strained in his behalf, from Cincinnati to New-York, in which latter place are stationed Wash. McLean and Col. Woolley to work for him."

PRINT CLOTH MARKET.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., April 12.—The Printing Cloth market continues dull, with sales of 13,000 pieces extra 64x64s at 5¾c., at which price the market closed firm.

[Advertisement.]
HUMAN HAIR GOODS.

Extraordinary reduction in hair goods. Solid Hair Switches from 75 cents to $3; Natural Curls from 50 cents upward; Gray Hair no extra charge; Combings made up, 35 cents per ounce. JOSEPH'S Hair Emporium, No. 377 8th av., near 29th st.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

In steam-ship Abyssinia, from Liverpool.—Mr. and Mrs. S. Farrar and child, Thomas Bingham, Hon. John Robertson, Miss Robertson, Mr. and Mrs. Jno. Crawford, two children, and maid, Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Iffanger, Mr. and Mrs. Pademacher, E. P. Dana, F. M. Sample, Mr. Lowther, Thos. S. Galland, Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Campbell, Mr. and Mrs. T. Henning, Emilis Monti, Capt. Michael Schurich, Mr. and Mrs. Strauss and child, Mrs. David Lane, Mrs. Holt, Mr. and Mrs. Mawe, Mr. Stibbins, Chas. Barclay, Wm. Power, Jno. Service, Miss Black, Vander Leemu, Mrs. Spelman, Miss Spelman, Mr. Spelman, Jr., Master Spelman, Ettore Simonetti, S. D. Lander, G. H. Partridge, H. M. Phillip, J. Bruce, Mrs. Bruce, Miss Bruce, J. H. Redman, Mr. and Mrs. Theo. Swartz, Adrian Neilson, Chas. Robinson, Mr. Austin, Mr. and Mrs. Baby, Mr. Benson, Edward Cooper, Miss Cooper, Saml. Bradley and daughter, H. Francklyn, F. P. Bickley, Mr. Heyerdahl, Angelo Baggiano, Peter H. Watson.

NEWS PACKAGES FOR THE PRESS.

Captains and Pursers of vessels arriving at this port are requested to deliver packages addressed to the New-York Associated Press, only to parties exhibiting the written authority of J. W. Simonton, General Agent.

News packages for the Journal of Commerce, TIMES, Tribune, World, Sun, Express, Evening Post, Commercial Advertiser, Staats Zeitung, Sunday Mercury, and Merchants' Exchange and News Room Association, should also be delivered only to the same parties.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises.....5:25 | Sun sets......6:37 | Moon rises..4:05

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook..5:18 | Gov. Island...6:07 | Hell Gate...7:29

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK.......SUNDAY, April 12.

ARRIVED.

Steam-ship Minister, Roon, (new, Ger.,) Erdmann, Bremen March 25, via Southampton 28th, with mdse. and 154 passengers to Oelrichs & Co. Experienced during the whole passage strong head winds and gales from W., N. W. and S. W., very rough seas and thick fogs. The ship had to work the whole passage against a tremendous head sea, and work very hard, but behaved very good. The last day the wind changed to the northward, with frost; ice on deck.

Steam-ship Carondelet, McCrevy, New-Orleans April 5, with mdse. and passengers to C. H. Mallory & Co. On the outward passage, March 29, Cape Carnaveral, bearing N. W. ½ N. 18 miles, passed a vessel bottom up in a dangerous position for steamers bound S.; had appearance of a vessel of 150 tons.

Arr. steam-ship Abyssinian, (Br.,) Hains, Liverpool March 28, via Queenstown 29th, with mdse. and 67 cabin and 310 steerage passengers to Charles G. Francklyn. April 4, lat. 48 38, lon. 32 20, passed steam-ship Nederland, bound W.

Steam-ship John Gibson, Winters, Georgetown, D. C., with mdse. and passengers to J. C. Kenyon & Co.

Steam-ship [illegible], [illegible] and the Bar 5th, with mdse. and passengers to [illegible] Baker.

Ship White Adder, (of London,) Harris, Shanghai [illegible] 8, with tea, &c., to Peabody, Willis & Co. March [illegible] lat., &c., spoke a Danish brig showing letters [illegible] from Rio Janeiro, for New-York 80 ds. out.

United States school-ship Mercury, Giraud, St. Thomas April 2, from off a five months' cruise. Is anchored in Gravesend Bay.

Bark Johann Kepler, (Ger.,) Spille, Hamburg 56 ds., with mdse. to H. Koop & Co. No date, lat. 50, lon. [illegible], spoke bark Germania, (Ger.,) from Bremen, for Philadelphia.

Brig Gipsey Chief, (of Plymouth, Eng.,) Taw, Kartacola, Greece, and Gibraltar, 45 ds., with fruit to order—vessel to G. F. Bulley.

Brig Ueland, (Norw.,) Svendsen, Antwerp 66 ds., with empty barrels to Funch, Edye & Co.

Schr. Morning Dew, (of St. John, N. B.,) Stockton, Havana 11 ds., with sugar to order.

Schr. Susan Scranton, Burwell, Virginia, for New Haven.

Schr. S. W. Kay, (of Absecum, N. J.,) Doughty, Cienfuegos 18 ds., with sugar to J. & G. Fowler.

Schr. Anthony Kilkey, Greenwood, Virginia.

Schr. C. W. Alcott, French, Virginia.

Schr. L. A. Edwards, Miller, Charleston 8 ds., with railway ties to J. Lasher.

Schr. Nellie C. Paine, (of Boston,) Pierce, Guantanamo 15 ds., with sugar to Brooks & Co.

Schr. Carrie S. Hunt, (of Providence,) Davis, Mantanzas 9 ds., with sugar to Simon De Visser.

Schr. Wm. Tood, (of Calais,) Wood, Cardenas 8 ds., with sugar to order.

Schr. Baltimore, Frances, Norwalk.

Schr. Tille E., Heath, Dighton.

Schr. Wm. Farren, Linsley, Virginia.

Schr. David H. Tolck, Sawyer, Sagua 6 ds., with sugar to Tucker & Lightbourn.

WIND—Sunset, heavy, N. W.; clear.

BY TELEGRAPH.

BOSTON, April 12.—Arr. brig Sussex, from Messina. Below—Brigs Martha, from Aguadilla; Nellie Mitchell, from San Domingo City; Erie, from Pensacola; schr. Albert H. Waite, from Cardenas.

CHARLESTON, S. C., April 12.—Arr. steamer Georgia, from New-York; bark Hellas, from Rotterdam; schrs. D. V. Streaker, from Baltimore; schr. Lucy D., from Weymouth; schr. Charley Buckie, from Belfast.

Sld. bark Jardine Bros., for Liverpool.

HAVANA, April 11.—The United States steam-ship Colorado has arr. here.

SAVANNAH, Ga., April 12.—Arr. steam-tug A. M. Woods, from New-York, (for repairs to her boiler;) barks Entine, (?) and David Babcock, from Belfast; schr. George Washington, from Barracoa; steam-ship Huntsville, from New-York.

LATEST SHIPPING NEWS BY CABLE.

PLYMOUTH, April 12.—The Hamburg-American Company's steam-ship Westphalia, Capt. Stahl, from New-York April 2, for Bremen, arr. at this port to-day and proceeded.

TIFFANY & CO.,
UNION SQUARE, NEW-YORK.
DIAMOND MERCHANTS,
AND IMPORTERS OF
Diamonds, Pearls, Rubies, Emeralds,
Sapphires, Gems, and Rare Stones,
ALSO, CAREFULLY-SELECTED
SOUTH AFRICAN DIAMONDS,
TO WHICH THE ATTENTION OF CLOSE BUYERS IS PARTICULARLY INVITED.
HAVING THEIR DESIGNERS AND WORKSHOPS ON THE PREMISES, AND THE ACKNOWLEDGED BEST STAFF OF DIAMOND JEWELERS IN THE COUNTRY, THEY OFFER UNEQUALED INDUCEMENTS FOR THE MANUFACTURE OF GEM JEWELRY AND RESETTING OF STONES.

Coffee Percolators,
Porcelain-lined
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GRAND, SQUARE & UPRIGHT PIANOS,
NEW-YORK HOUSE, NO. 112 5TH AV.
WM. KNABE & CO., Baltimore and New-York.

AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.—FROM AUCTION, the bankrupt stock of a large wholesale house, and will be sold at greatly reduced prices.
FRENCH PAPER-HANGINGS, WINDOW-SHADES,
English carpetings, oil-cloths, mattings, &c.; 50,000 rolls fine gold paper, 50 cents per roll; fine paper, 12 cents per roll; fine good window-shades, $2 per pair, usually sold at $4 50; 50,000 yards thick oil-cloth, 50 cents per yard; also, a large lot of English carpeting, &c., at low prices. J. W. COATES, No. 277 Hudson st., opposite Dominick.

LORD & TAYLOR,
BROADWAY AND 20TH ST.,
INVITE ATTENTION TO THEIR ASSORTMENT
OF
LARGE
Cheney Brothers' Silks,
IN ALL THE NEW SPRING COLORS.

CHENEY BROTHERS'
AMERICAN SILKS,
NEW SPRING COLORS.

The attention of discriminating purchasers is specially called to these fine silks, which are warranted to satisfy the most exacting demand for variety, beauty, finish, and durability, and are specially noted for the fact that they will not crack or change color under the hardest usage, and as the best silks for the price in the market.

"For a rich, but plain Spring costume, there is no material more desirable than the American silks made by Cheney Brothers. The colors are soft and pleasing; the fabric is solid, and lasts well, hanging in firm but soft folds, which will show to special advantage in a plain dress; and the effect in costume, though not showy, is modest, refined, and pleasing in a high degree. The new, or rather old, shades of grays—drabs and browns—are particularly suited to this style of Quakerish simplicity, and are to be found in every tint in the goods of this noted manufacture. Black silks, always in demand in every fashion, are also a specialty of these makers, and are reliable beyond any other silks of the same moderate price."—*Scribner's Monthly.*

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